



Faculty of Engineering

Department of Textile Engineering

REPORT ON

“Identification of frequently found quality defects of woven and knit garment production”

Course Title: Project (Thesis)

Course Code: TE 4214

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This Report Presented in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Textile Engineering.

Advance in Apparel Manufacturing Technology



Faculty of Engineering Department of Textile Engineering

Approval Sheet

This research entitled “**Identification of frequently found quality defects of woven and knit garment production**’ Daffodil International University, August, 2018 prepared and submitted by **Md. Mahfujur Rahman Sagar (ID: 111-23-2537) & Sonjoy Kumar Pk (ID: 143-23-3988)** in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN TEXTILE ENGINEERING has been examined and hereby recommended for approval and acceptance.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Md. Abdullah Al Mamun'.

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Declaration

We vouch that this report is absolutely our very own work, aside from where we have given completely recorded references to crafted by others and that the materials included in this report have not recently been submitted for evaluation in any formal course of study. In the event that we do anything, which is going to encroachment the primary statement, the analyst/administrator has the most extreme ideal to drop my report anytime of time.

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Dedication

Dedicated to the Teachers of our university and also our parents who sacrifice their whole life to make our future bright. Specially this thesis work is dedicated to our supervisor teacher Mr. Md Abdullah Al-Mamun. Asst. Professor & Associate head of textile department of Daffodil International University.

Acknowledgements

Research is not a very easy task. Different types of assistance and guidance are required to fulfill this task properly. This project entitled as ‘ ‘ **Identification of frequently found quality defects of woven and knit garment production** ‘ ‘ been completed by our own hands. This report is a series of inspiration, guidance and co-operation that we received from various persons during the work time. The whole project paper making time, teaches us a lot of new path which will be very fruitful for future life.

At the beginning, we want to express our heartiest gratitude to almighty. We are so grateful to our project supervisor **Abdullah Al Mamun sir**, Assistant Professor & Associate head, Department of textile engineering. We’re grateful to him for being patience despite all of our mistakes.

We enhance our earnest thanks to all course teachers department of textile engineering , Daffodil International University for their valuable suggestions and important lecture in class at all stages of this research. We would like to thank library officials of central library of Daffodil

International University for their support and co-operation at the time of literature review and study. Without which it was unattainable to conduct the research. Special thanks goes to **Niloy Parvez, IE manager, Aman Graphics & Design Ltd ;** and Also Thanks to **Mr. Arup Kumar Sarker, Impress-Newtex Composite Textiles Ltd.** All who helped us giving their advice and valuable times for complete this work. We like to give them our heartiest thanks.

Abstract

Aman Graphics and Design Ltd and Impress Newtex Composite Textile Ltd clothes personalised restricted forayed throughout the textile trade. ab initio recognized to cope with the accelerated demands of the export advertise, today, folks are witness energetic presence with the footwear road of Bangladesh. the educational was drained Aman Graphics and style Ltd and Impress Newtex Composite Textile Ltd clothes by mistreatment of giant quantity regular stitching machines, ironing manufacturers. each info and cutting appliance is enforced in it. The agency is manufacturing lots clothes every and each day. Defect prevalence is concerning the most perils moon-faced by simply them however it's going to discover by the 2 machine furthermore as operator mistake. during this case, distinctive this often occurring defects whereas within the garment is important in an endeavor to attenuate most of the prevalence. the educational has conjointly been found variety of knit and woven materials fault severally. Defective items and thus the categories involving defects will be uncovered by the project. Analyses are designed with the small print and faults share is unquestionably found. The initial facilitate by this analysis is sometimes a scientific study from the assembly department to spot the failings. The generated information had been classified. straightforward tables had been ready along with generously aware of show the actual classified information to form straightforward together with higher savvy of the analyze. the commonly occurring defects and thus the defects that are tributary additional with the whole magnitude relation of disorders are recognized by categorization quest and researching. The nearly all occurring defects whereas within the clothes tend to be found to become skipped sew, lubricate spot and even loop slanted as an example. the key factors that cause prevalence of defects will be improper tension with the disk, repetitive entry to machines, improper handling for the garment additionally to needle carelessness. .It is sure instructed the very fact that the corporate will target these defects chiefly furthermore as technically variety of suggestions are shown to decrease the faults. This possibly means designed for raising the condition of productivity and conjointly save time.

Table of Content

SL	Description	Page No
Chapter-1	Introduction	
	1.1 Background of the study	2
	1.2 Objectives of this thesis:	3
	1.3 Scope of thesis	3
	1.4 Research Design	3
Chapter -02	Literature Review	
	2.1 Quality	5
	2.2 Quality Control	7
	2.3.1 Quality control in fabric section	13
	2.3.2 Quality parameters of woven, knitted and non-woven Fabrics:	14
	2.3.3 Quality parameters of woven fabrics:	14
	2.3.4 Quality parameters of knitted fabrics	15
	2.3.5 Quality parameters of non-woven fabrics	16
	2.3.6 Fabric Quality Inspection	16
	2.3.7 Fabric Quality Inspection Method	16
	2.3.8 4- Point inspection system	17
	2.3.9 Procedure	17
	2.3.10 Calculation	18
	2.4. Sewing section	18
	2.4.1 Quality control flow chart at sewing section	18
	2.4.2 All the above processes have discussed in the below table:	19
	2.4.3 Sewing Department	20
	2.4.4 Process inspection in sewing line quality inspection	20
	2.5 Quality control in finishing	21
	2.5.1 Machine and equipment used in finishing section	21
	2.5.2 Process Flow Chart of Garment Finishing	22
	2.5.3 Quality control policy for garment finishing section	23
	2.5.4 Steps of Garments Finishing	24

Chapter -3	Methodoloy	27
	3.1 Location of the study:	27
	3.2 Sample size and Sampling technique	27
	3.3 Criteria of sample selection	27
	3.4 Data Collection	27
	3.5 Defects per hundred unites calculation	28
	3.6 Data collection period	28
	3.7 Limitations of the thesis	28
	3.8 Data Analysis	29
	3.2.1 knitting data from sewing section	29-40
	3.2.2 Woven data from sewing section	41-47
	3.2.3 knitting data from finishing section	48-62
	3.2.4 Woven data from finishing section	63-69
Chapter: 4	Results & Discussion	
	4.1 Results:	71
	4.1.2 In finishing section	73
	4.2.1 Comparison graph of Sewing Faults between Two Industries`	75
	4.2.2 Comparison graph of Sewing Finishing between Two Industries	76
	4.3 Discussion	77
Chapter-5	Conclusion	
	5.1 Findings	79
	5.2 Reference	80
	Appendix	81
		82-107

Chapter -01

Introduction

Background of the study:

- Material assumes a delegated job all through the market of Bangladesh. By basically that, it is the way of life for the Bangladeshi monetary condition. Be that as it may, this methodology put neglects to get the accompanying spot rapidly. The material business with respect to our way of life is so old. From the expanding request toward the eastern development from the generation in cutting edge silk, cotton yarn, dependable couture strands seek and moreover development are composed.
- The greatest assembling schedules of cloth and clothing segment Bangladesh. It gives guide occupations to 5,000,000 people. Textile and furthermore attire foundations supplies a solitary technique to achieving financial development inside the quickly obtaining economy associated with our nation. Fare with respect to materials in addition to articles of clothing is clearly the principle strategy to get remote money income. This area is simply not developed inside a brief timeframe.
- Article of clothing High quality Control requires looking at a stock, administration, or process in the base nature of a base garments quality. In the event that a trouble is discovered, it may be incidentally to surrender creation of the quality ensure group or perhaps proficient. Depending identifying with explicit items, as splendidly as the sort of issue, creation or notwithstanding forming in regards to recognized strings undoubtedly isn't totally not open.
- In the genuine attire industry quality control is polished ideal from the first stage in sourcing introductory waste brief of staying completed thing of article of clothing. For material and attire industry supplement quality is no ifs ands or buts estimated while considering quality notwithstanding standard associated with filaments, yarns, materials development, surface structures also, the last done article of clothing items and arrangements. Dimension of value desires with the end goal of fare are regarding and in addition the client sections and furthermore the retail put.

Objectives of this thesis:

- To know the super quality control.
- To target the individual reason of dresses fails.
- To know the take care of quality in the garments.
- To have a very good statistics flow of sample disappointed.
- To identify and summaries knit and woven garment faults amounts.

Scope of this thesis:

- Study, measure and help individual efficiency.
- Establish a more suitable system in order to rectify the particular sample disasters.
- Find and take necessary action for specific defects.

Research Design:

Research design part is called the blue print of the research. It shows the way of how the research work is done. The research design varies with qualitative, quantitative and mixed methodology all the time.

However, it is the planning of the research. Research design includes the time management, planning, action etc. An overall research of our research design is given below:

Title: time frame of the study

Activities	Date
Selection of topic	6 th June of 2018
Literature review	7 th to 14 th June of 2018
Development of questionnaire s/ checklist	25 th June of 2018
Data collection coding and analysis	25 th June to 7 July of 2018

Chapter -02

Literature Review

Quality:

Each and every product features some special characteristics for which it is in demand by consumers. History of quality is as old as human civilization itself. Aristotle 2500 years ago defines quality as following:

1. Quality is the difference between products.
2. It is the goodness or badness in products.

This definition holds true till this date. However, in general terms quality encompasses important characteristics of a product for which it is in demand. According to Philip Corsby, quality is “Conformance to requirements.”

2.1 Quality:

Each and each product options some special characteristics that it's in demand by customers. History of quality is as recent as human civilization itself. philosopher 2500 years agone defines quality as following:

1. Quality is that the distinction between merchandise.
2. it's the goodness or badness in merchandise.

This definition holds true until this date. However, normally terms quality encompasses necessary characteristics of a product that it's in demand. per Prince Philip Corsby, quality is “Conformance to needs.”

Quality objectives:

- Finding customer’s demands and expectations, and meeting their demands to the best.
- Knowing and fullfill the applicable regulative demands.
- incessantly growing market shares.
- rising production and reducing prices.
- Providing needed assets as well as data to not tell coaching to employees.
- Adding worker in the least levels.
- Meeting high standards of safety, health and atmosphere.

Quality Types:

1. Product control:

The management that is employed to decrease defective things at intervals completely different plenty of created sensible is thought as product management. it's used when production method.

2. method control:

Controlling of method sequence or steps to provide desired quality product is named method management. There are 2 kinds of method management that is given below

a. on-line quality control:

This categories of internal control is performed in method position . while not move the assembly method, throughout the assembly time period schedule, the machine mechanically tests the model and takes prompt step to correct the variation. this sort from internal control is performed in method position i. e. no end the assembly method, throughout sometimes the assembly time period frame, the machine mechanically tests the model and takes prompt step to correct the variation.

b. Offline quality control:

This individual internal control consists of laboratory tests that are sometimes done by ceasing the assembly course of action. Here requir steps are taken to check result.

Example: clothes final check from ton Shade matching coloring time.

customer Quality Types:

In terms of quality level consumers, vesture is classed in three classes likes, the primary quality – A grade
Second quality - B grade Third quality - C grade

1. 1st Quality:

The buyer WHO are able to gratify the consumers and maintain all its qualitative options which is also not in each major accident is taken into account 1st quality or maybe a grade. A-grade dress appearance sensible. they are doing not possess any leading accidents throughout purchase and so aren't denied towards wear quality.

2. Second quality:

The buyer WHO are in a position to satisfy the consumers and maintain all its qualitative options which is also not in every major accident is taken into account 1st quality or maybe a grade. A-grade dress looksgood. They donotpossessanyleadingaccidents throughout purchaseand thus aren't denied towards wear quality.

3. Third quality:

Although this specific dress has abundant small wounds, maintaining useful quality and as a procurement sperson, like the salecapability. Theysometimeslosesomegeneral good-lookingfeatures butdo not lose acceptancebecause of consumers. Someof sometimes theflaws visiblefrom outsidemay even be these dresses. Somebuyers enable 2 major flaws through second quality apparel. three or any major flaws flip down them

Importance of quality:

1. betting on product quality, customers have to be happy in stipulations of beauty, attraction, taste, shape, style and longevity.
2. while not quality nothing will live utterly.

internal control

Quality Control is seen because the agent of Quality Assurance or Total internal control. within the fashion industry internal control is practiced right from the initial stage of sourcing raw materials to the stage of ultimate finished garment. For textile and rag trade product quality is calculated in terms of quality and normal of fibers,

yarns, cloth construction, color fastness, surface styles and also the final finished garment merchandise. but quality expectations for export are associated with the kind of client segments and also the stores. internal control and standards are one among the foremost necessary aspects of the content of any job and so a significant think about coaching

Objectives of Total Quality Control

The main object is nearly forever to maximise the formation of products at intervals the desired tolerances properly the primary time.

Find all reasonably defect touching quality.

the wants of internal control

For every purpose of way of life we would like quality. Quality is often a lot of necessary than amount. while not sensible quality even we don't comply with have a simple pen. thus quality is always the 1st choice to any given needs.

internal control perform

The first live for internal control is nearly forever to know, establish & take the customers' good needs. This involves the next steps: -

- obtaining customers specifications relating to the standard.
- Finding our past performance.
- created dialogue with the standard management Department.
- activity with sometimes the assembly Department.
- realize the Feed Back to the customers.
- Receiving the altered quality needs from the shoppers.
- acceptive the standard parameters.

1. check Properties of Yarn

- If routine checks are disbursed on yarn choose a delivery of general tex (count, denier).
- If incoming yarn isn't checked then take a look at the tex (count, denier) of the delivery for samples and solely use if it's at intervals acceptable ambit.

Record details from yarn sort, supplier, tex (denier, count) etc. and pass recommendation to knitting home.

2. Knitting Specification

- Save all details required to produce the clothes or garment blanks as well as all, sew length similarly as any instrument choices.
- Record all details of creating the accessories
- Write any difficulties encountered e. g. sew pattern inflicting occasional drop stitches. Pass data to creating space.

3. Making-up Specification

- Record all details of making-up, as well as the kind and count of this stitching thread, and also the order of seaming the components. b)
- Note any difficulties encountered e. g. tough operation to connect collar

4. check for Physical Properties of clothes

Documented

the dimensions of the apparel as it is completed

For fiber of high moisture regain realize the weight incorrect condition. Wash apparel and re-check the measurements?.

internal control with Cost Department

Supply cost department with all info.

create associate degree allowance for any anticipated extra difficulties, or the next than traditional rate of seconds.

internal control knowledge generated

Data is provided at each QC issue. This should end up to be recorded in easy systems to supply visual on-going probes. These records provide the means that for worker responsibility and designed for fast feedback intended for management action.

1. Raw Materials:

- Shade - realize to be within tolerance from normal pattern.
- Delivery weight - checked and any limitation claimed.

2. Yarn Checks

- Bulking Tests on Continuous Filament Textured Yarns: Check regarding consistency, and upon Filamentation
- Condition Checks: Check concerning incorrect condition
- Yarn wrapping
- Levelness of yarn (also Buyer levelness).

3. textile machine Settings

- Yarn tension - leveled and to knitter specification.
- Distribution - T. O. Depth dial height - set to specification.
- Loop/course length : dispute leveled and to specification, positive give food to checked.
- Take-down tensions - checked for consistency

4. cloth Parameters, cloth or Garment Blank Checks

- Shade as well as look correct jacquard trend correct, absence from barrenness.
- Width traditional
- Finishing gloss
- Responsibility of knitters

5. stitching Checks

- Stitches per metric linear unit. and thread dispute quantitative relation checked to be at intervals tolerance of the specification.
- Evenness, balance and proper bight, no stitching uncomprehensible
- demand and security correct (i.e. no cracking or laddering).
- Absence of skip handcraft.
- Responsibility of machines

6. Final Inspection:

- Cut is actually correct - o. g. neck, collar and sleeves balanced, pockets correct.
- Measurements at intervals tolerance of specification, weight correct.
- look correct, patterns matching.
- Seams finished properly, absence from miss handcraft, cracking and laddering.
- Accessories properly applied and working

- Recovery review

1. Check on amount of offer sensible results successfully recovered.
2. turning away of work recycling

• Product Tests

1. Color quick cape so as to agreed agencies: (e. g. washing, rubbing, perspiration, lights) - examine and on-going continuity cards generated, showing score, checked against designs.
2. Stability: Shrinkage, and extension recovery where needed - to be at intervals tolerate in specification
3. Endurance: Abrasion, pilling or snagging - certified where required. Rating checked against specification.

Quality standards

Quality control and standards are one among the most important aspects of the content of any job and therefore a major think about coaching.

By a Quality Standard we have a tendency to mean the institution of the edge at that level of severity a defect becomes unacceptable, i.e. a fault. It's the equivalent of tolerances applicable to measurable factors.

Systematic coaching involves the coaching of someone in: -

Basic data

Correct ways

Quality standards

Without this last item defective production cannot be prevented.

These standards are established from the specification and shopping for sample, etc.

Next steps management of consistency, - i.e. superintendence of, and review when, every stage of manufacture.

The importance of internal control

- Rejection of merchandise, accessories
- need outside quality control services (extra expenses)
- Degradation of mill and Brand Value
- Low impelled workers, nobody wants to induce blame
- could cause for a recall
- Delay in production times

When the right QC in no means in place it will cost you time together with money hurting your brand name along the way.

the way to management quality:

The key step to controlling quality in the textile industry ought to begin at the clothes mill which requires specialized instrumentation. Textile testing instrumentation is that the best and price effective way of keeping standards in place through various wares productions. There are additional ways to guarantee internal control within the mill and they include:

1. guarantee operator have proper coaching and use quality stitching materials
2. perceive and follow quality specifications
3. give sensible and unhealthy feedback on merchandise being factory-made

internal control in cloth section

The quality of the material is responsible for quality analysis with internal control and also the responsibility to spot whether or not address is a foothold to satisfy the requirements of consumers. Generally, sample samples are tested by the client and per approved samples. within the cloth the standard is tested to meet the customer's needs. Quality control functions As soon because the allocation for the standard Innovation Department of Fabian In-House and Katie Division begins.

Most inspectors are given the responsibility to go to finished clothes while not adequate coaching for material variations and their causes. the ultimate answer is, of course, each major and minor flaws are supplied with actual examples or images. This section provides an inventory of errors and explanations and simplifies the language and judgments used to create visual cloth surveys. internal control manager will give this list to inspectors as a sensible tool for achieving uniform review selections.

Quality parameters of plain-woven, unwoven and non-woven Fabrics:

Generally to check the standard parameters of plain-woven, knitted and non-woven cloth, the material should be conditioning at twenty four hours within the normal testing atmosphere. It is very necessary for all kinds of material. for all kinds of fabric.

Quality parameters of plain-woven fabrics:

There are some quality parameters of plain-woven cloth

1. Dimensional characteristics:

- Length
- Width
- Thickness.

2. Weight of fabric:

- Weight per unit space.
- Weight per unit length.

3. cloth strength and extensibility:

- strength.
- Tearing strength.

4. Threads per in. of fabric:

- Ends per in..
- Picks per in..

5. Yarn count:

- Warp count
- yarn count.

6. Crimp:

- Warp crimp
- yarn crimp.

7. Handle:

- Stiffness
- Drape.

8. Crease resistance and crease recovery.

9. Air porosity.

10. Abrasion resistance.

11. Water resistance.

12. Shrinkages.

13. completely different fastness properties:

- Fastness to lightweight.
- Fastness to clean.
- Fastness to perspiration.
- Fastness to Rubbing.

Quality parameters of unwoven fabrics:

There are some quality parameters of knit

1. Strength and extensibility.
2. Course density.
3. Wales's density.
4. Loo length.
5. Elasticity.
6. Deformation.
7. Grams persquare meter(G.S.M)
8. Yarn count.
9. Design.

Quality parameters of non-woven fabrics:

There are some quality parameters of non-woven cloth

1. Strength and extensibility of material.
2. Weight.
3. Thickness.
4. Air permeability.
5. Crease resistance.
6. Stability of laundry.
7. Stability of cleansing.
8. Dimensional stability.
9. Elasticity.

cloth Quality review

Regarding vesture trade, it's potential to visit a visible check or material (such as cloth, knitting thread, button, trim etc.). it's a vital side before the assembly of vesture to avoid cloth because of quality of the material and to avoid facing the surprising loss of production. the standard of a final garment depends on the standard of a material once it's obtained as a roll. Even the greatest production ways cannot atone for faulty materials. Generally, we have a tendency to assess and appraise tenth of their rolls based on a four-point system. during this means, we are able to avoid cloth connected quality issues before we are created.

cloth Quality review methodology

Normally four systems are used for review of finished clothes.

- a) four purpose system
- b) ten purpose system
- c) Graniteville "78" system.
- d) urban center system.

4- purpose review system

In this system, what number defect purposes in one hundred sq yards of material are known by inspection? the material is meant to be rejected if the amount of defect point is forty or a lot of in every one hundred sq yards of material. Allowable defect points is also over forty relying upon the price and quality of clothes, however it really comes out by betting on the understanding between customer and manufacturer. The defect purpose distribution for various styles of fault is given the subsequent slide:

Basic principle:

Defect purpose values ought to be counted in one hundred yd² cloth. If defects purpose values are forty or less then it indicates 1st quality cloth. The grading vary is given below:

Point grade

2.3.1 All the above processes have discussed in the belowtable:

S/L No.	Process	Procedure
01	Input material check	It is the first process of quality control in sewing section. Here all the input materials should be checked to complete all the sewing processes accurately.
02	Cutting panel and accessories checking	All the cutting panels and accessories should be checked here to avoid mismatching with the other cutting parts and trimmings.
03	Checking sewing machine	According to buyers approved sample, right sewing machine should be selected here to complete all the required sewing for the garments.
04	Sewing thread checking	It's a very important matter in sewing section. Sewing thread should be selected here according to buyers approved sample.
05	Sewing needle checking	Here, required sizes needles should be selected to complete fault free sewing for the garments.
06	Embroidery and printing panel checking (If there)	If there's any embroidery or print lies in the garments, then it should be checked by maintaining buyers approved sample.
07	Stitching fault checking	After making the garments, here garments checked to identify stitch fault free garments.
08	Seam fault checking	After checking stitch, all the seam of garments must be checked here.
09	Measurement checking	According to buyer's instruction, garments measurement has to check here.
10	Shade variation checking	Sometimes various types of shade variation have seen in the garments which should be checked here.
11	Size mistake checking	For submitting perfect size of garments to the buyer, an extra checking has needed here.
12	Trimmings checking	According to buyers approved sample, required trimmings of garments should be checked here to make fault free garments.
13	Interlining checking	Interlining checking should be done hereby the quality inspector whether it is perfect or not.
14	Crease or wrinkle appearance checking	It is the last process of quality control in sewing section, where quality inspector confirms crease or wrinkle free garments.

stitching Department:

method examination in sewing line quality examination

1. stitching Line quality Check List

Buyer Approved Sample & Measurement Sheet Check. Sample Wise Input Check.

Buyer Approved Trims Card Check.

Buyer Approved Sample Wise Style Check. All Machine Thread Tension Check.

Style Wise Print & Embroidery Placement Check. All method Measurement Check.

All Machine Oil check.

All method S.P.I Check as Per purchaser demand.

Input Time Shading, Bundle Mistake & Size Mistake Check. purchaser Approved Wise distinction Color Check.

As per purchaser Requirement Wise Styling Check. All sewing-machine stitch Tension Balance Properly.

2. stitching Table examination

vogue Wise Garments Check.

All Process Measurement Check...

Front Part, Back Part, Sleeve & Thread; Shading Check.

S.P.I Check for All method.

Print/Embroidery Placement Check.

Main Label, Care Label, Size Label & Care; image Check. Size Mistake Check.

S All Process Alter Check.

Any fabric fault/Rejection Check.

internal control in finishing:

Machine and instrumentality utilized in finishing section:

1. Thread sucker machine
2. Thread Cutter
3. Hand tag Gun
4. Lifter
5. Iron
6. Metal detector
7. Textile cleaning Gun etc.

method Flow Chart of Garment Finishing:

Finishing input (style, color & size wise)

↓
Initial quality check
↓
Spot Removing
↓ Ironing/Pressing
↓ examination
↓ Hang tag
↓
Getup modification
↓ Folding
↓ Poly
↓
Barcode (buyer wise sticker)
↓ Metal check
↓ Cartooning/Packaging
↓
Final examination by purchaser

internal control policy for garment finishing section:

To maintain top quality, garment quality policy should be adopted within the finishing floor. Some essential policies are as follows:

once trimming the redundant thread all clothes are being sent to iron section directly.

QC prepares a report in this regard and place up to AGM of the ground for his review.

At the top of the day another QC person is doing the day-final and creating a report during this respect and keeping record. If the garments are found with drawback in the day final; then all the clothes are being opened and re-checked.

At the end, once complete finishing operation of any order they're doing the pre-final or ton pass examination from the purpose of view of purchaser and creating an entire report in his regard maintaining record additionally. If the result are going to be found OK solely then they'll offer final inspection.

once the garment pass the pre-final or mock up inspection then all the clothes are unbroken underneath constant observation.

during this stage, garment makers are organized final examination for clothes. once finishing the ultimate examination from the consumers representative and that they are build final inspection reports. If the reports are OK then the orders are ready for shipment.

Steps of clothes Finishing:

The steps of clothes finishing are as follows-

1. merchandise Received from SewingSection:

At first, finished clothes are received from stitching section as per order amount. sensible received from sewing section is that the beginning to finishing section.

2. Thread suction byMachine:

In this ste further lose sewingthread are suction by suckingmachine in clothes. Threads are sucked by twosystems. Oneby done byhand that is manual system and therefore the otheris done bysucking machine.

3. Ironing:

Ironing isa finishing method doneby a artifact to heatand pressure with orwithout steam to get rid of creases and to impart a flat look to clothes. Ironing methodis additionally calledas pressing process. Aftercompleting ironing, garments have to befolded.

After on top of method,different types of tags andaccessories areattached with the clothes Turkish monetary unit purchaser comment. Foran export order, mustattach value tags withthe clothes.

7. MetalDetection:

Garmentsare passed throughinto the metaldetection m/c for metal check. Nowmost of the customer suggested to use metaldetector for clothes moresafety. Touse metaldetector for kid'sitem ismust.

8. Folding:

Garments are closed in line with purchaser directions in astandard space. There are fore varieties of folding in clothes. they're as follows-

a. Stand up

b. Semistandup

c. Flatback

d. Hangerpack.

8. Packing:

After folding clothes are prepared for packing. the dimensions of synthetic resin is vary in line with the dimensions, clothes magnitude relation. Before packing it's required to confirm the position of sticker in correct place.

9. Assortment:

After finishing the packing, it mustbe placed the clothes during a preset packed by sorting in line with the dimensions andcolor is named assortment.

10. Cartooning:

At last cartooning is doneaccording to purchaser comment into the inner boxes and is properlywarped by the scotch tape. Sominformation like carton box no, size, shipping mark, destinationare written on thecartoon.

11. Final Inspection:

Final examination is a crucial half andlast step of clothes finishing.

Methodology

Locationof thestudy:

[Type text]

Page 24

The study has principally on primary data. Mixed method has been adopted. info has been collected from worker ; however the unit of research is individual . Secondary sources of information have also used. The research has been conducted at Aman Graphics and style Ltd (A Sister concern of Unifillgroup) and Impress Newtex Composite Textile Ltd

Sample size and Sampling technique:

A total of a line are selected for sample .factory is composed of 3500 folks The analysis has been conducted. It has been hand-picked through consultation with quality department and sewing section authority. In here are half-dozen day purposively hand-picked as sample for information analysis in qualitative methodology.

Criteria of sample selection:

Sample has been hand-picked purposively following 2 criteria:

- employee aged between 18-30 years
- are operating at industry a minimum of for last 2 years

Data Collection:

Defects per hundred units calculation:

- “Defect per hundred Units” It means that variety of defects found or detected per one hundred clothes.
- Defects per hundred unite = $\frac{\text{Total Alter pcs} * 100}{\text{Total clothes}}$
- during this analysis all data collect during a finish Line examination Report sheets information collection period:

10 days of June 2018

Limitations of the thesis:

Most of the analysis study has some limitations. As a investigator, this analysis additionally has some limitations. Researcher desires to outlines some the constraints of the study:

method limitations: investigator has used mixed methodology in conducting this analysis. investigator believes realistic approach is acceptable for this analysis investigation. At the identical it's believed that quantitative and mixed methodology may make a case for the topic.

Time : Time is extremely vital think about conducting any analysis. investigator believes that for a decent, neutral analysis timeframe is extremely essential. however during this research researcher solely gets up to 5-6 month. this point isn't enough for conducting such a research.

Budget : investigator doesn't get any cash from department. All the expenses are beard by the investigator himself. As a student it appears a touch burden for the investigator. He had to chop some essential to keep up his budget.

because of the shortage of time we couldn't get at depth data of the quality.

Sufficient records, facts and figures don't seem to be on the market.

5. Measurement Check byQC:



6. Attach Price Tags and Accessories:

After above process, different types of tags and accessories are attached with the garments as per buyer comment. For an export order, must attach price tags with the garments.

7. Metal Detection:

Garments are passed through into the metal detection m/c for metal check. Now most of the buyer recommended to use metal detector for garments more safety. Touse metal detector for kid's item is must.

8. Folding:

Garments are folded according to buyer directions in a standard area. There are four types of folding in garments. They are as follows-

- a. Stand up
- b. Semistandup
- c. Flatback
- d. Hangerpack.

8. Packing:

After folding garments are ready for packing. The size of polythene is vary according to the size, garments ratio. Before packing it is needed to ensure the placement of sticker in proper place.

Garments Packing Process

9. Assortment:

10. Subsequent to finishing the pressing, it must be put the pieces of clothing in a foreordained stuffed by arranging as indicated by the size and color is called grouping.

11. Cartooning:

Finally cartooning is done according to purchaser remark into the internal boxes and is properly wrapped by the scotch tape. Some information like container box no, measure, shipping mark, destination are imprinted on the cartoon.

12. Final Inspection:

Final inspection is an important part and last step of garments finishing.

Methodology

Location of the study:

The study has mainly on primary data. Mixed method has been adopted. Information has been collected from worker ; however the unit of analysis is individual . Secondary sources of information have also used. The research has been conducted at Aman Graphics and Design Ltd (A Sister concern of Unifill group) and Impress Newtex Composite Textile Ltd

Sample size and Sampling technique:

Criteria of sample selection:

Sample has been selected purposively following two criteria:

- Worker aged between 18-30 years
- Have been working at industry at least for last 2 years

Data Collection:

Defects per hundred unites calculation:

- “**Defect per hundred Units**” It means number of defects found or detected per 100 garments.
- Defects per hundred unite = $\text{Total Alter pcs} * 100 / \text{Total garments}$
- In this analysis all data collect in a **End Line Inspection Report** sheets

Data collection period:

10 days of June 2018

Limitations of the thesis:

The greater part of the exploration think about has some restrictions. As a scientist, this exploration additionally has some limitations. Researcher needs to diagrams some the restrictions of the examination:

Methodological confinements: Researcher has utilized blended philosophy in directing this exploration. Specialist accepts naturalistic methodology is suitable for this exploration examination. At a similar it is trusted that quantitative and blended technique can likewise clarify the topic.

Time : Time is imperative factor in directing any examination. Analyst believe that for a decent, unbiased research time span is exceptionally fundamental. In any case, in this research researcher just gets up to 5-month. This time isn't sufficient for conducting such a research.

Financial plan : Researcher doesn't get any cash from office. Every one of the costs are beard by the scientist himself. As an understudy it appears a little weight for the specialist. He needed to slice some fundamental to keep up his budget.

Because of the deficiency of time we couldn't get at profundity learning of the quality.

Adequate records, statistical data points are not accessible.

Data Analysis

Sewing defect report of the Knit garment:

Impress Newtex CompositeTextile Ltd

Table 1

Order No: AO17-17-792			Style No: S18AFLPOWO2				Color: R1				
Buyer: Kmart						Date: 24-06-2018					
Defects Name	Hour										
	08-09	09-10	10-11	11-12	12-01	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	Total
Broken stitch											
Button/snap/ Adjustable		2 33									
Button hole											
Fabric fault											
Dropstitch			2								
Needle hole						7					
Cut damage											
Improper tuck											
Imprope shape							4				
Joint stitch				4							
Label fault											
Needle mark									5		
Open seam											
Print fault											
Embroidery								4			
Puckering											
Raw edge					1						
Reverse											
Slanted										6	2
Skip stitch											
Shading											
Strip not match											
Thread mistake			2			1					
Twisting								5			
Thread tension									5		1
Measurement deviation(+)			1								
Measurement Deviation(-)											
Updown					4						
Un even											

Uncut thread		2		2		4		5		5	
Waviness											
Wrong SPI									1		
Labelwrong placement											
Yarn contamination											
Collar						2					
Placket											
Rocket			2								
Pleat										2	
Side band											
Oil spot											
Dirty spot							2		5	4	
Rejects	2		5	1							
Others					2						
Total Inspected Qty	2	5	5	6	2	7	5	5	4	3	55
Total OK Goods	2	22	5		5	22	1	2	1	4	
Total Defectives Qty	50	23	15	14	20	22	123	24	6	4	
Reject Qty											
DHU%											9.21%
QC pass%											90.19%

Table 3.1: Quality Report on 24.06.2018 of a knit garment factory

Order No: 30A05O95				Style No: TAZ TEE				Color: GREEN DARK			
Buyer: M&S						Date: 26-05-18					
Defects Name	Hour										Total
	08-09	09-10	10-11	11-12	12-01	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	
Broken stitch			5			2	2	2			
Button/snap/Adjustable											
Button hole											
Fabric fault											
Drop stitch											
Needle hole											
Cut damage											
Improper tuck											
Improper shape											
Joint stitch											
Labelfault											
Needle mark											

Open seam											
Printfault											
Embroidery											
Puckering				2	1	5		1	2		10
Raw edge											
Reverse											
Slanted											
Skip stitch				5		1	6				12
Shading											
Strip not match											
Thread mistake											
Twisting											
Threadtension											
Measurement deviation(+)											
Measurement Deviation(-)											
Up down					1	3					4
Un even			5	1					1		7
Uncutthread											
Waviness											
Wrong SPI											
Label wrong placement											
Yarn contamination											
Collar											
Placket											
Rocket											
Pleat											
Side band											
Oil spot		1	2	4		4	3			1	20
Dirty spot											
Others											
Rejects											
Total Inspected Qty			20	35	65	65	75	40			300
Total OKGoods			25	30	70	60	80	35			300
Total Defectives Qty			4	5	11	13	12	12			58
Rejects Qty											
DHU%											19.34%
QC pass%											80.66%

Table 3

Order No: 274274				Style No: RONNY				Color: white			
Buyer: BigW								Date: 27-05-2018			
Defects Name	Hour										
	08-09	09-10	10-11	11-12	12-01	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	Total
Broken stitch	1		2			2		2			7
Button/snap/ Adjustable											
Button hole											
Fabric fault											
Dropstitch											
Needle hole											
Cutdamage											
Improper tuck											
Improper shape											
Joint stitch	1	3	1	2	2			2			11
Label fault											
Needle mark											
Open seam			1	1		1		1			4
Print fault											
Embroidery											
Puckering	1	1	2		1	2	1		1		9
Rawedge		1		4	1	2	1				9
Reverse											
Slanted											
Skip stitch		1			2			1			41
Shading											
Strip not match											
Thread mistake											
Twisting											
Thread tension											
Measurement deviation(+)											
Measurement Deviation(-)											
Up down		1	3	4	2			1			11
Un even	1	1	1		2	3		2			10
Uncut thread	1	6	4	1	3	4	3	4			26
Waviness											
Wrong SPI											
Label wrong placement											
Yarn contamination											
Collar											
Placket											

Rocket											
Pleat											
Side band											
Oil spot		1					3				4
Dirty spot											
Others	1		1	1			1	1			5
Rejects											
Total Inspected Qty	90	160	150	140	150	170	100	110			1070
Total OK Goods	90	160	150	140	150	170	100	110			1070
Total Defectives Qty	10	14	12	16	17	13	10	14			106
Rejects Qty											
DHU%											9.90%
QC pass%											90.1%

Table 4

Order No: 223256				Style No: LEE LONG				Color: WHITE			
Buyer: H&M							Date: 22-06-2018				
Defects Name	Hour										
	08-09	09-10	10-11	11-12	12-01	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	Total
Broken stitch											
Button/snap/ Adjustable											
Button hole											
Fabric fault	2	1									3
Drop stitch											
Needle hole											
Cut damage											
Improper tuck											
Improper shape				1							1
Joint stitch											
Label fault											
Needle mark											
Open seam											
Print fault											
Embroidery											
Puckering											
Rawedge											
Reverse											
Slanted											
Skip stitch	3	1		1						5	

Shading										
Stripnot match			2						2	
Thread mistake										
Twisting										
Thread tension										
Measurement deviation(+)										
Measurement Deviation(-)										
Up down										
Un even										
Uncut thread										
Waviness										
Wrong SPI										
Label wrong placement										
Yarn contamination										
Collar										
Placket										
Rocket										

Pleat											
Sideband											
Oil spot											
Dirty spot	1										1
Others											
Rejects											
Total Inspected Qty	100	110	116	100	111						537
Total OK Goods	100	110	116	100	111						537
Total Defectives Qty	3	4	1	3	4						15
Reject Qty											
DHU%											2.77%
QC pass%											97.23%

Summary of Reports (Impress Newtex Composite Textile Ltd.) in sewing section.

Date	Buyer	InspectedQty	Defects																		
			Brokenstitch	Labelfault	Slanted	Skipstitch	Updown	Uncutthread	peat	Puckering	Uneven	Oilspot	Joinstich	Reverse	Needlemark	Impropertuck	Openedge	Rawedge	Dirtyspot	Needle hole	Rejects
24-06-18	sportmaster	1104	5	7	14	1	7	31	8											4	4
26-06-18	H&M	300	7			11	3			12	6	19									
27-01-18	H&M	1070	6			3	9	36		8	12	3									7
28-06-18	H&M	855	6			4	15	45			5	10	10								3
29-06-18	H&M	1250	2			3		17			2	2	1	2							1
30-06-18	H&M	1340	09	1	4	20		48	12		22				17	1	5	14			
22-06-17	H&M	537	3				5	2										1	1		
Total	6456	516 (7.95%)																			
		38	8	18	42	39	179	20	20	40	29	12	11	2	17	1	5	15	1	4	15
Defect %		7.36	1.55	3.88	8.13	7.55	34.68	3.87	3.87	7.75	5.62	2.32	2.13	0.38	3.29	0.19	0.96	2.90	0.19	0.77	2.90

Here is the highest defects % is **34.68** that is uncut thread

Woven data from sewing section:

b)Aman Graphics & Design Ltd.

Date	Buyer Name	Style	Total No. of Pieces Inspected	Total No. of Pieces Pass	Total No. of Defective Pieces	Man										Materials				Machine			Method			Total Defects	DHU	Percentage of Defective				
						Un cut thread	Puckering	Broken Stitch	Bartack missing	Button or hole Missing	Uneven Shap	Up Down	Shading	Other	OPEN SEAM	Joint Stitch	Raw edge	Down Stitch	Spot/Dirty Spot	Rejects	Skip stitch	Thread tension	Pleat	Revars	Lebel wrong position/Open				Loop Slanted	Style mistake		
01-Jun	M & S	2722J	643	548	95			6			8	28		15	8	10	5			10		10							100	15.55	14.77%	
02-Jun	M & S	2722J	678	595	83			21		10	10	21			7	5	11					3				3			91	13.42	12.24%	
03-Jun	M & S	2722J	716	638	78		5	15		8	10	17		14	5	3	2					4							83	11.59	10.89%	
04-Jun	M & S	2722J	560	501	59			5	5		8	17			5	7	3					3							53	9.46	10.54%	
05-Jun	M & S	2722J	624	550	74			17			10	26			7	5	5					4							74	11.86	11.86%	
06-Jun	M & S	2722J	548	485	63			17	3		6	8		4		4						19	5						66	12.04	11.50%	
07-Jun	M/CARE	NA163	275	216	59						5	29		10			5	11				3	5						68	24.73	21.45%	
08-Jun	M/CARE	NA163	661	581	80		4	9	22		11			3		4	8	7	2			7	3						80	12.10	12.10%	
09-Jun	M/CARE	NA163	810	711	99		11	6	4	5	3	20		15			7	5				3	20						99	12.22	12.22%	
10-Jun	M/CARE	NA163	1021	926	95			7	6		10	33				7	7	5				3	8			10			96	9.40	9.30%	
11-Jun	M/CARE	NA163	855	764	91		3	8			14	18			3	4	14	5				12	3			10			94	10.99	10.64%	
12-Jun	M/CARE	NA163	590	541	49		10	10	3		5	4										5				8			45	7.63	8.31%	
13-Jun	MYER	19028	424	354	70			6			7	10			14		23	10											70	16.51	16.51%	
14-Jun	MYER	19028	1125	999	126		10				7	10	25		18		41	8				10							129	11.47	11.20%	
15-Jun	MYER	19028	451	393	58						4	4					24					5	5			16			58	12.86	12.86%	
				0																									0			
	©Daffodil International University				900																								0			
				900																										0		

knitting data from finishing section:

Finishing section Table 1

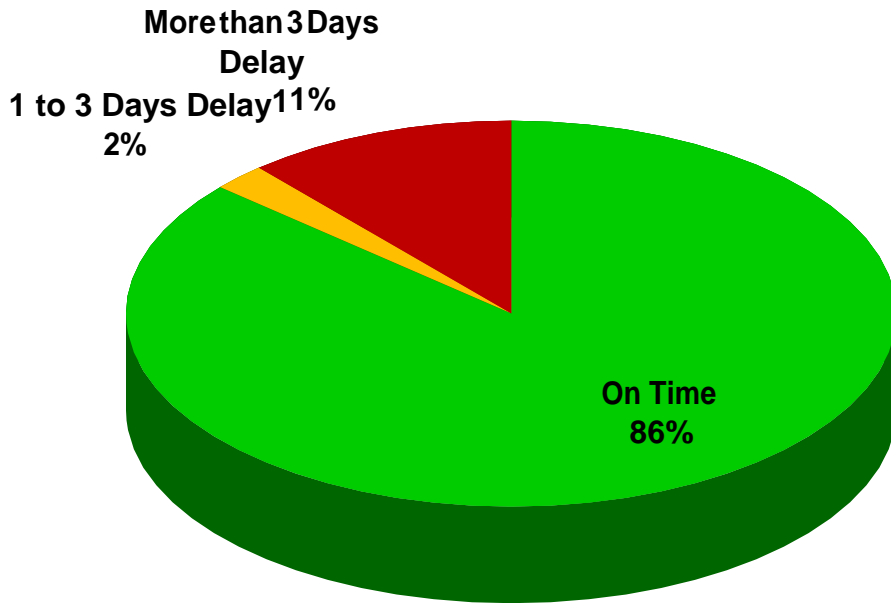
Order No: AO-17-1304			Style No:LEE			Color: WHITE					
Buyer: H&M						Date: 22-6-18					
Defects Name	Hour										
	08-09	09-10	10-11	11-12	12-01	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	Total
Brokenstitch											
Button/snap/ Adjustable											
Button hole		3	3		2	1	1	3	3	2	18
Fabric fault	1							1			2
Drop stitch											
Needlehole											
Cut damage											
Improper tuck											
Improper Shape											
Joint stitch											
Label fault											
Needle mark											
Open seam											
Print fault											
Embroidery	1	1	1					1	2		6
Puckering											
Raw edge											
Reverse											
Slanted	1								1		2
Skipstitch											
Shading											
Strip not Match	1	1				1	1	1			5
Thread mistake											
Twisting											
Thread tension											
Measurement deviation(+)											
Measurement Deviation(-)											
Updown											
Un even											
Uncut thread											
Waviness											

Wrong SPI											
Label wrong placement											
Yarn contamination											
Collar	1	2	1	2	2	1	2				11
Placket											
Rocket										1	1
Pleat	3	4	3	3	5	4	2			2	26
Sideband											
Oil spot				1				2			3
Dirtypspot											
Others											
Rejects											
Pressing defects											
Loosetread											
Poor ironing Shape											
Others											
Total Inspected Qty	120	140	120	120	150	120	130	100	120	130	1250
Total OK Goods	120	140	120	119	150	120	130	98	120	130	1247
Total Defectives Qty	8	11	8	6	9	7	6	8	6	5	74
Rejects Qty				1				2			3
DHU%											5.92%
QC pass%											94.08%

WEEKLY SAMPLE PERFORMANCE

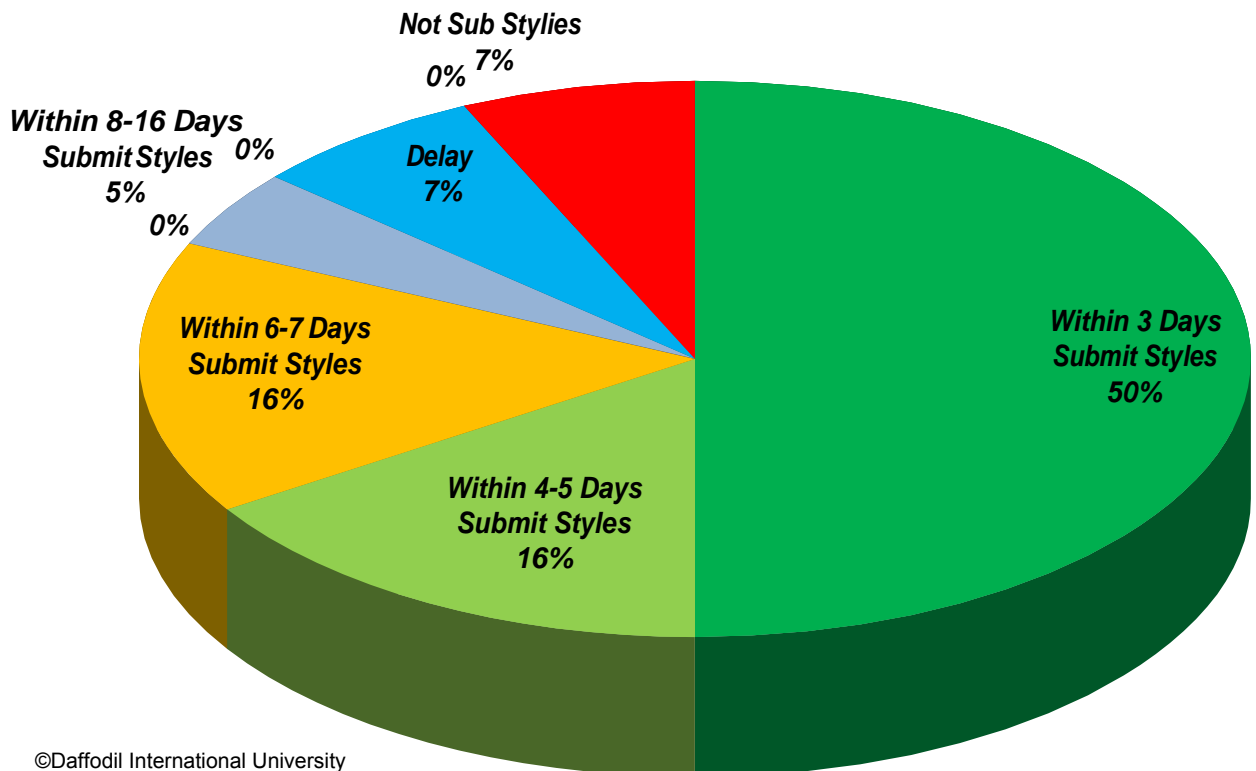
Present Week 11-17 April -2018

SAMPLE DEPARTMENT(Fit/Others) PERFORMANCE



Total	Within 3 Days Submit Styles	Within 4-5 Days Submit Styles	Within 6-7 Days Submit Styles	Within 8-16 Days Submit Styles	Delay	Not Sub Styles
44	22	7	7	2	3	3
Delay %	50%	16%	16%	4%	7%	7%

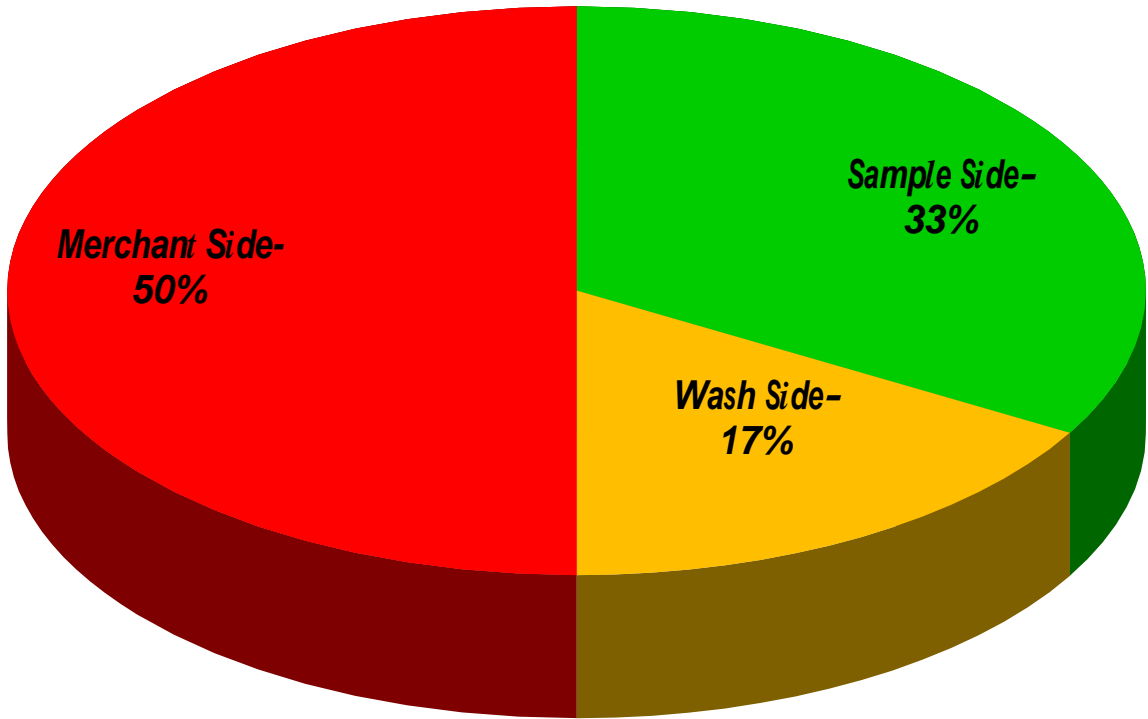
Sample Update(Fit & Others)Status



Reason For Delay

Total Delay Style	Sample Side-	Wash Side-	Merchant Side-	Print Side-	Others Side-
6	2	1	3		
Delay %	33%	17%	50%	0%	0%

Reason For Delay



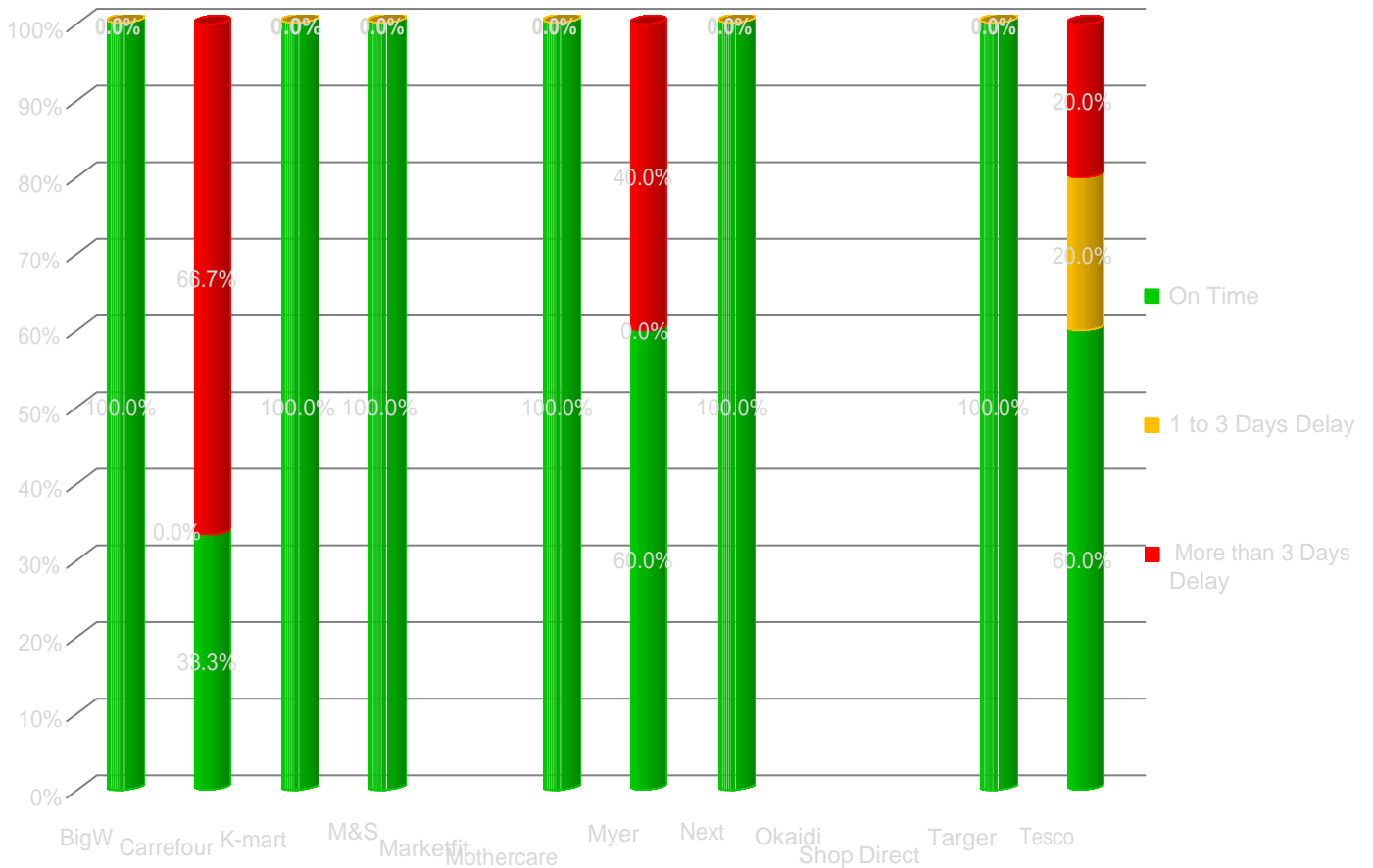
8-Apr	15-Apr	Carrefour	I809630	Online	4	Not	Not submit for internal reject due to wrong rib attach by sample man
8-Apr	15-Apr	Carrefour	I809630	PP	7	Not	Not submit for internal reject due to wrong rib attach by sample man
9-Apr	16-Apr	MYER	TGS19001 CW2	PP+Test	6	Not	Not submit for internal reject due to Wash Reject
2-Apr	9-Apr	TESCO	KD825409	Size Set	14	11-Apr	2 Day Delay For Care Label Given Delay By Merchant
3-Apr	9-Apr	TESCO	KD825408	Size Set	7	15-Apr	6 Day Delay For Care Label Given Delay By Merchant
3-Apr	10-Apr	MYER	LGS19003A CW5	PP	4	17-Apr	7 Days Delay Due to Draw Cord Given Delay By Merchant

WEEKLY BUYER WISE ON TIME SAMPLE

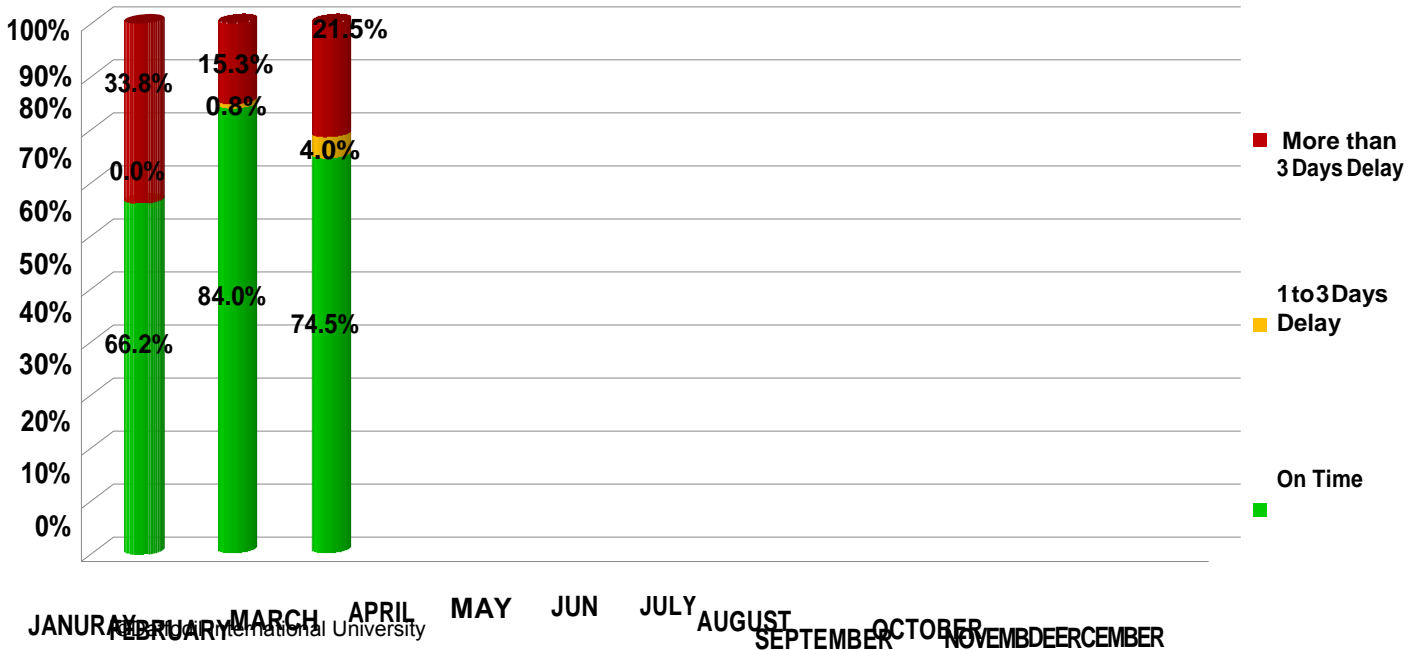
11-17 April -2018

Present Week

BUYER WISE ON TIME SAMPLE



MONTH WISE ON TIME SAMPLE PERFORMANCE

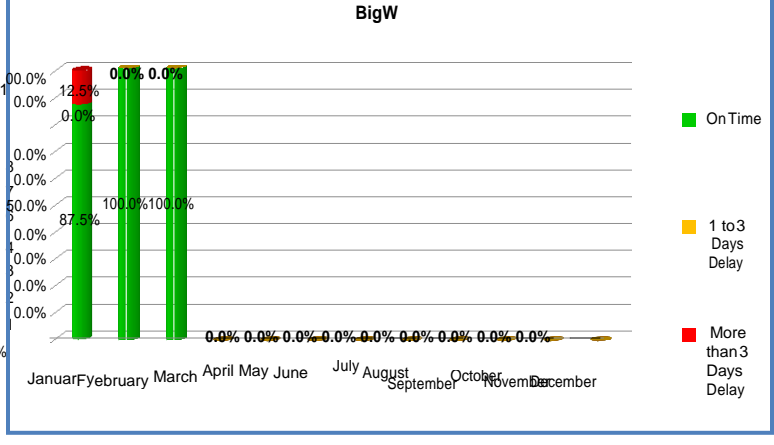
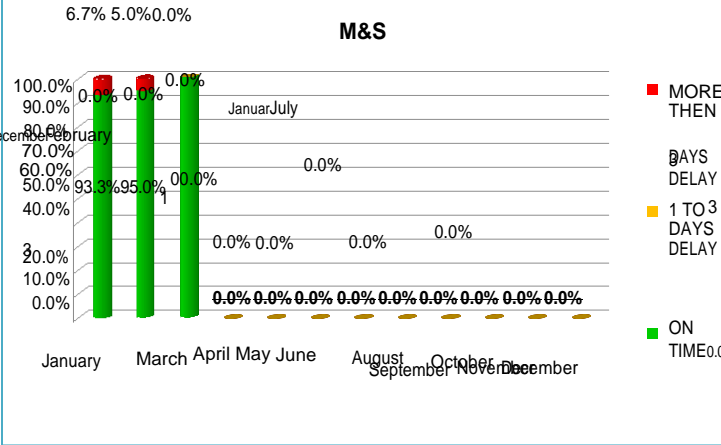
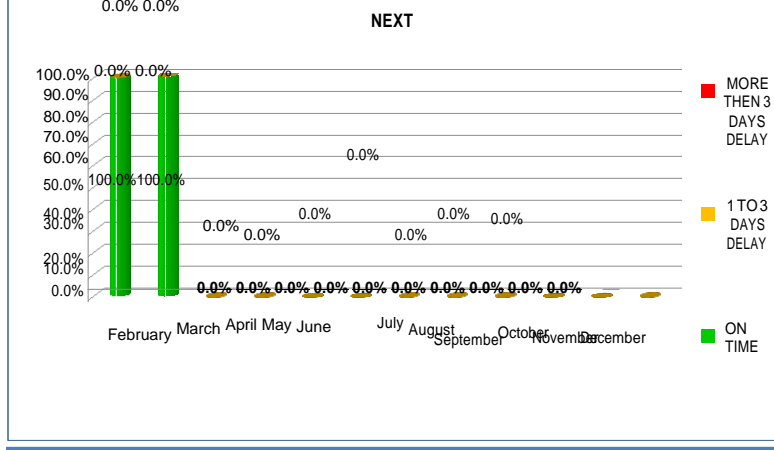
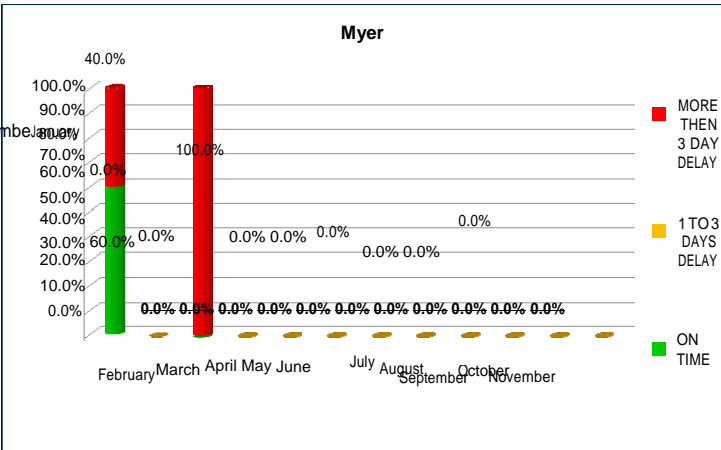
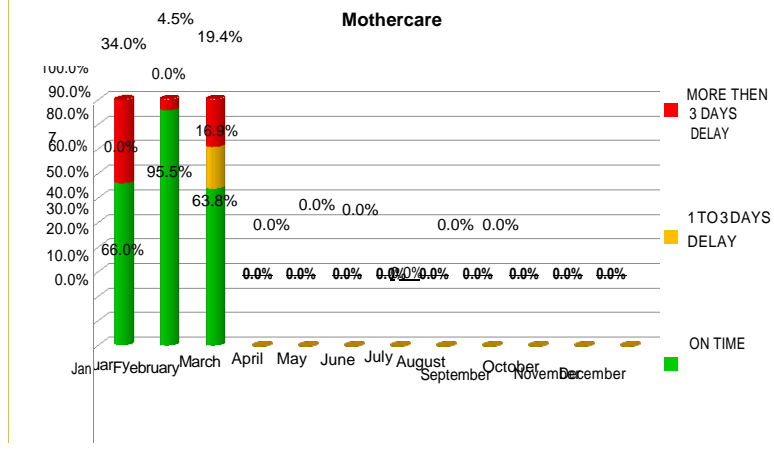
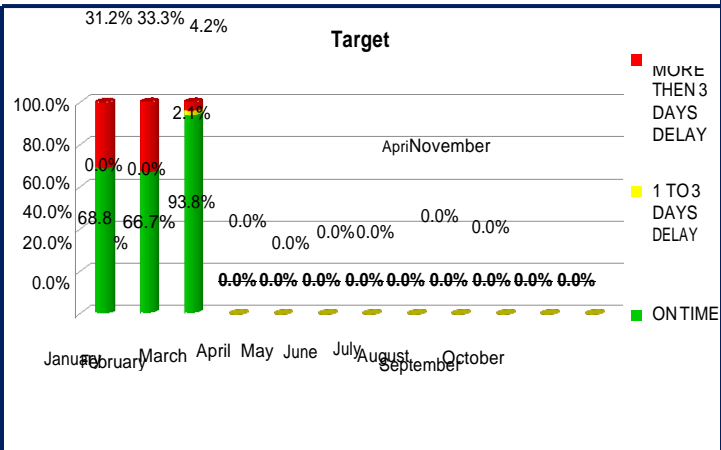
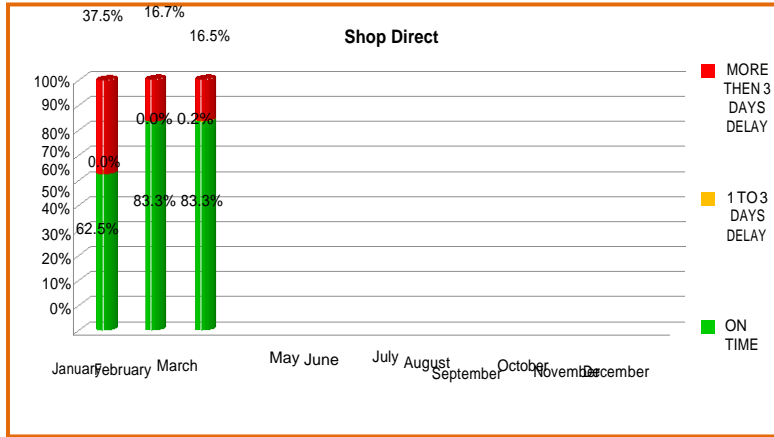
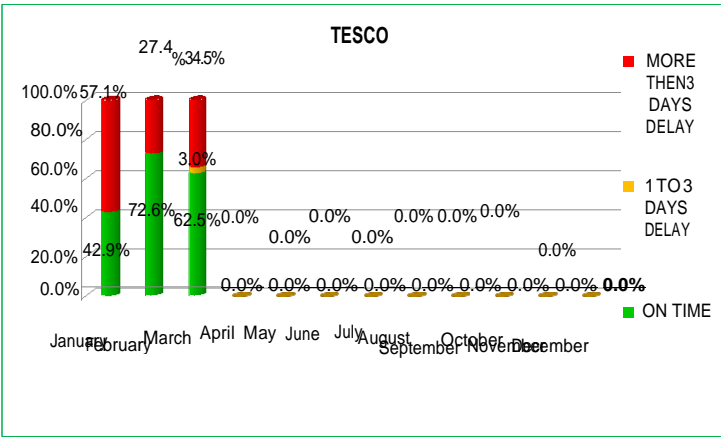


Sample weekly efficiency report

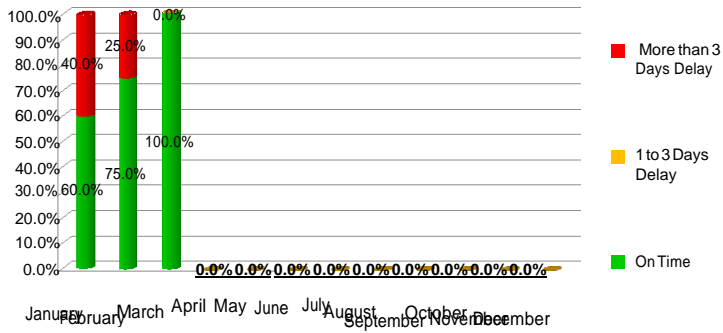
WEEK OF-16th (11th April To 117th April)

Date	TARGET 65%	ACHIEVE	Ver(+,-)	EFF%
11-Apr	170	176	6	67%
12-Apr	190	170	-20	58%
15-Apr	150	173	23	75%
16-Apr	180	150	-30	54%
17-Apr	175	183	8	68%
Total	865	852	-13	65%

MONTHLY BUYER WISE ON TIME SAMPLE

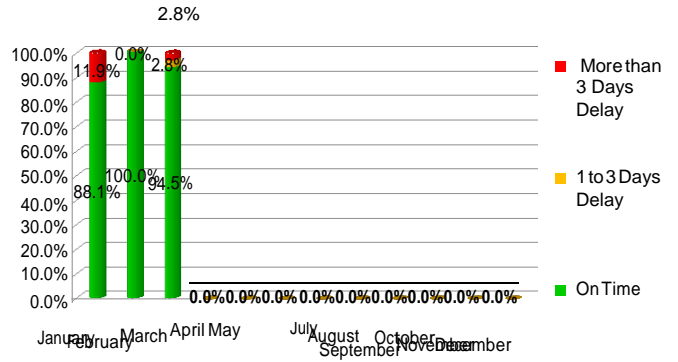


Okaidi

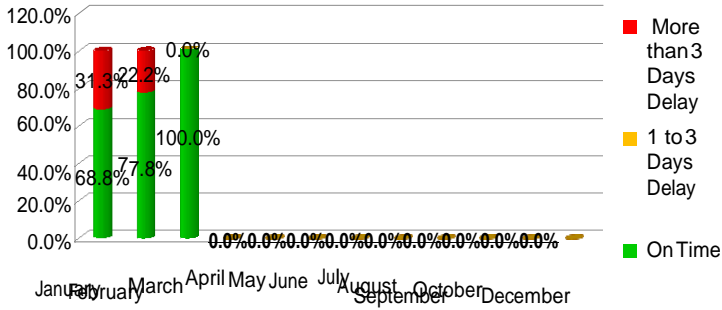


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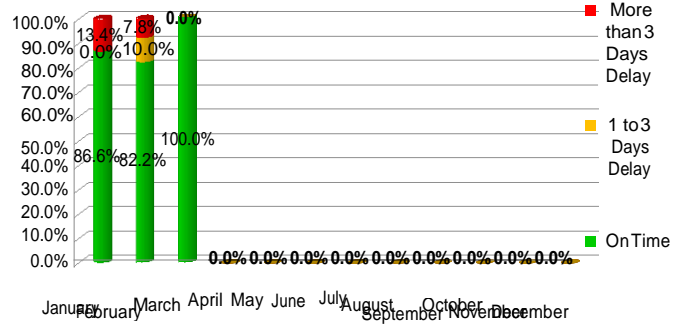
Carrefour



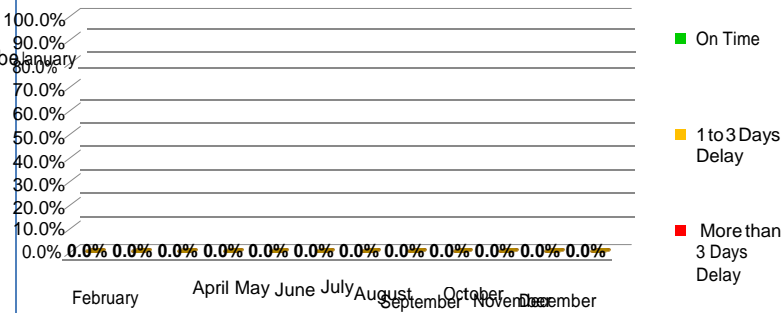
K-mart



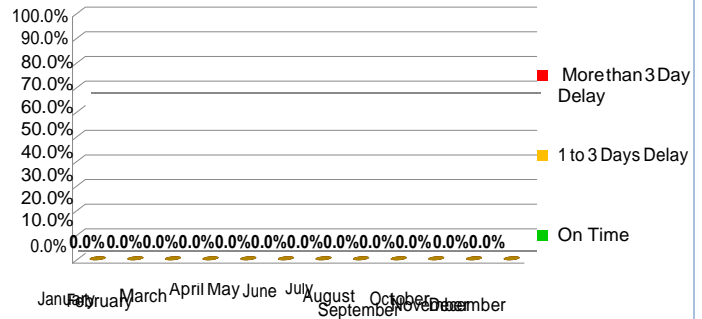
Market Fit



R.Island



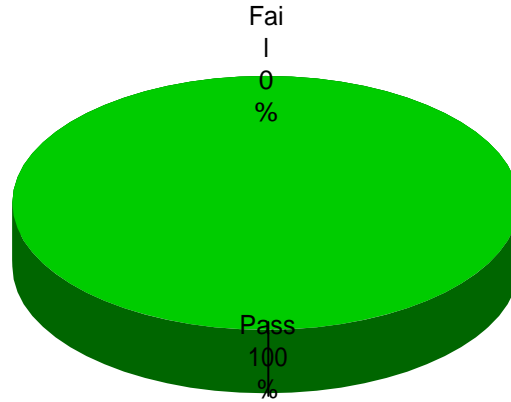
Baby Shop



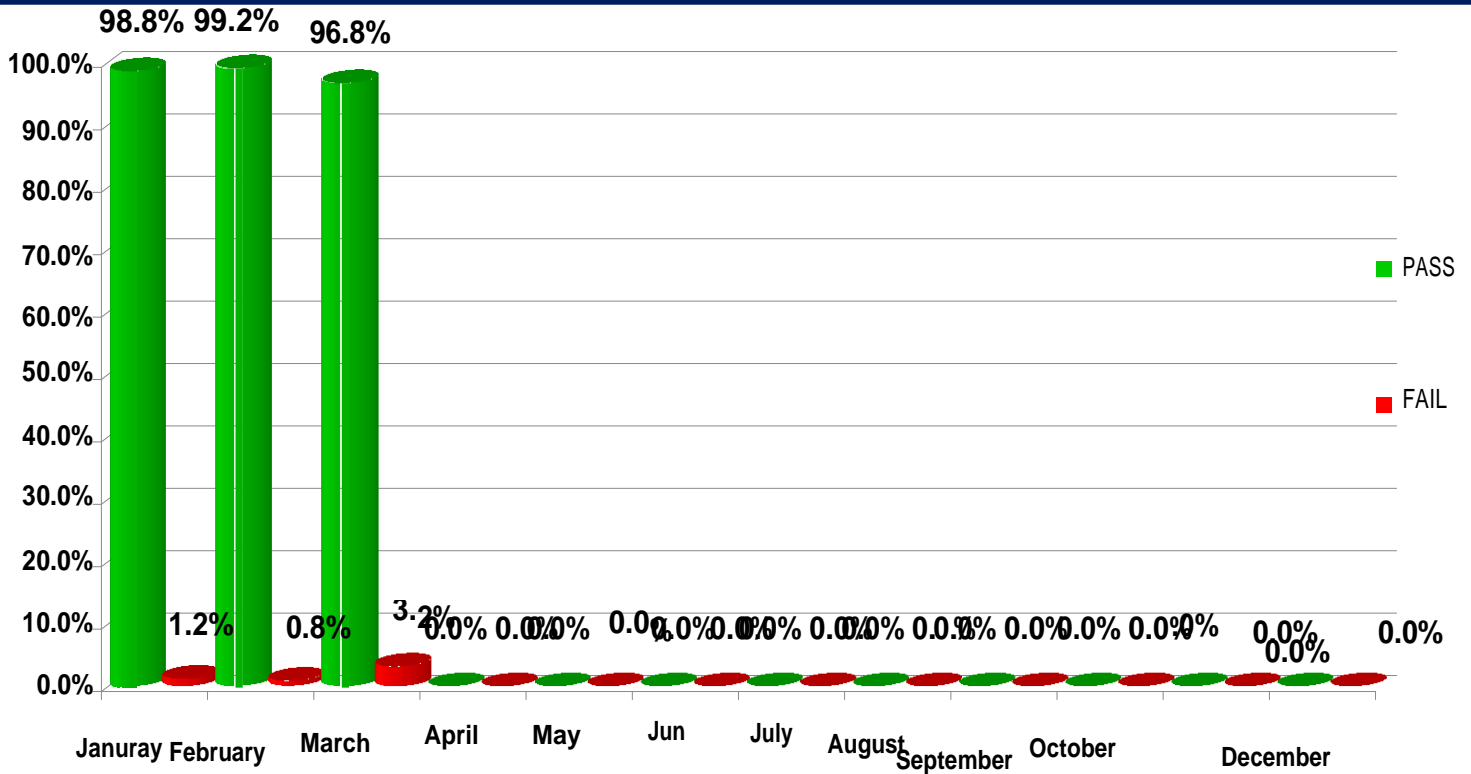
Weekly Sample External Rejected

11-17 April -2018

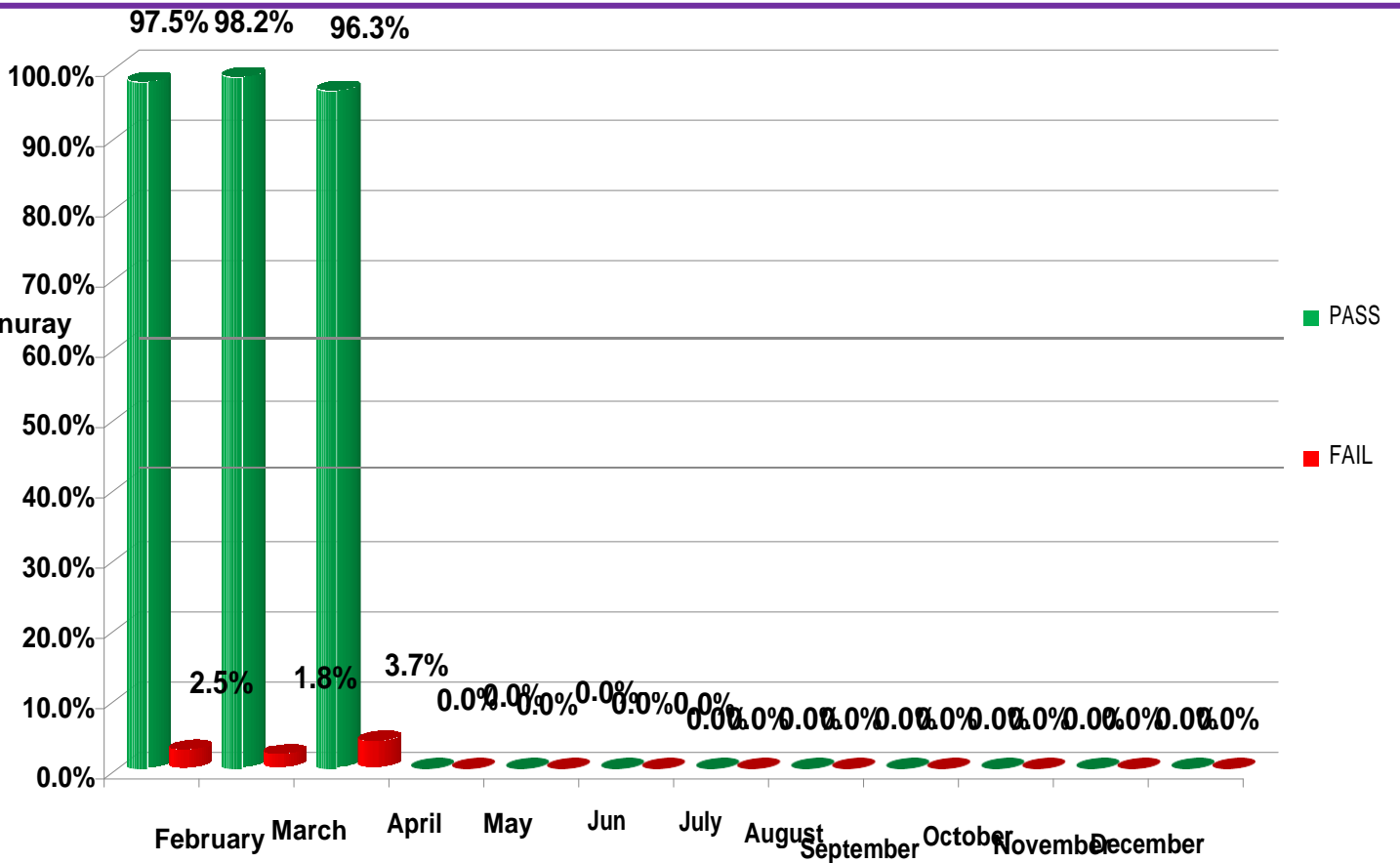
Right 1st Time Sample(External)Reject



MONTH WISE FIRST TIME PASS & FAIL(EXTERNAL)RATE-2018



MONTH WISE FIRST TIME PASS & FAIL(INTERNAL)RATE-2018

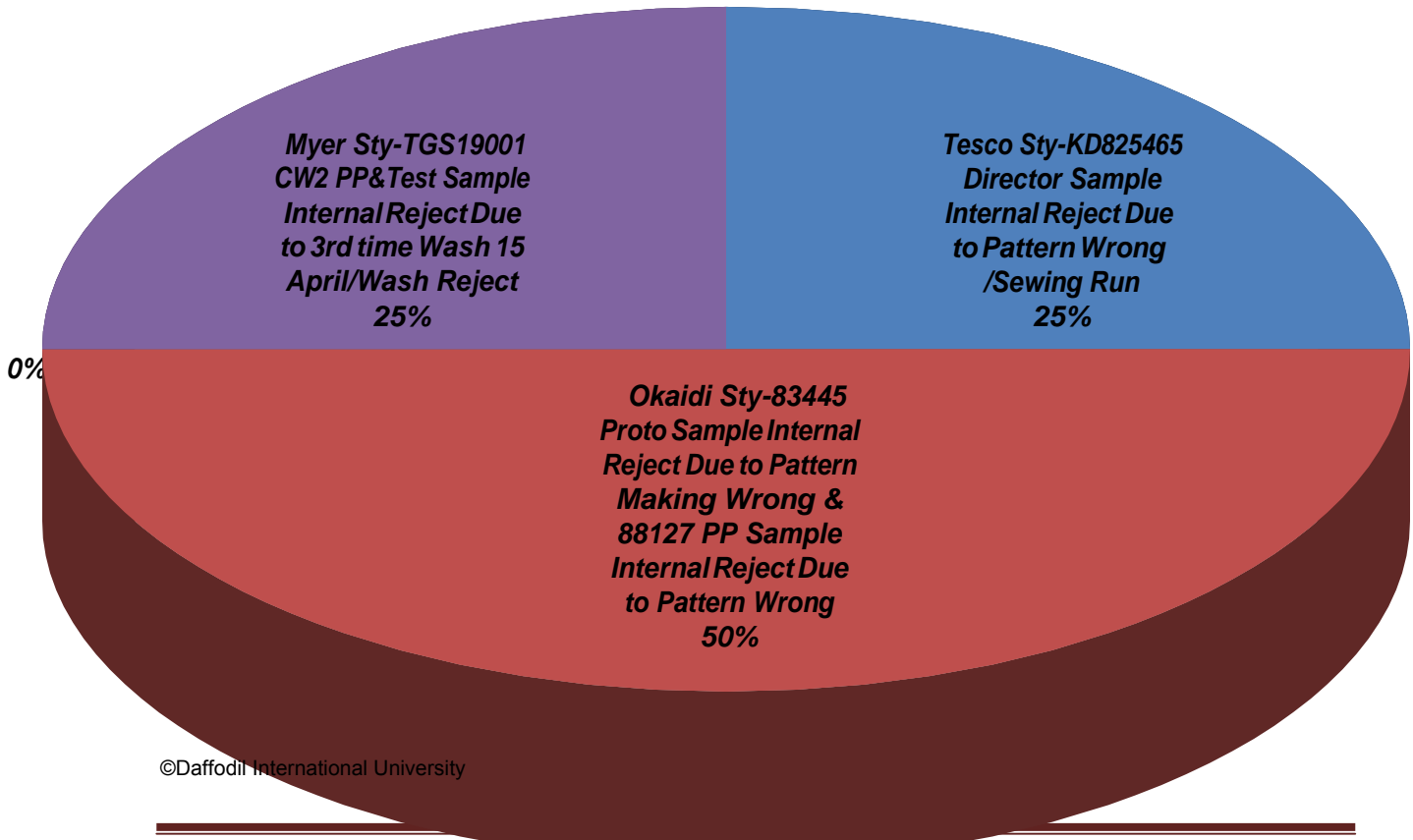
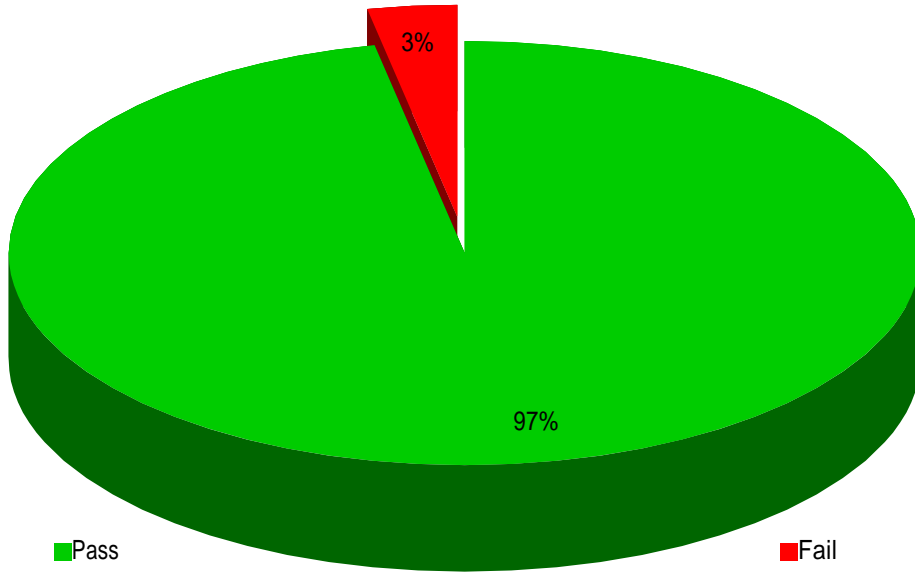


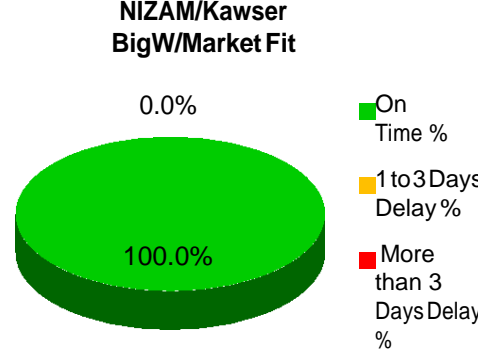
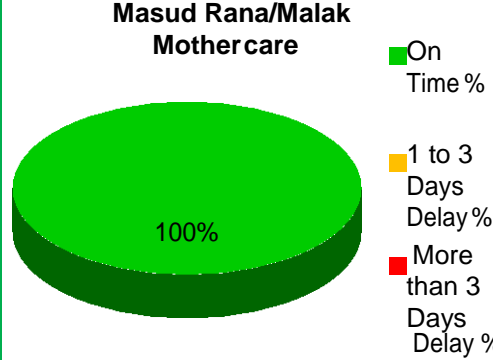
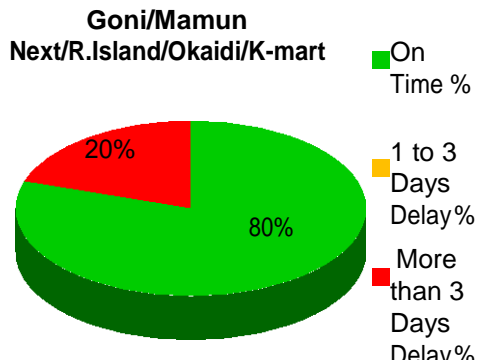
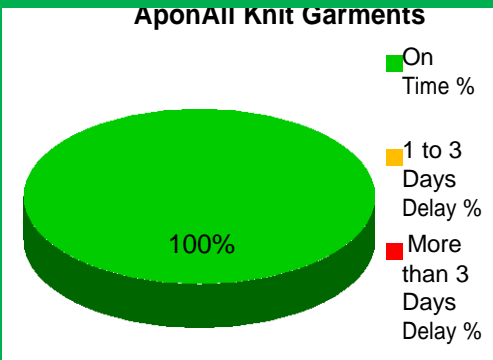
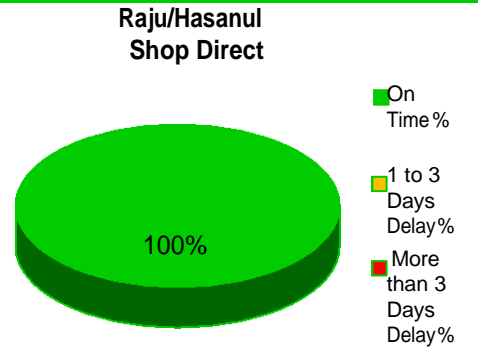
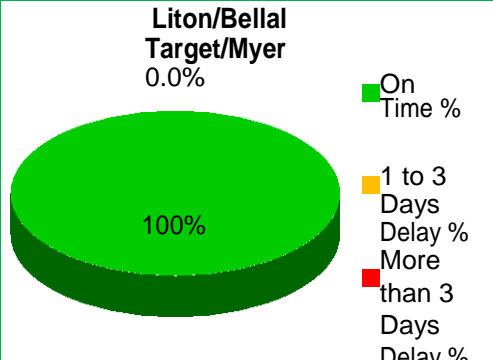
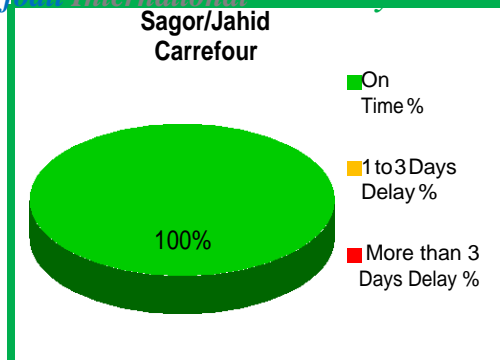
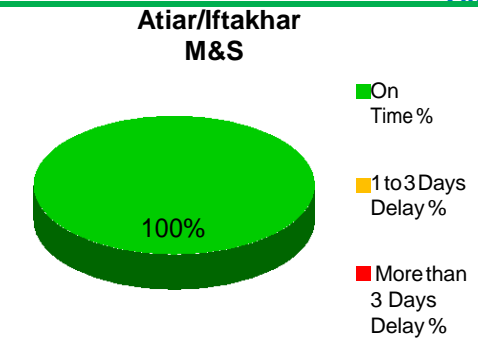
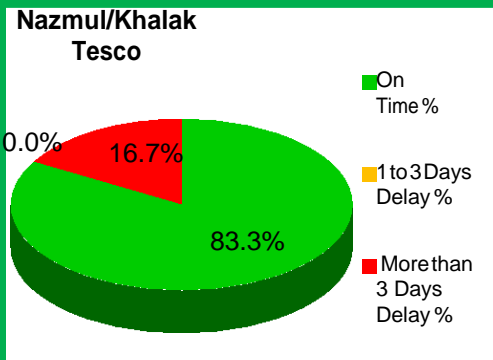
Weekly Sample Internal Rejected

Present Week

11-17 April -2018

Right 1st Time Sample (Internal) Reject



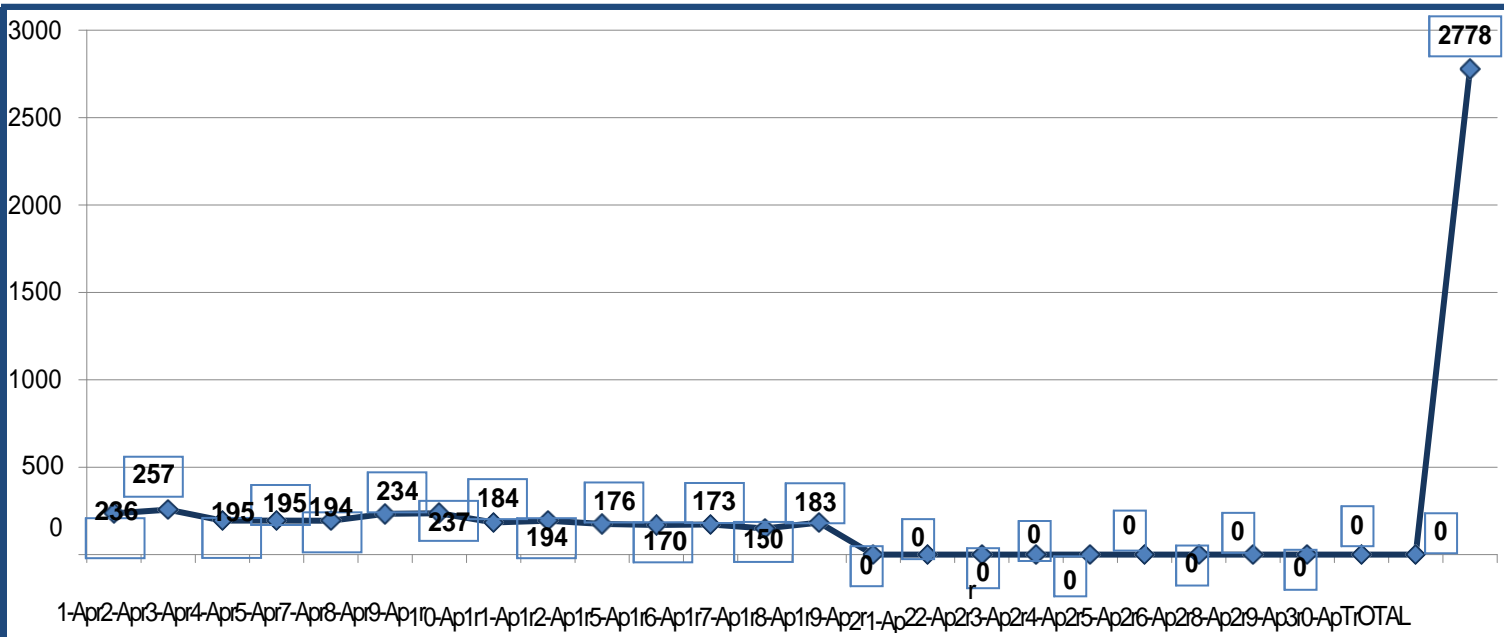


Types of Buyer wise on time

Buyer	Total Style	On Time		1 to 3 Days Delay		More than 3 Days	
		On Time Total Style	On Time	Total(1to3Days Delay)	1 to3Days Delay	Total More than 3 Days Delay	More than 3 Days Delay
BigW	4	4	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Carrefour	3	1	33.3%	0	0.0%	2	66.7%
K-mart	16	16	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
M&S	5	5	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Marketfit	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
Mothercare	1	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Myer	5	3	60.0%	0	0.0%	2	40.0%
Next	1	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Okaidi	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
Shop Direct	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
Targer	4	4	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Tesco	5	3	60.0%	1	20.0%	1	20.0%
Total :	44	38	86.4%	1	2.3%	5	11.4%

SAMPLE TYPE	Total Style	On Time		1 to 3 Days Delay		More than 3 Days	
		On Time Total Style	On Time %	Total(1to3Days Delay)	1 to 3 Days Delay %	More than 3 Days Delay	More than 3 Days Delay %
Bulk	4	4	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
CS	1	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Catalog	1	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
GCS	1	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Marketing	1	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Online	1	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	100.0%
pp	12	9	75.0%	0	0.0%	3	25.0%
Press	1	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
QA	1	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Size Set	4	2	50.0%	1	25.0%	1	25.0%
Test	5	5	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
WASH	12	12	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Total :	44	38	86.4%	1	2.3%	5	11.4%

DAILY SAMPLE SEWING OUTPUT April-2018



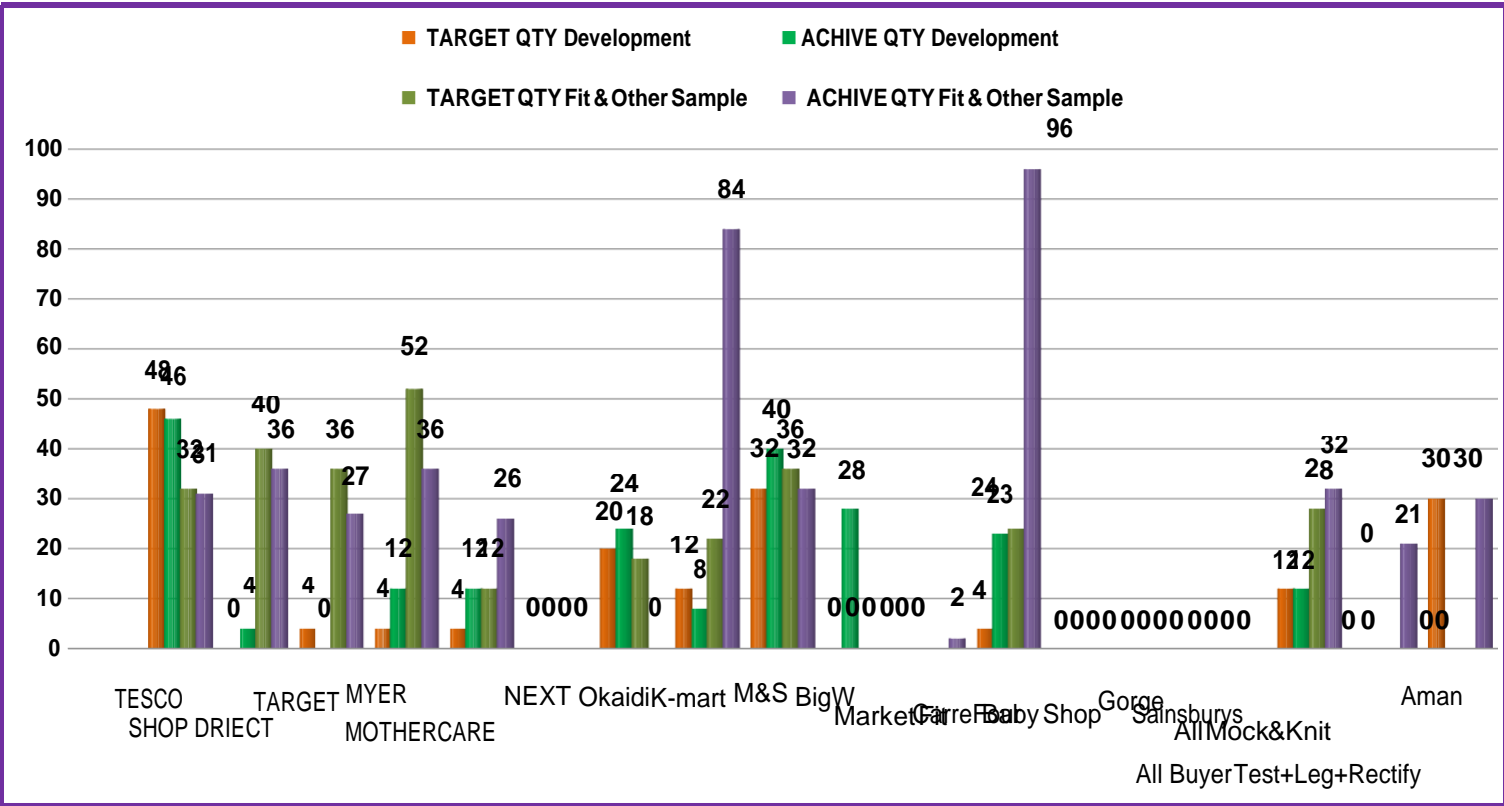
WEEKLY BUYER WISE TARGET QUANTITY & ACHIVE QUANTITY

BUYER	TARGET QTY Development	ACHIVE QTY Development	TARGET QTY Fit & Other Sample	ACHIVE QTY Fit & Other Sample	TARGET QTY	ACHIVE QTY	Next Week Target Plan 18.04.2018 To 24.04.2018		
							DV	Other	Total
TESCO	48	46	32	31	80	77	36	52	88
SHOP DRIECT	0	4	40	36	40	40	16	42	58
TARGET	4	0	36	27	40	27	8	72	80
MYER	4	12	52	36	56	48	8	58	66
MOTHERCARE	4	12	12	26	16	38	8	4	12
NEXT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Okaidi	20	24	18	0	38	24	12	18	30
K-mart	12	8	22	84	34	92	16	56	72
M&S	32	40	36	32	68	72	20	44	64
BigW	0	28	0	0	0	28	0	40	40
Market Fit	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0
CarreFour	4	23	24	96	28	119	32	12	44
Baby Shop	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gorge	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sainsburys	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Mock&Knit	12	12	28	32	40	44	18	12	30
All Buyer Test+Leg+Rectify	0	0	0	21	0	21	0	0	0
Aman	30	0	0	30	30	30	30	0	30
Production	0	0	0	0	0	190	0	0	0

Total :



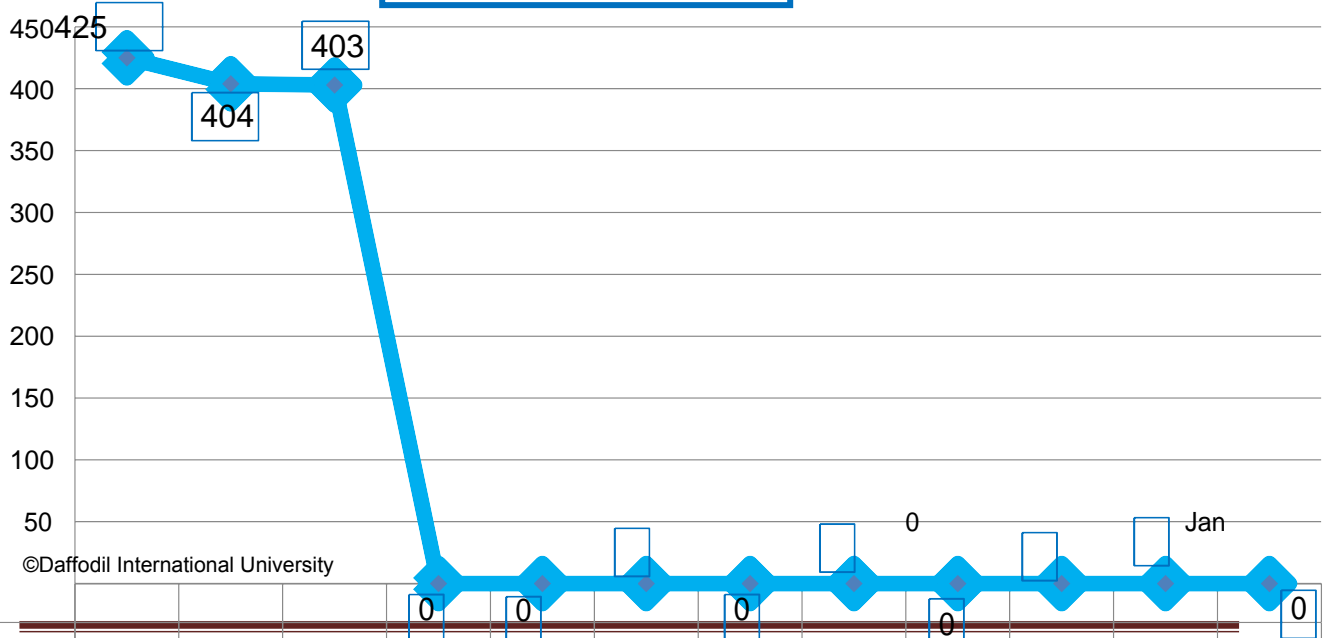
WEEKLY BUYER WISE TARGET QUANTITY & ACHIVE QUANTITY



Style -2018

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	2018
DV	153	134	194										481
Others	272	270	209										751
Total Style	425	404	403										1,232

Monthly Total Style

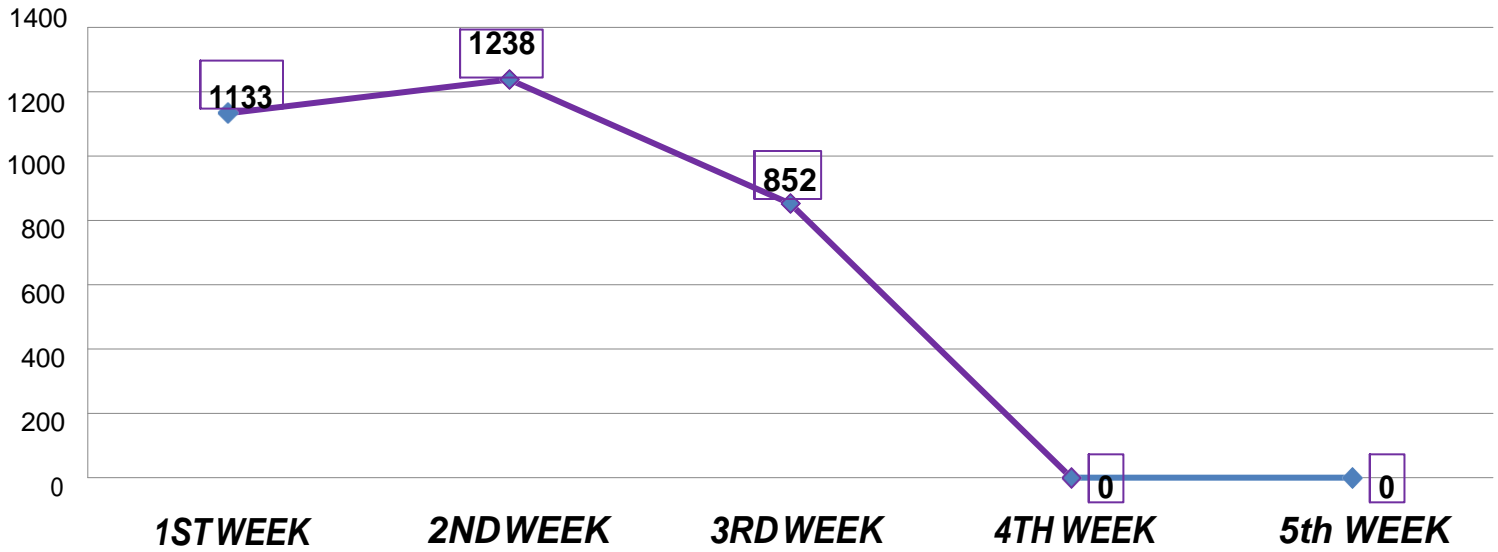


TotalStyle 425

Daffodil International University

				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	
404	403	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

WEEKLY PRODUCTION QTY



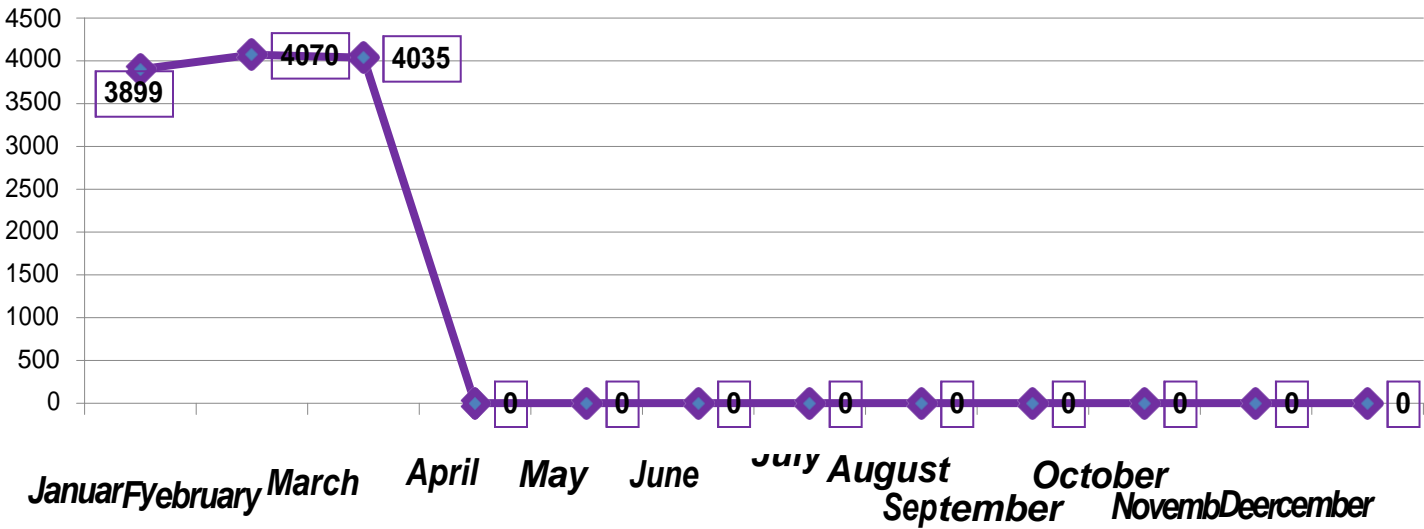
MONTHLY PRODUCTION QTY

AMAN GRAPHICS & DESIGNS LTD

Monthly Sample production QTY-2018

Month	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18	Jun-18	Jul-18	Aug-18	Sep-18	Oct-18	Nov-18	Dec-18	Total
Total Production-2017	3899	4070	4035										12,004

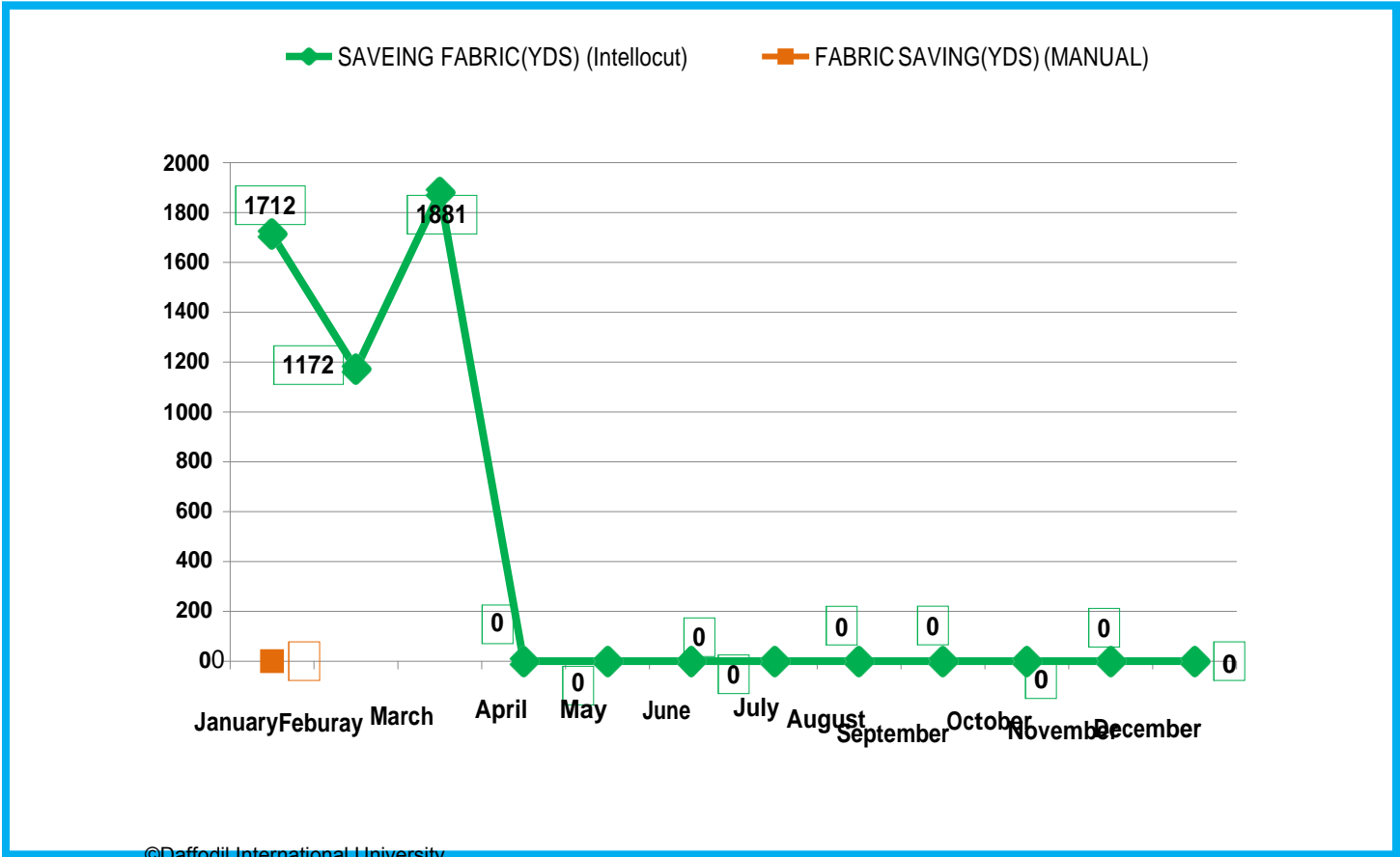
Monthly Sample Production QTY-2018



AMAN GRAPHICS & DESIGN LTD.
MONTHLY TOTAL FABRIC SAVING
YEAR-2018

MONTH	Style (Intellect)	FABRIC SAVEING YDS (Intellect)	SAVEING %	Style (MANUAL)	FABRIC SAVING(YDS) (MANUAL)
January	32	1712	1%	0	0
Feburay	29	1172	1%	0	0
March	29	1881	1.54%		
April					
May					
June					
July					
August					
September					
October					
November					
December					
TOTAL	90	4765	1%	0	0

AMAN GRAPHICS & DESIGN LTD.
MONTHLY TOTAL FABRIC SAVING-(Intellect)&(Manual)
YEAR-2018



Aman Graphics & Design Ltd.

Nizamnagar, Hemayetpur Savar Dhaka.

SAMPLE DEPARTMET OTHER EXPENCES BUDGET

MONTH OF - 2018

SL NO	PARTICULARS	January-2018		February-2018		March-2018	
		Budget	cost	Budget	cost	Budget	cost
1	TIFFIN	10,000	0 BDT	10,000	2,548 BDT	10,000	5383.50 BDT
1	FRIDAY & Night	50,000	0 BDT	50,000	18,250 BDT	50,000	5,675 BDT
TOTAL =			0 BDT		20,798 BDT		11,058.50 BDT
Balances=		60,000	0 BDT	60,000	39,202 BDT	60,000	48,941.50 BDT

Aman Graphics & Design Ltd.

Nizamnagar, Hemayetpur Savar Dhaka.

SAMPLE DEPARTMET CONVEYANCE BUDGET

CONVEYANCE BUDGET			25,000 BDT
1	01.04.2018 To 12.04.2018	BUDGET	6,250 BDT
		Our Cost	6,825 BDT
		Over Budget =	-575 BDT
2		BUDGET	6,250 BDT
		Our Cost	BDT
		Balances =	BDT
3		BUDGET	6,250 BDT
		Our Cost	BDT
		Balances =	BDT
4		BUDGET	6,250 BDT
		Our Cost	BDT
		Balances =	BDT

Aman Graphics & Design Ltd.

Shinger Road, Hemayetpur Savar Dhaka.

SAMPLE DEPARTMET CONVEYANCE BUDGET

CONVEYANCE BUDGET

25,000 BDT

1	Our Cost	17,192 BDT
2	Balances =	7,808 BDT

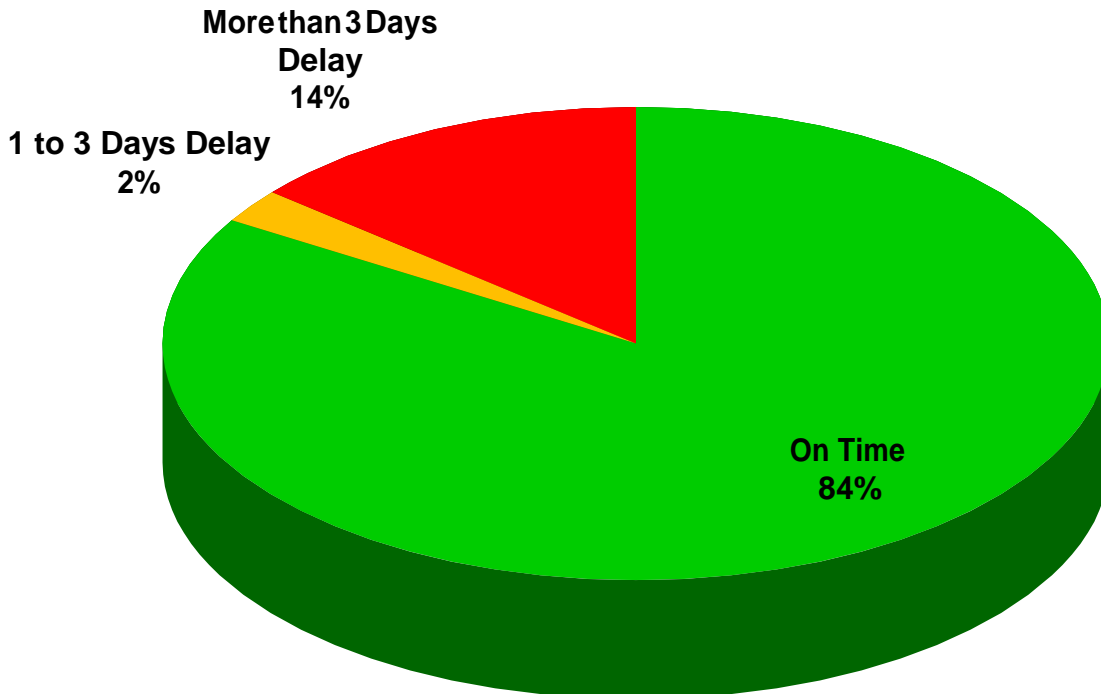
Najimnagar, Hemayetpur, Savar, Dhaka

Sl. NO	DATE	Time	NAME	ID	Designation	A/C	CONVAN CE BILL	FOOD BILL	Others BILL	TOTAL
1	01.04.2018	1	Kabil Hossain	0301419	Ass.Manager	244.151.43820	270	200	0	470
2	02.04.2018 To 07.04.2018	2	Abdur Rashed	0301624	QA	244.103.121234	360	200	0	560
3	02.04.2018 To 04.04.2018	2	Ashraful	500174	Q.A	223.103.42024	495	90	0	585
4	03.04.2018 To 05.04.2018	2	Aslam Khan	0300346	Q.A.E	223.103.14344	835	90	0	925
5	03.04.2018 To 05.04.2018	2	Shakawat	0300964	Q.A.E	244.103.9989	990	540	0	1530
6	05.04.2018 To 07.04.2018	2	Shohel Shojib	0301448	QA	244.151.43820	565	90	0	655
7	09.04.2018	1	Didaru Islam	0500433	QA	223.103.15620	420	180	0	600
8	10.04.2018 To 12.04.2018	2	Masud	0300005	P.Master	223.151.2712	400	300	0	700
9	12.04.2018	1	JALAL UDDIN OVE	0300917	Q.D.A	244.103.7019	0	850	0	850
Total							4335	2540	0	6875

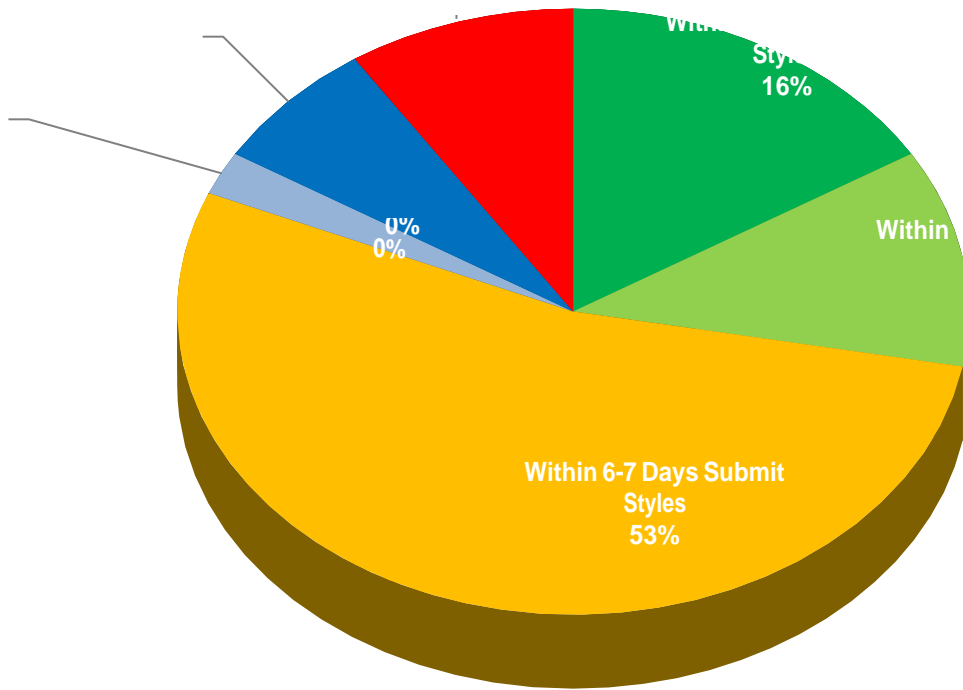
WEEKLY SAMPLE PERFORMANCE

Present Week 11-17 April -2018

SAMPLE DEPARTMENT(Development) PERFORMANCE

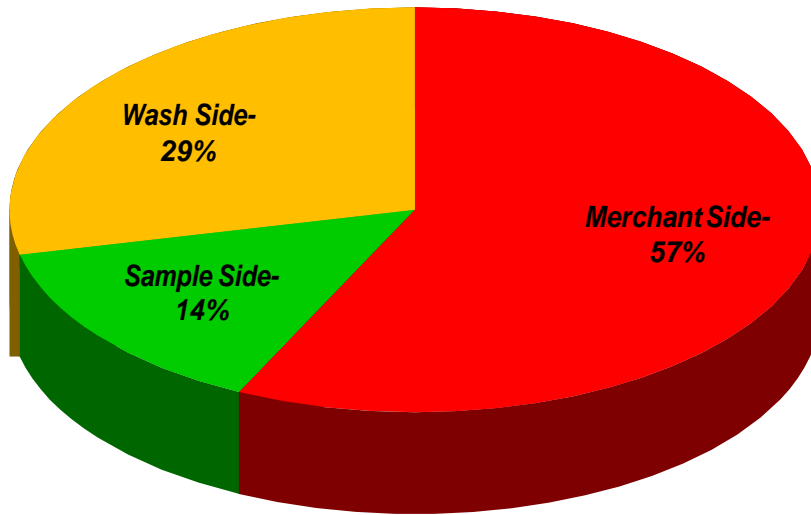


Total	Within 3 Days Submit Styles	Within 4-5 Days Submit Styles	Within 6-7 Days Submit Styles	Within 8-10 Days Submit Styles	Delay	Not Sub Styles
43	7	5	23	1	3	4
Delay %	16%	12%	54%	2%	7%	9%



Total Delay Style	Reason For Delay				
	Merchant Side-	Sample Side-	Wash Side-	Print Side-	Embroidery Side-
7	4	1	2	0	0
Delay %	57%	14%	29%	0%	0%

Reason For Delay



Delay & Not Sub Styles

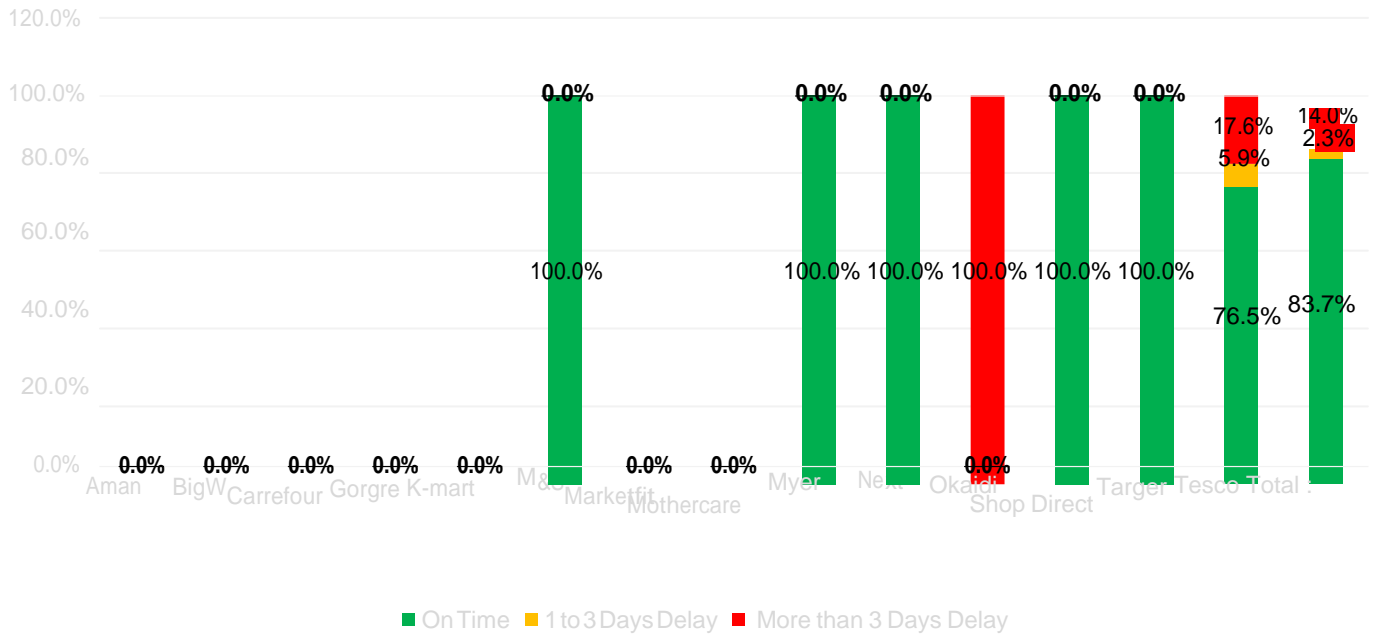
8-Apr	15-Apr	OKAIDI	83445	Proto	4	Not	Not Sub For Internal Reject Due to Pattern Making Wrong
11-Apr	16-Apr	OKAIDI	83445	Proto	4	Not	Not Sub For Wash Sent 15 April Still Not Come Over Dye Wash
8-Apr	15-Apr	OKAIDI	87968	Proto	4	Not	Not Sub For Wash Sent 15 April Still Not Come Over Dye Wash
1-Apr	8-Apr	TESCO	2PK Twill Short	Develop	4	11-Apr	3 Day Delay For Trims Given Delay By Merchant
4-Apr	11-Apr	TESCO	R.W.R.UpTrousers	Develop	4	15-Apr	4 Day Delay For Draw Cord Given Delay By Merchant
5-Apr	12-Apr	TESCO	Baseball Shirt	Develop	4	16-Apr	4 Day Delay For Rib Given Delay By Merchant
9-Apr	17-Apr	TESCO	Lightweight Woven Jogger	Develop	4	Not	Not Sub For Draw Cord Pending By Merchant

WEEKLY BUYER WISE ON TIME SAMPLE

11-17 April-2018

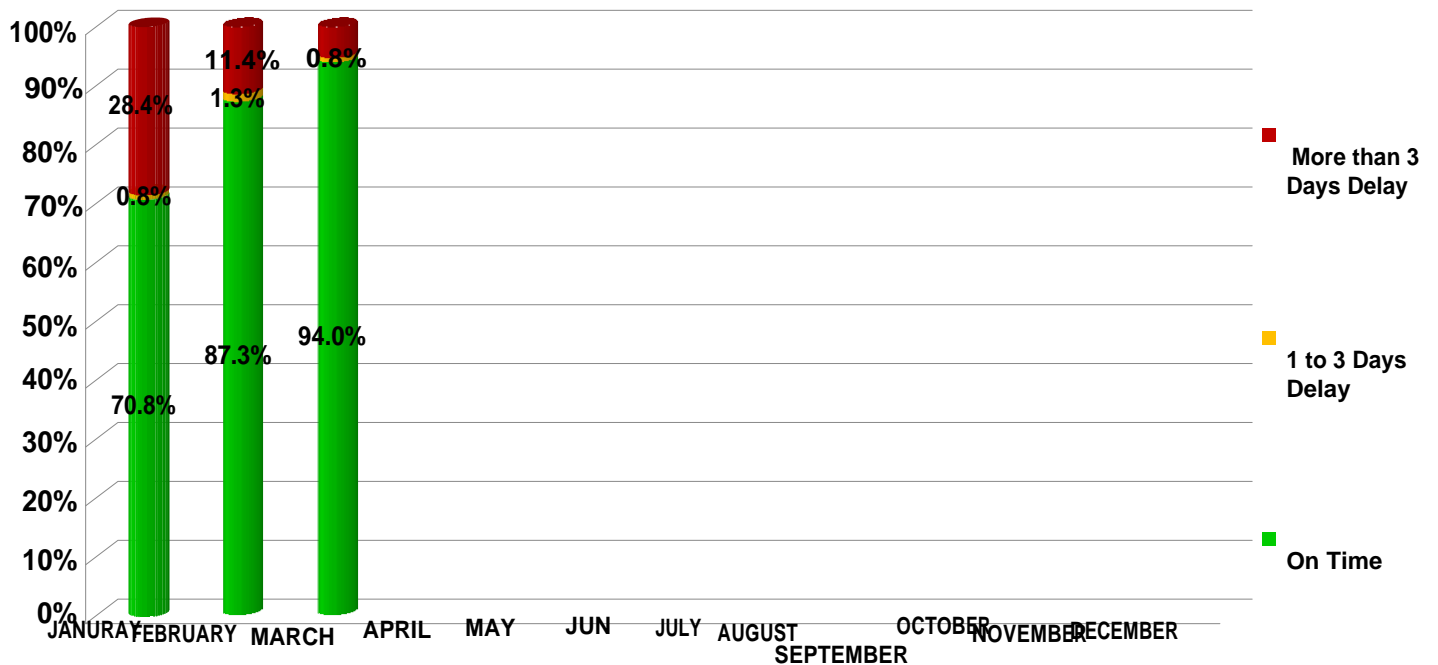
Present Week

Weekly Buyer wise on time



Monthly BUYER WISE ON TIME SAMPLE

MONTH WISE SAMPLE (Development) PERFORMANCE

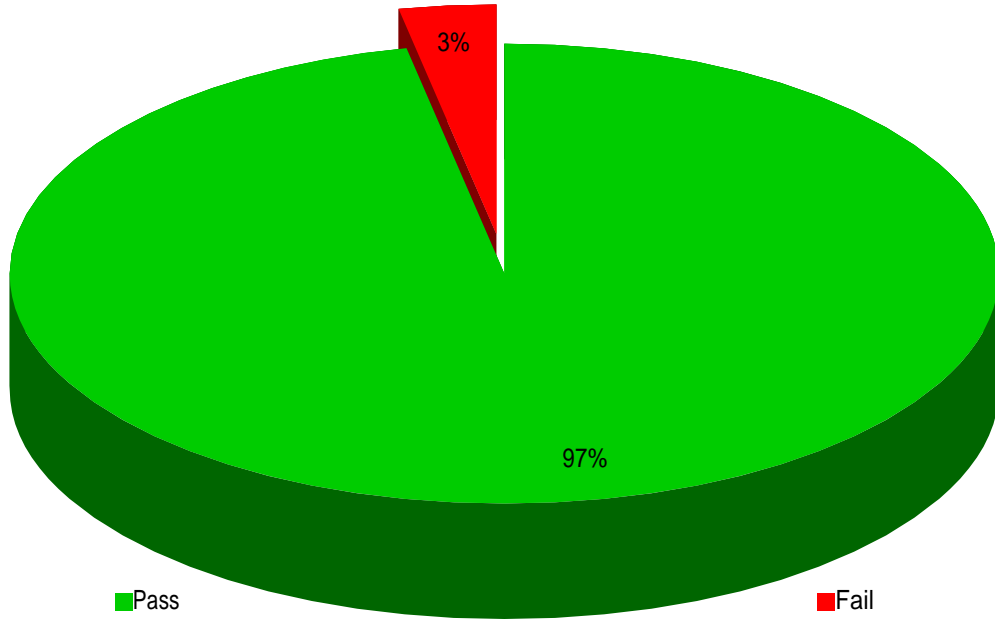


Weekly Sample Internal Rejected

Present Week

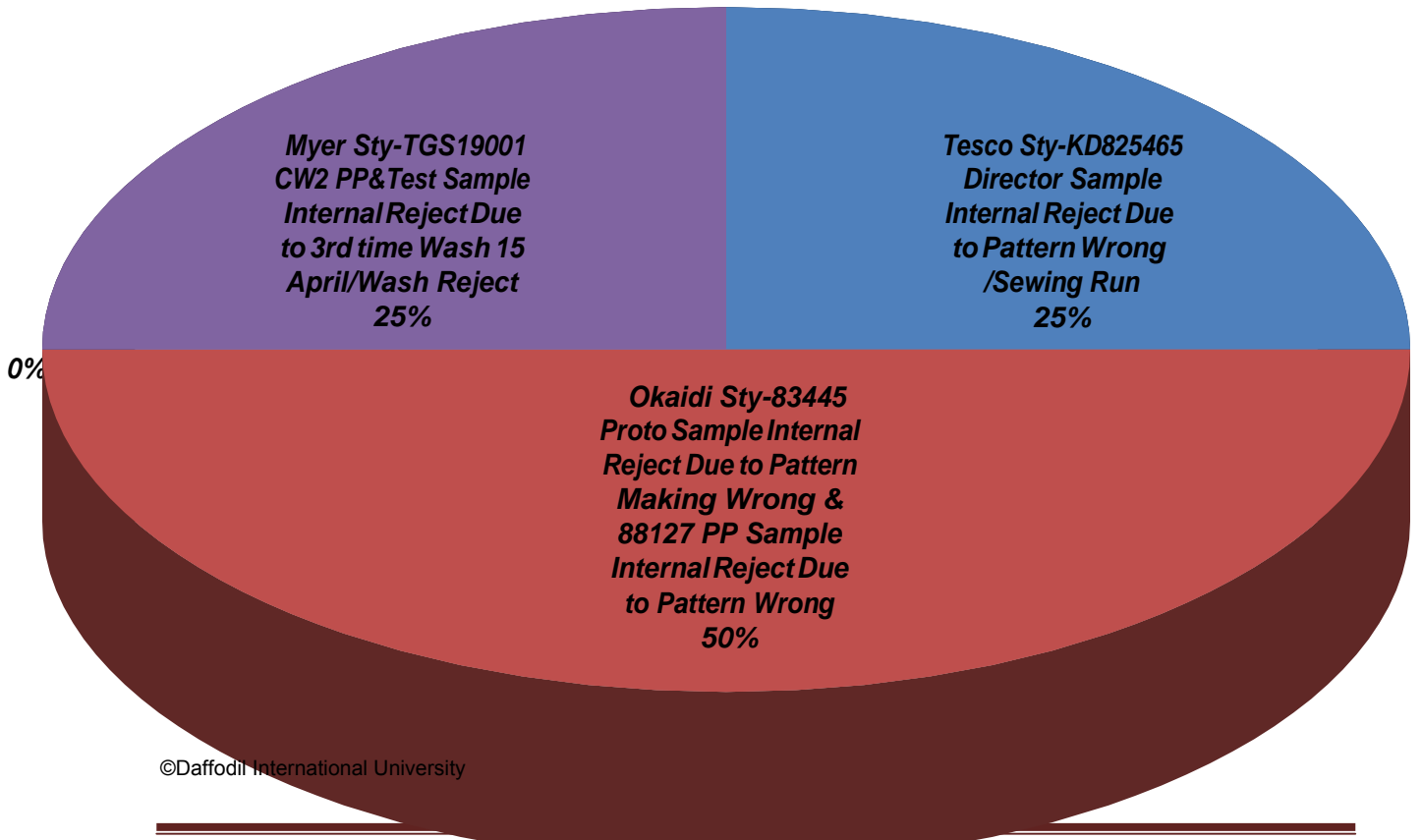
11-17 April -2018

Right 1st Time Sample(Internal)Reject

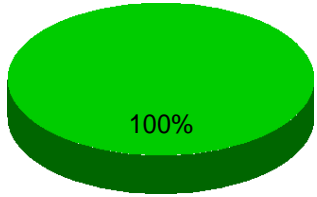


Present Week 11-17 April -2018

11-17 April -2018

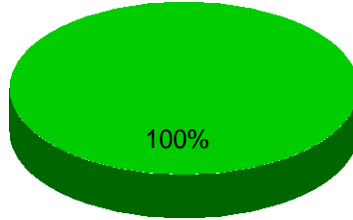


**Apon
AllKnit**



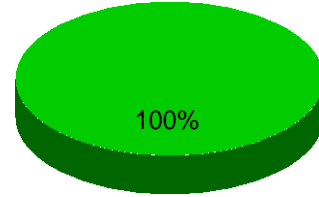
On Time %
1 to 3 Days Delay %
More than 3 Days Delay %

**Masud Rana/Malak
Mother care**



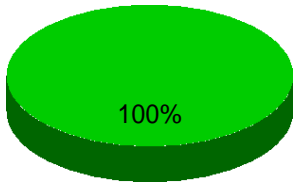
On Time %
1 to 3 Days Delay %
More than 3 Days Delay %

**Sagor/Jahid
Carrefour**



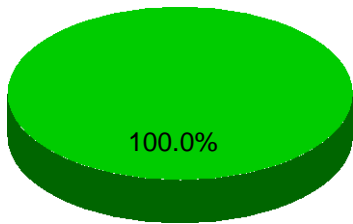
On Time %
1 to 3 Days Delay %
More than 3 Days Delay %

**Atiar/Iftakhar
M&S**



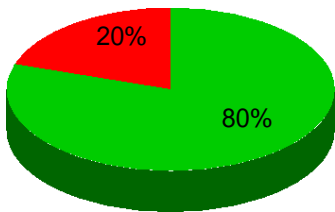
On Time %
1 to 3 Days Delay %
More than 3 Days Delay %

**NAZIMU/KNAIAK
Tesco**



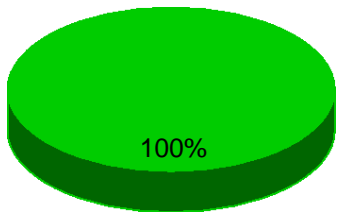
On Time %
1 to 3 Days Delay %
More than 3 Days Delay %

**Goni/Mamun
Next/Okaidi/Kmart/R. Islan
d**



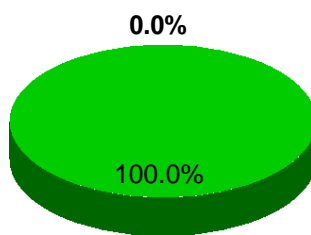
On Time %
1 to 3 Days Delay %
More than 3 Days Delay %

**Raju/Hasanul
Shop Direct**



On Time %
1 to 3 Days Delay %
More than 3 Days Delay %

**Nijam/Kawsar
M-Fit/BigW**



On Time %
1 to 3 Days Delay %
More than 3 Days Delay %

Types of Buyer wise on time

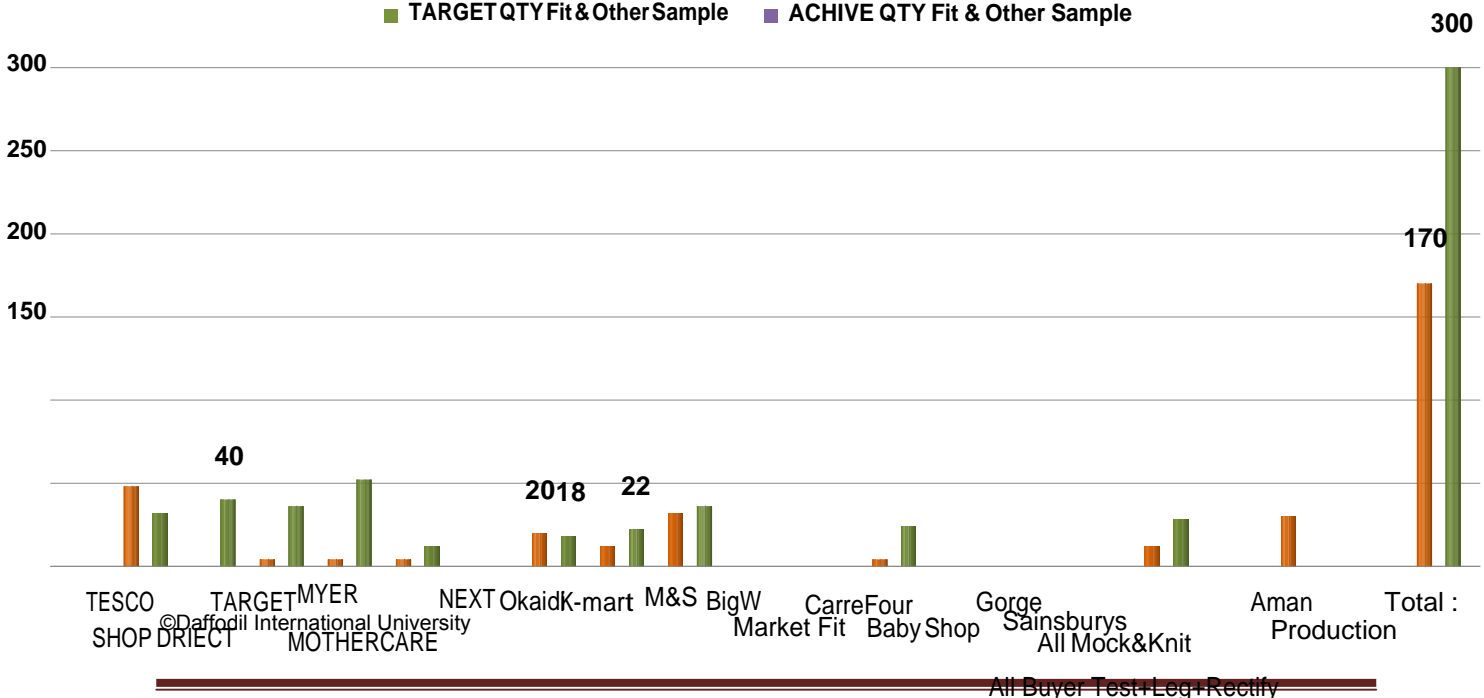
Buyer	Total Style	On Time		1 to 3 Days Delay		More than 3 Days	
		On Time Total Style	On Time	Total (1 to 3 Days Delay)	1 to 3 Days Delay	Total More than 3 Days Delay	More than 3 Days Delay
Aman	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
BigW	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
Carrefour	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
Gorgre	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
K-mart	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
M&S	12	12	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Marketfit	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
Mothercare	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
Myer	1	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Next	5	5	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Okaidi	3	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
Shop Direct	4	4	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Targer	1	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Tesco	17	13	76.5%	1	5.9%	3	17.6%
Total :	43	36	83.7%	1	2.3%	6	14.0%

SAMPLE TYPE	Total Style	On Time		1 to 3 Days Delay		More than 3 Days	
		On Time Total Style	On Time %	Total (1 to 3 Days Delay)	1 to 3 Days Delay %	More than 3 Days Delay	More than 3 Days Delay %
Block	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
Buying	7	7	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Development	28	24	85.7%	1	3.6%	3	10.7%
Fit	1	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Proto	7	4	57.1%	0	0.0%	3	42.9%
RR	0	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
Total :	43	36	83.7%	1	2.3%	6	14.0%

WEEKLY BUYER WISE TARGET QUANTITY & ACHIVE QUANTITY

BUYER	TARGET QTY Development	ACHIVE QTY Development	TARGET QTY Fit & Other Sample	ACHIVE QTY Fit & Other Sample	TARGET QTY	ACHIVE QTY	Next Week Target Plan 18.04.2018 To 24.04.2018		
							DV	Other	Total
TESCO	48	46	32	31	80	77	36	52	88
SHOP DRIECT	0	4	40	36	40	40	16	42	58
TARGET	4	0	36	27	40	27	8	72	80
MYER	4	12	52	36	56	48	8	58	66
MOTHERCARE	4	12	12	26	16	38	8	4	12
NEXT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Okaidi	20	24	18	0	38	24	12	18	30
K-mart	12	8	22	84	34	92	16	56	72
M&S	32	40	36	32	68	72	20	44	64
BigW	0	28	0	0	0	28	0	40	40
Market Fit	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0
CarreFour	4	23	24	96	28	119	32	12	44
Baby Shop	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gorge	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sainsburys	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Mock&Knit	12	12	28	32	40	44	18	12	30
All Buyer Test+Leg+Rectify	0	0	0	21	0	21	0	0	0
Aman	30	0	0	30	30	30	30	0	30
Production	0	0	0	0	0	190	0	0	0
Total :	170	209	300	453	470	852	204	410	614

■ TARGET QTY Development ■ ACHIVE QTY Development
■ TARGET QTY Fit & Other Sample ■ ACHIVE QTY Fit & Other Sample



Composite Textiles Ltd.
 Momin Nagar, Gorai, Mirzapur, Tangail.

Hourly DHU Report (At Sewing QC Table)

DHU % = $\frac{\text{Ttl defects qty}}{\text{Ttl Check qty}} \times 100$
 Date: 10-07-18
 DHU AVG %

10-07-18
 Order No: 333-669 Style Name: L.S.TEE SHIRT Color: BLACK/WHITE
 Floor No: K.F.2 Line No: 04 Table Quality Name: Edge

Defects Name	Hour										Total
	08-09	09-10	10-11	11-12	12-01	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	
Broken Stitch											
Button											
Button hole											
Fabric fault											
Drop stitch											
Needle hole											
Improper tuck	02	01	1	03	03	00	01				
Improper shape											
Joint stitch											
Label fault	0										
Measurement											
Needle mark		01									
Open seam			00								
Print fault											
Embroidery											
Puckering											
Pleat											
Rawedge			01	01	0	00	00				
Reverse											
Slanted											
Skip stitch											
Shading											
Thread mistake											
Twisting											
Thread tension											
Up-down											
Un-even											
Uncut thread	03	03	03	03	03	03	03				
Wavyness											
Wrong SPI											
Yarn cont											
Collar											
Placket											
Pocket											
Side Band											
Oil Spot											
Cutting Sticker	1	11	11	11	11	11	11				
Dirty Spot	1	11			11	1					
Rejects											
Other											
Total Check gmts	102	171	157	170	152	182	150				
Total pass gmts	95	160	147	160	140	172	140				
Total Defectives gmts	7	11	10	10	12	10	10				
Total defects qty	7	11	10	10	12	10	10				
DHU %	6.86%	6.43%	6.36%	5.88%	7.89%	5.49%	6.65%				
Defects rectified qty	7	11	10	10	12	10	10				
Defects balance qty											
Rectify Defects Check & Pass	7	11	10	10	12	10	10				
Rejects qty											
Supervisor Signature											

TOP 3 defect	Root Cause	CAP	Responsible Person	Implementation Da

Summary of Reports (Aman Graphics & Design Ltd.) in finishing section

Date	Buyer	InspectedQty	Defects																
			Brokenstitch	Button	Openseam	Rawedge	Skipstitch	pleat	Oilspot	Dirtyspot	Uncutthread	Cutdamage	Yarn contamination	waviness	Joinstitch	Twisting	Needlehole	Slanted	Rejects
22-06-18	H&M	1250	18	2	6	2	5	11	1	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
3-6-18	VEKO MODA	1400	3	0	0	0	4	3	0	15	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
11-06-18	H&M	1990		0	1	0	1	0	0	11	1	3	4	0	0	0	0	2	0
12-06-18	H&M	1510	7	0	0	0	1	0	6	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13-06-18	H&M	2029	3	0	1	0	1	0	12	1	0	3	0	5	0	0	0	1	2
3-06-18	H&M	6170	10	0	3	1	14	7	4	200	0	1	0	0	3	2	0	0	10
22-06-2018	H&M	455	4	0	1	3	0	0	5	0	6	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	1
Total	14804	474 (3.20%)																	
		9.49	0.42	2.53	1.26	5.48	4.43	5.90	55.27	5.69	1.68	0.84	1.05	0.63	0.42	0.21	0.42	3.79	0.42

Here is the highest defects % **55.27** dirty spot.

Woven data from finishing section:

AMA

DAILY SE

July-18

Line Name	Total No. of Pieces Inspected	Total No. of Pieces Pass	Total No. of Defective Pieces	M			
				Un cut thread	Puckering	Broken Stitch	Bartack missing
Line -1	3384	3304	188	3	18	9	0
Line -2	1477	1325	152	0	3	0	0
Line -3	5073	4870	203	9	0	7	4
Line -4	4371	4182	189	2	0	12	7
Line -5	3937	3714	223	0	13	6	1
Line -6	5621	5371	250	3	1	4	4
Line -7	6548	6254	294	3	1	1	3
Line -8	6819	6695	124	12	0	2	2
Line -9	3300	3074	226	0	31	15	0
Line -10	6077	5914	163	1	0	0	0
Line -11	4305	4065	240	5	8	0	0
Line -12	5557	5395	162	0	0	0	0
Line -13	3730	3547	183	4	10	8	2
Line -14	3570	3384	186	0	1	6	3
Line -15	4389	4173	216	0	10	0	3
Line -16	2920	2802	118	15	3	0	0
Line -17	3542	3424	118	3	11	1	1

Line -18	3053	2986	67	0	3	0	0
Line -19	2520	2467	53	0	3	3	1
Line -20	3622	3450	172	0	0	0	0
Line -21	2929	2842	87	0	0	2	1
Line -22	5221	5097	124	0	0	3	1
Line -23	5588	5233	355	0	18	10	0
Line -24	5285	5122	163	0	0	0	0
Line -25	3971	3885	86	0	2	0	0
Line -26	4797	4464	333	0	8	9	17
Line -27	3120	3015	105	0	4	0	0
Line -28	2107	2010	97	0	1	2	0
Line -29	2926	2790	136	0	0	0	2
Line -30	4298	4024	274	11	1	1	2
Line -31	5551	5288	263	6	0	0	4
	114726	110054	4780	60	148	98	50
Total Defect				0.05	0.13	0.09	0.04
DHU							
Defect Classification							
Classification %							

AMA
SEWING

July-18

Line Name	Tot	Tot	Tot	M
------------------	------------	------------	------------	----------

	al No. of Pieces Inspected	al No. of Pieces Pass	al No. of Defective Pieces	Un cut thread	Puckering	Broken Stitch	Bartack missing
Line -1	4100	3973	127	9	3	5	0
Line -2	5820	5653	167	0	0	3	0
Line -3	4200	4010	190	11	2	9	0
Line -4	2306	2191	115	0	0	12	8
Line -5	1485	1398	87	0	0	0	0
Line -6	4521	4310	211	1	7	31	0
Line -7	5175	4916	259	0	21	21	20
Line -8	5615	5438	177	0	9	19	25
Line -9	1476	1308	168	0	7	0	0
Line -10	5011	4747	264	0	0	0	11
Line -11	4111	3851	260	3	14	15	6
Line -12	3075	2794	281	1	3	0	0
Line -13	4466	3977	489	0	23	31	9
Line -14	2400	2163	237	0	0	42	2
Line -15	4670	4418	252	0	17	41	42
Line -16	4850	4500	350	0	14	30	0
Line -17	3260	2968	292	0	4	64	11
Line -18	7119	6855	264	0	4	9	0
Line -19	4760	4518	242	0	0	81	0
Line -20	4220	3909	311	0	18	21	23
Line -21	5605	5461	144	17	0	40	25
Line -22	4357	4242	115	0	1	9	0
Line -23	3500	3282	218	0	18	27	0
Line -24	6425	6283	142	15	0	0	0
Line -25	4650	4500	150	0	0	2	4
Line -26	3520	3341	179	0	5	22	0
Line -27	6300	6004	296	0	0	37	0
Line -28	4350	4191	159	0	40	23	3

16	T	5	3	3																	0	0.000	21.35%
J	E	3	8	0																	0	0.000	
U	S	5	4	2																	0	0.000	
I	C																				0	0.000	
	O																				0	0.000	
17	T	5	5	5																	0	0.000	10.79%
J	E	3	9	2																	0	0.000	
U	S	5	3	9																	0	0.000	
I	C																				0	0.000	
	O																				0	0.000	
				0																	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
				0																	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
				0																	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
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				0																	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
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				0																	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
				0																	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!

July-18

Inspector Name: Seragul

Date	Buyer Name	Style	Total No. of Pieces Inspected	Total No. of Pieces Pass	Total No. of Defective Pieces	Man									
						Un cutthread	Puckering	Broken Stitch	Bartack missing	Button or hole Missing	Uneven Shap	HOLL	Up Down	Shading	Open Seam
1-Jul	TESCO	3689	850	814	36			7	6	8			8		
2-Jul	TESCO	3689	740	705	35			6	5	8					
3-Jul	TESCO	3689	770	731	39			4	9	6			8		
4-Jul	TESCO	3689	820	780	40			8	9				8		
5-Jul	TESCO	3689	800	775	25			2	5		2				2
7-Jul	TESCO	3689	904	858	46			9	4				11		
8-Jul	TESCO	3689	915	870	45			8	9				9		
9-Jul	TESCO	3689	1015	969	46			8		10			5		
10-Jul	TESCO	3689	835	794	41			12	8				9		
11-Jul	TESCO	3689	847	820	27				8						
12-Jul	TESCO	3689	290	275	15			3					4		
14-Jul	M & S	2528 M	100	89	11										
15-Jul	M & S	2528 M	425	396	29			9					6		

16-Jul	M & S	2528 M	294	278	16						2		4			2
17-Jul	M & S	2528 M	350	333	17						1		4			3
18-Jul				0												
				0												
				0												
				0												
				0												
				0												
				0												
				0												
			9955	9487	468	0	0	76	63	32	5	0	76	0	0	7
Total Defect						0.00	0.00	0.76	0.63	0.32	0.05	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.07
DHU						259										
Defect Classification						55.82%										
Classification %																

				Tota					
							Un cutthread	Puckering	Broken Stitch
2-Jul	shop derect	1219	75	65	10				
3-Jul	shop derect	1219	183	162	21				2
4-Jul	shop derect	1219	340	318	22				5
7-Jul	M/CARE	863	410	387	23				
8-Jul	M/CARE	863	497	468	29				
9-Jul	M/CARE	863	550	523	27				2
10-Jul	M/CARE	863	360	338	22				
11-Jul	M/CARE	863	215	201	14				
12-Jul	M/CARE	863	635	607	28				
14-Jul	M/CARE	863	480	455	25				
16-Jul	TESCO	825525	20	15	5				
17-Jul	TESCO	825525	135	120	15				
				0					
				0					
				0					
				0					
				0					
			3900	3659	241	0	0	9	
Total Defect						0.00	0.00	0.23	

DHU	
Defect Classification	
Classification %	

Factory : BEATS FASHION LTD Item :126222
 Inspector : LAILY PO/Art :325459

Description		1	2	3
Total Received		643	463	340
		643	1103	1443
Ok		600	451	320
		600	1050	1350
Alter		43	40	40
		43	83	123
Alter Rectified		20	10	20
		20	30	50
TotalOk		620	451	320
		620	1050	1350
	Waist	B-10	B-10	SK- 5/D3
	Front part	SK- 5/B-5	BR- 6/D-3	BR- 5/D-2
	Side seam	O5P-3	BR- 3/SK-5	SK- 5/O P-2
	In seam		SK-3	
	Back part	B-10	SK-5	B-10
	Bottom	B-10	B-5	B-10
L/Chief sing				
Chief Controller				

B B	Brocke n stitch	E	Embroid ery	IS	Incomple te stitch	N	Needle Mark	P	Puckeri ng	S K	Skip Stitch	TH	Thread Mistake	V	Visibl e Edge
B B	Bubbl ing	F	Fabric fault	I M	Ink mark	N S	Narrow w Stitch	R	Run Of Stitch	S P	Slante d Pocket	U	Uneven Stitch	W	Weav eb Zipper
B R	Bar tack missing	G	Gathering	L	Level mistake	o	Oil Mark	R E	Raw Edge	T	Twiste d	UP	Uneven Point	W M	
D	Damag e	HP	High law PKT	L S	Loop Slanted	O p	Open Stitch	RJ	Reject	T T	Tensio n Tight	UI	Uneven Lob	WS	
D T	Dirty	H W	High low waist	M	Missing Stich	O v	Over Stitch	S	Shading	T L	Tensio n Loose	U W	Uneven widthWid ith	DS	

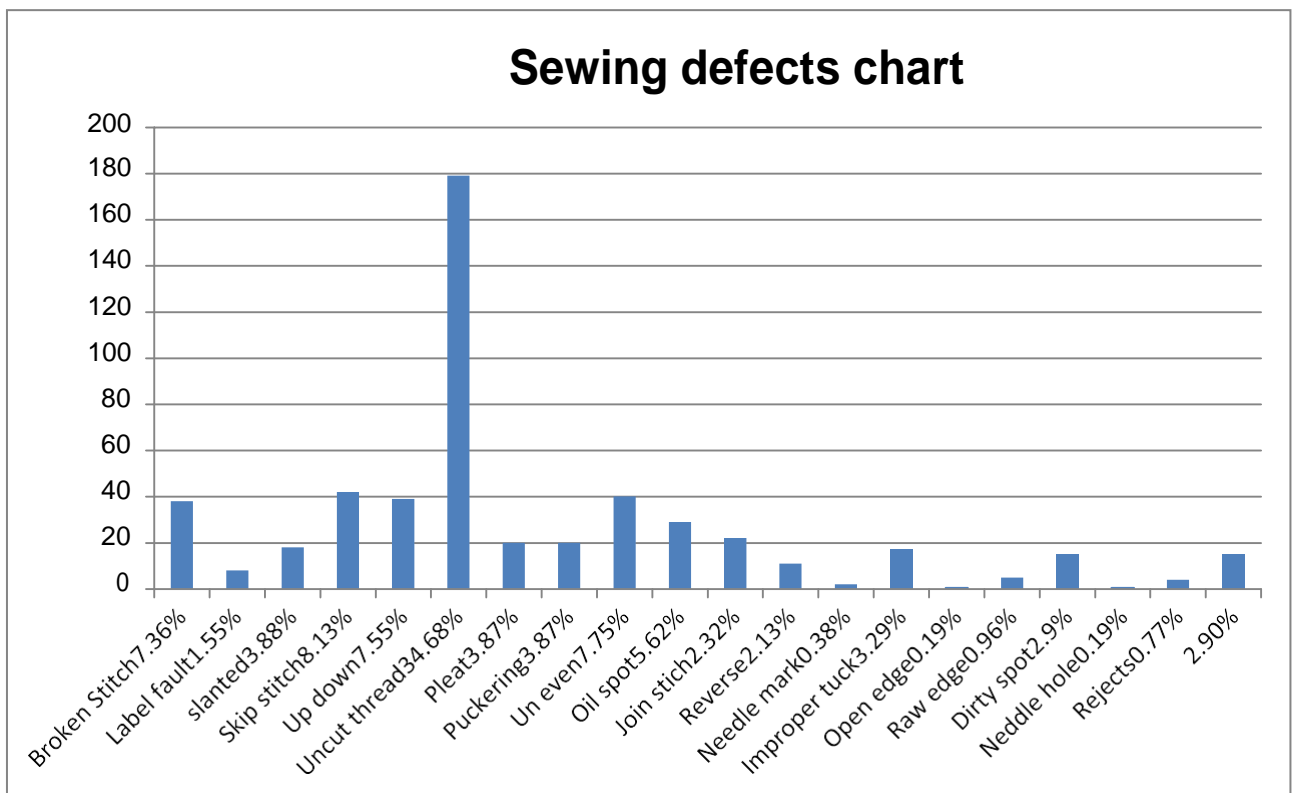
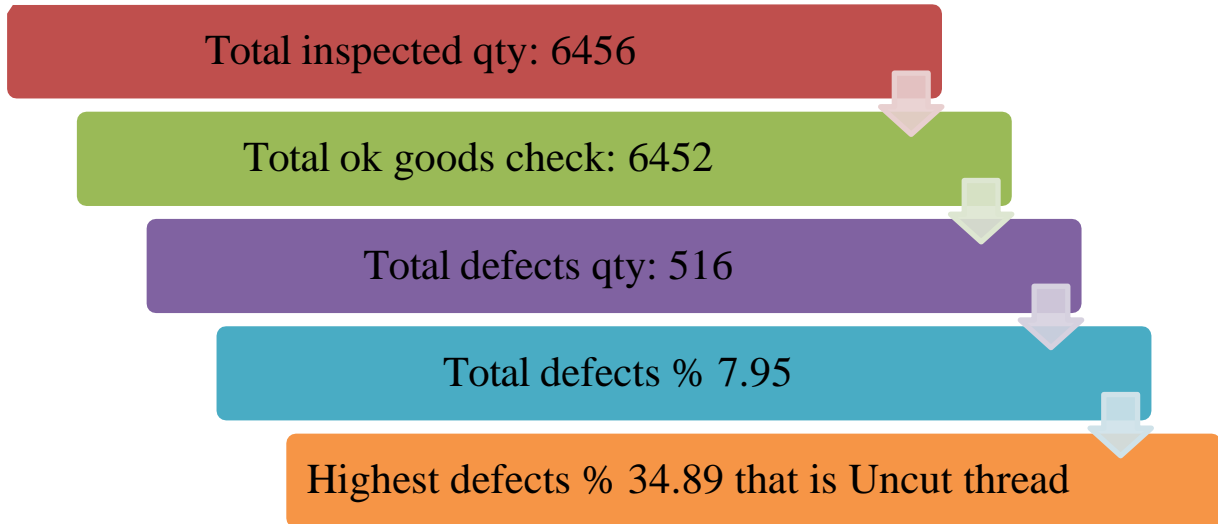
Chapter: 4

Results & Discussion

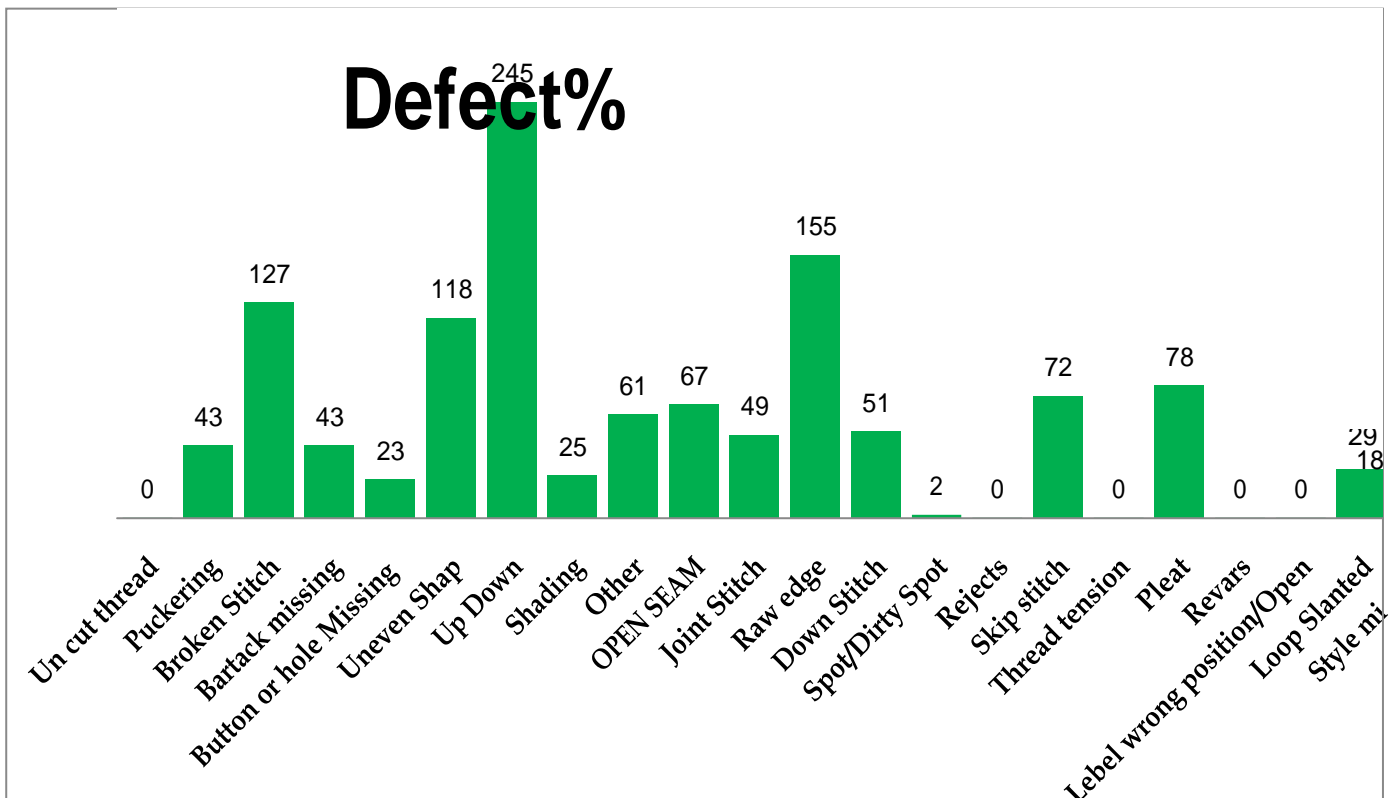
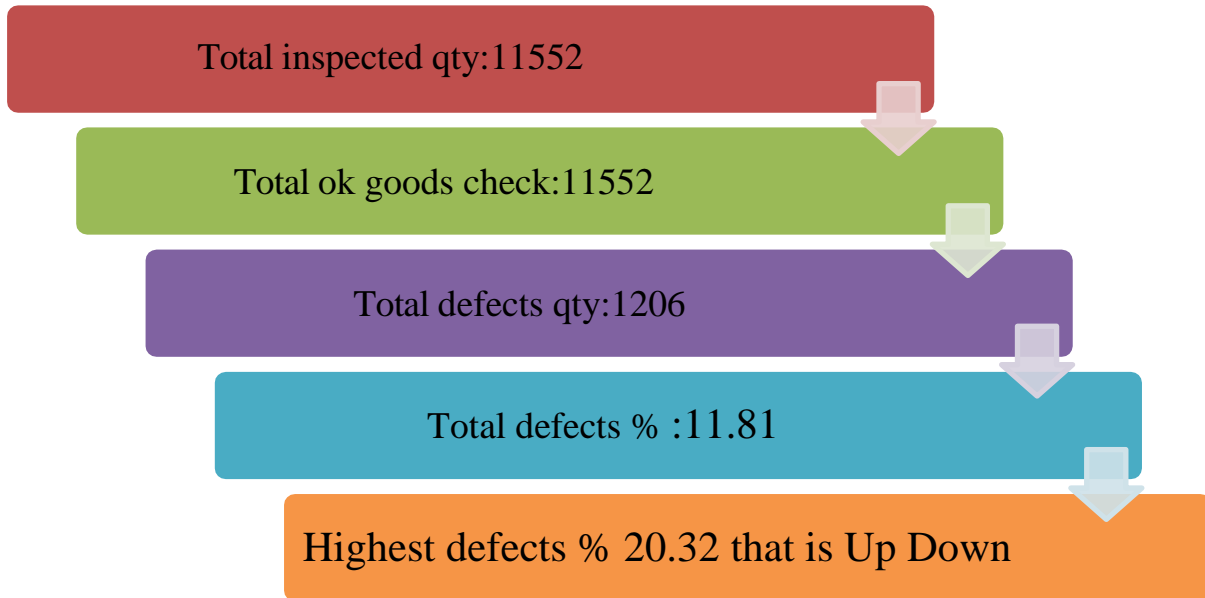
Results:

Sewing section data:

a) Impress Newtex Composite Textiles Ltd

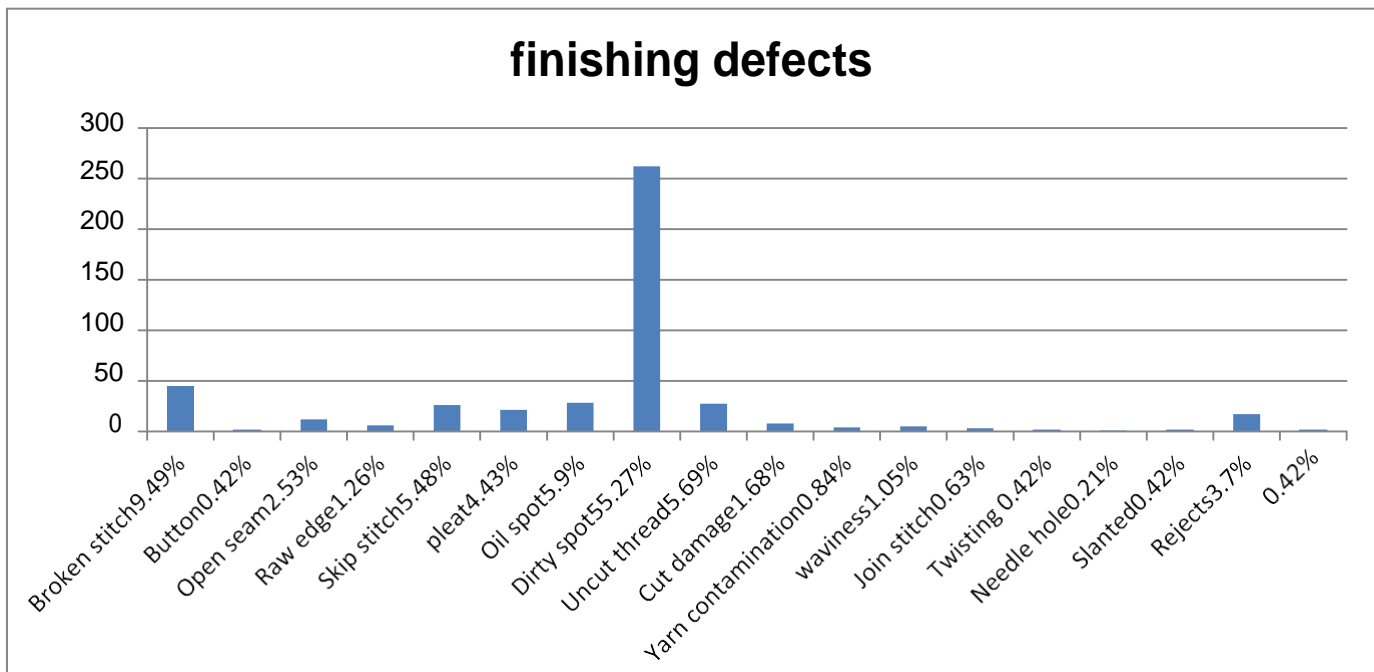
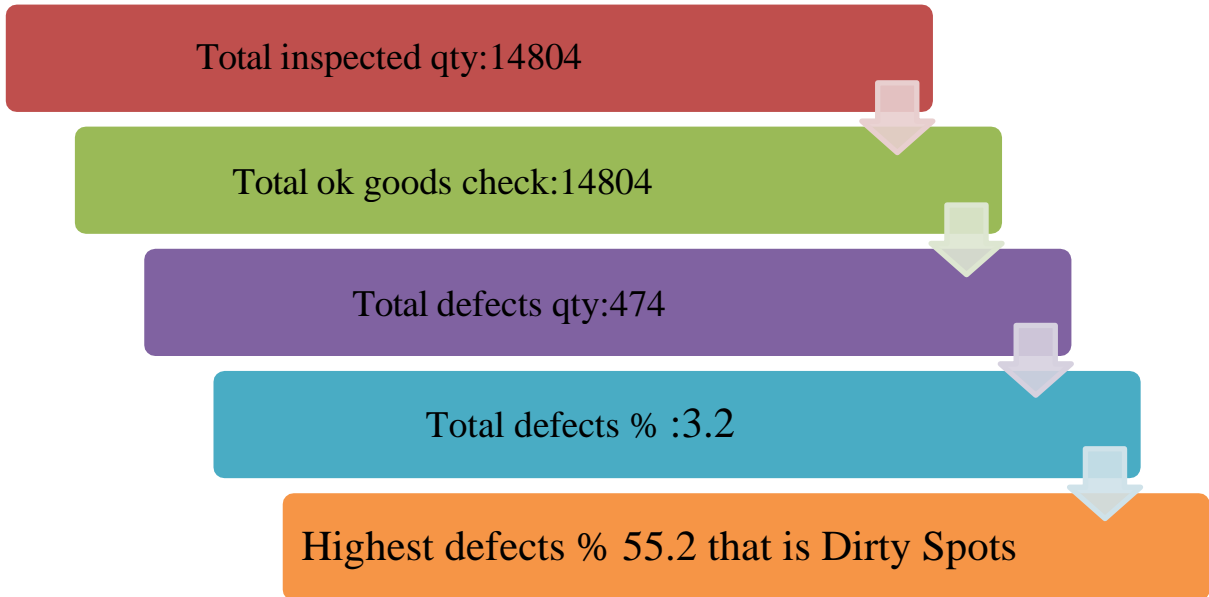


b)Aman Graphics & Design Ltd

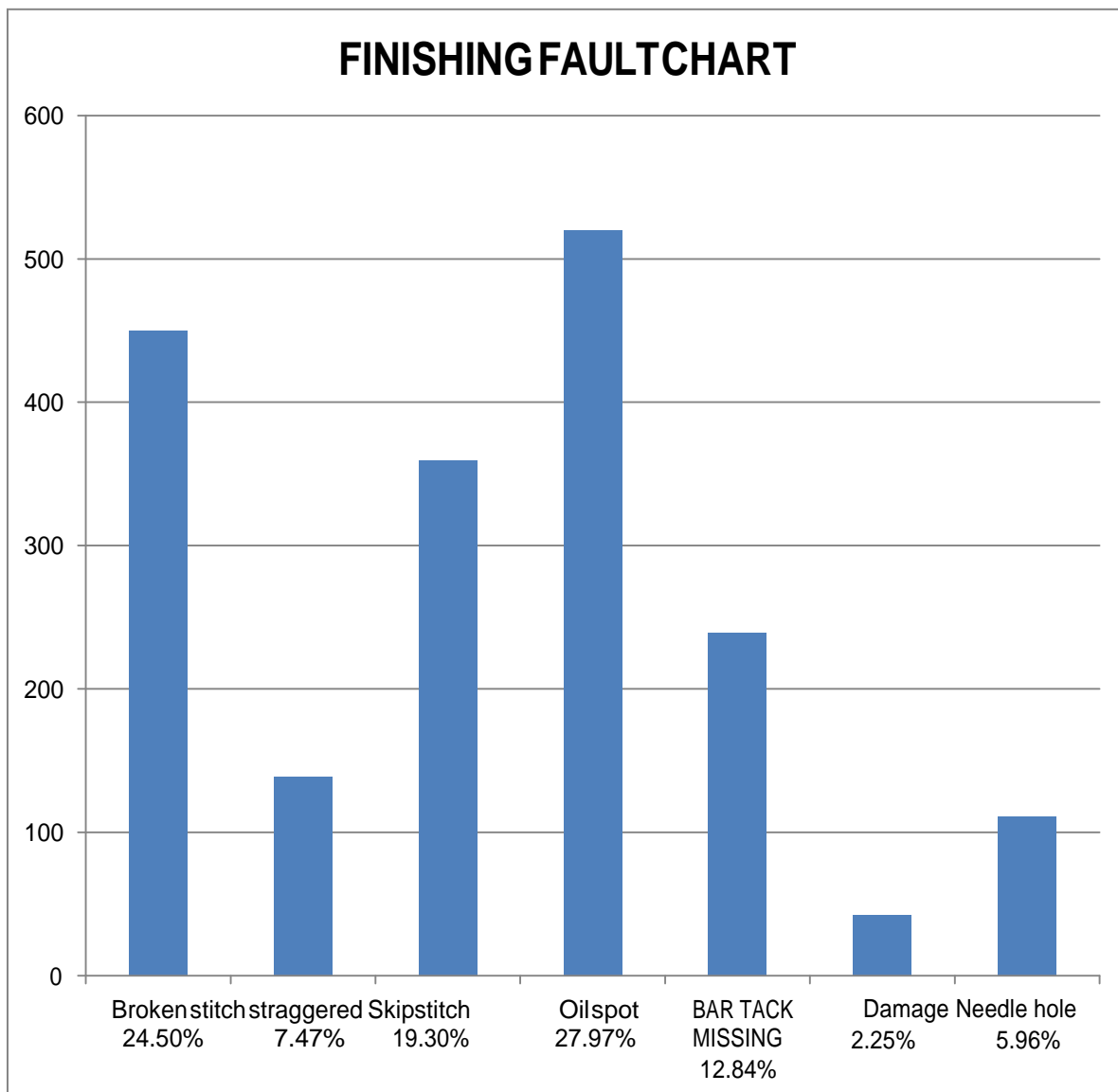
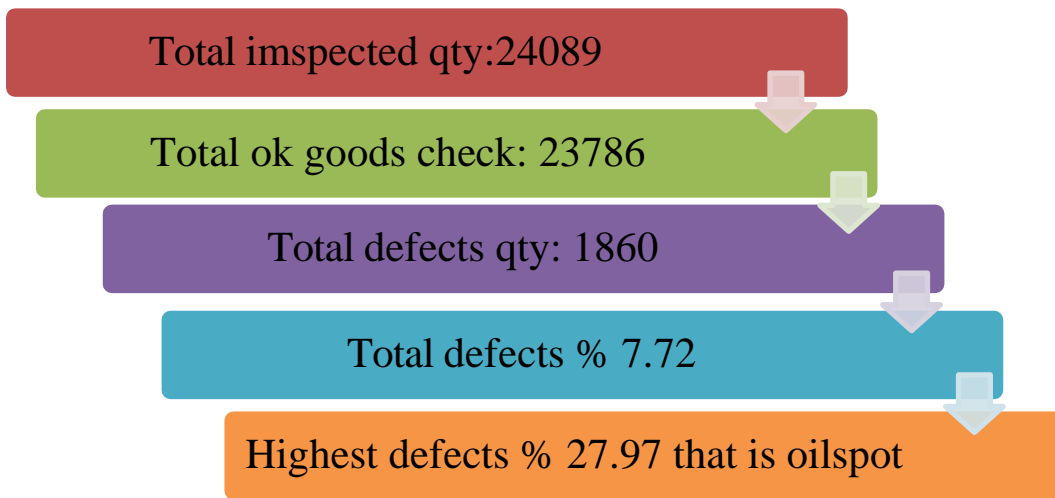


In finishing section:

a) Impress Newtex Composite Textiles Ltd



b) AmanGrapgics& Design Ltd



4.2 Discussion:

In stitching Section

b) In AmanGrapgics& style Ltd. we have a tendency to additionally ascertained and picked up knowledge for six operating days in several line. during this trade we have a tendency to additionally observe that, altogether 6456 items clothes are inspected, and located that ok product are 6452 items, defective product found 516 items, , which might be rectify

a) In honest Trade cluster we have a tendency to observant & collected knowledge for six operating days in several line. In there we have a tendency to ascertained that, altogether 6630 items clothes are inspected, in wherever ok product are 6628 items, defective clothes are 276 items, it'll berecoverable.

In Finishing section :

a) In AmanGrapgics& style Ltd. we have a tendency to additionally ascertained andcollected knowledge for six operating days in several line. during this trade we have a tendency to additionally observe that, altogether 14804 items clothes are inspected, and located that ok product are 17786 items, defectivegoods found 474 items, , which might berectify

b) In honest Trade cluster we have a tendency to observant & collected knowledge for six operating days in several line. In there we have a tendency to ascertained that, altogether 24089 items clothes are inspected, in whereok product are 23786 items, defective clothes are 1860 items, it'll berecoverable.

CHAPTER-5

5.1 FINDINGS:

The uncut thread and loop slanted contribute concerning thirty four.64% and 19.92% of te whole defects supported the amount of defects of Knitting and woven garmentsinsewingsection

The dirty oil and oil spot fifty five.27% contribute making and twenty seven.97 take advantage of the totaldefects supported the numberof defects of Knitting and woven clothes in

sewingsection

regardless of knitting and woven defects aren't same. Nearly additional defects are occurring of Knitting clothes in sewingsection

regardless of knitting and woven defects aren't same. Nearly more defects are occurring of woven clothes in finishingsection

presently the whole defects margin is around seven.96,4.14,3.20 .7.96 of the complete production severally in stitching and finishing section . If will|we will|we are able to } bring down the highest three defects from the complete method it can bring down the whole defects underneath normal acceptable defects

margin. the whole defects margin can return down that is below the quality acceptable defects margin.

Therefore, we can produce quality goods to eliminate top 3 defects To eliminating defects given below some suggestion

For machinery and equipment's continuous assessment and maintenance is needed.

The technician may be appointed and he should keenly check the threads, needle, and tension of the machine frequently according to the fabric texture

The machine should be cleaned and maintained by that technician frequently

Conclusion

From this study, the most occurring defects and its frequency of occurrence have been known. it's recommended that the corporate will focus on these defects principally and take steps to bring down and this can pay manner for increasing the extent of productivity and save the time

Appendix

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