



An Evaluation of the Financial Performance of Prime Bank Limited

Submitted To: Professor Dr. Mohammed Masum Iqbal

Dean

Faculty of Business & Entrepreneurship Daffodil International University

Submitted By:

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Program: BBA

Department of Business Administration Faculty of Business & Entrepreneurship Daffodil International University



Letter of Transmittal

Date:10.10.2022

Professor Dr. Mohammed Masum Iqbal

Dean.

Faculty of Business & Entrepreneurship Daffodil International University

Subject: Submission of internship report on 'An Evaluation of the Financial Performance of Prime Bank Ltd. '

It gives me great pleasure to present this internship report on An Evaluation of the Financial Performance of Prime Bank Ltd. I've been given this job to finish the BBA program's unfinished prerequisite. For the successful completion of the report, I have committed to the genuine effort. I sincere appreciate your advice and assistance, without which it would be impossible for me to complete this report. If you have any additional explanation, I'd be delighted to hear from you.

So, I'm hoping you'll accept this internship report.

Sincerely Yours,

Israt Jahan

ID: 191-11-6221 Major: Finance Program: BBA

Department of Business Administration

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Certification of Supervisor

This is to certify that the internship report entitled An Evaluation of the Financial Performance of Prime Bank Limited is prepared by Israt Jahan, 191-11-6221, as a requirement of the BBA Program under the Department of Business administration and the Faculty of Business and Entrepreneurship at Daffodil International University.

The report is recommended or submission and acceptance.

Hum

Professor Mohammed Masum Iqbal, PhD

Department of Business Administration

Faculty of Business & Entrepreneurship

Daffodil International University

Acknowledgement

In the name of Allah, the merciful, the benevolent. Without the direction and aid of multiple individuals who in multiple ways contributed and extended their important assistance in the preparation and completion of this study, this work would not have been feasible.

I tried to write this report about my internship, and now it is finished. My supportive mentor, **Professor Dr. Mohammed Masum Iqbal,** Dean, of the Faculty of Business & Entrepreneurship, deserves a special mention. The guidance and assistance he provided were crucial to the seamless development of the internship program. The cooperation is truly greatly admired.

I'm appreciative to all the senior authorities who made it possible for me to acquire practical experience. In addition, this internship program has taught me the value of teamwork and provided a fresh perspective on the type of workplace that constantly tests us.

Last but not least, I owe thanks to everyone who helped with this report, both inside and outside of Prime Bank Ltd.

Executive Summary

The purpose of this internship report is to comply with the requirements of the BBA program. It is a necessity of my course that I interact with an organization in order to gather hypothetical and important information. The purpose of this report is to give the reader a thorough understanding of Prime Bank Ltd.'s entire financial operations. The purpose of this report is to provide some insight into Prime Bank Ltd.'s financial performance and to assess its sufficiency. All the context of the study and the report's format are described in the introduction section. It also includes objectives, scope, constraints, and methods, which includes the data-gathering sources. All the data are used both necessary and auxiliary information for data collection.

Then the organizational component is discussed, which contains comprehensive details about the corporation, including its corporate goal, vision, product & services, and resources, branch location, and other Prime Bank Ltd. facilities.

The third section, titled Financial Ratio Analysis, includes definitions of terms, an examination of various bank ratio types, results of Prime Bank Limited's financial ratios, an explanation of them, and visual representations. Since the financial analysis is a coherent and numerical way to illustrate the overall financial performance of the bank throughout these years, this portion also integrates even and vertical analysis to display the financial performance of Prime Bank Ltd during the most recent five years of 2017–2021.

I would like to thank Senior Assistant Vice President and Head of Branch, Md. Motiar Rahman, Executive Officer and Relationship Manager, Md. Nasir Hossain and Executive Officer Mst. Ashrafun Nesa Tania. In Financial performance of PBL cash ratio decreased. Prime Bank Limited should focus on cash ratio. As it measures the ability to pay its current liabilities. Return on equity (ROE) also decreased in last years. So PBL should focus on increasing their ROE. Prime Bank Limited should increase its net profit margin by reducing expenses and using equity capital to meet liability increases and achieve its target. PBL should focus on the utilization of its asset in the coming year so that total asset turnover & fixed asset turnover could increase in coming years.

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Chapter-1

Introduction

1.1 Introduction:

Prime Bank was founded in 1995 and is a premier local commercial bank in Bangladesh. The Bank's operational presence is dispersed across the entire nation with 146 branches and 170 ATM locations, with its corporate headquarters located in the busy financial district of Dhaka, Motijheel. It was organized in accordance with the Companies Act of 1994.

The most well-known attributes of Prime Bank are its proficiency in corporate and institutional banking as well as its cutting-edge digital banking services. The Best Bank in Bangladesh for 2020 is Prime Bank, according to Global Finance, a prestigious financial newspaper with headquarters in North America. Prime Bank has also been awarded as the Best Digital Bank in Bangladesh in 2020 by Asiamoney, another global financial publication.

In order to improve resource efficiency and provide more coherence to its banking activities, Prime Bank launched a "Business Model Restructuring and Centralization" project in 2014.

Among other well-known corporate figures from Bangladesh, Mohammad Aminul Haque, Marina Yasmin Chowdhury, and Mohammad Abdul Khaleque are among the founding directors of the Bank. Azam J. Chowdhury, one of the top entrepreneurs in Bangladesh and the chairman and owner of the diverse local conglomerate East Cost Group, has served six two-year terms as the chairman of the bank and will continue to do so through 2020.

The Bank's current chairman is Tanjil Chowdhury, Managing Director of East Coast Group. In addition, he serves as Secretary General of Prime Bank Cricket Club, a humanitarian project of the Prime Bank Foundation, and Chairman of Prime Exchange Pte. Ltd., the Singapore branch of Prime Bank (PBF). The owner of Jabbar & Company, Zen Trading Corporation Limited, and Alliance Knit Composite Limited, Zaeem Ahmed serves as the chairman of Prime Bank's executive committee (EC).

1.2 Background of the Study:

The internship program is a compulsory necessity for the student who is graduating from the faculty of Business and Entrepreneurship under the program of BBA from Daffodil International University. For an organization that aids in implying both hypothetical and practical information, an internship report must be prepared. After that, the knowledge and ongoing participation in the chosen association let me attempt my subject, Financial Analysis and Performance Evaluation of Prime Bank Ltd.

1.3 Scope of the Study:

The financial performance of Prime Bank Limited is the primary emphasis of this internship report. This study discusses PBL's overall presentation over the course of the past five years. I examined PBL's financial statement and general exercises as I worked with their annual report to demonstrate how they interact with clients. This report was developed using my observations from my internship and discussions with association board members, staff members, and clients. I had the amazing opportunity to have in-depth knowledge of all the exercises basically at the time I built up this report

1.4 Objectives of the Study:

The objectives of the study are given below-

- To analyze & evaluate the financial performance of Prime Bank Limited;
- > To identify the problems related to the financial performance of the Prime Bank Limited;
- To make some recommendations to solve the problems;

1.5 Methodology

When putting together this study, I used both primary and secondary data. Through my view and a one-on-one discussion with the administration, primary data have been acquired. I obtained information from them and created this report using the PBL annual report that I found on their website

1.5.1 Primary Data Collection:

- > Personal interactions with bank employees.
- Practical work Experience.
- Questionnaires

1.5.2 Secondary Data Collection:

- Annual Report of Prime Bank Ltd.
- ➤ Official Website of Prime Bank Ltd
- Article, Journal, Newspaper & Publication
- ➤ Product brochure of Prime Bank Ltd.

Process of data collection:

The Study has been interpreted as including information. In essence, the majority of the data and information are collected voluntarily. In every way, this research is experimental. Some of the information is collected by visiting several websites. Through meaningful conversations with the appropriate authorities Prime Bank Limited (Asadgate branch). As a result, information is gathered by considering and measuring the announcements, rounds, and manuals of the Asadgate branch of Prime Bank Ltd.

1.5.3 Data Analysis:

The data has been analyzed using MS Excel.

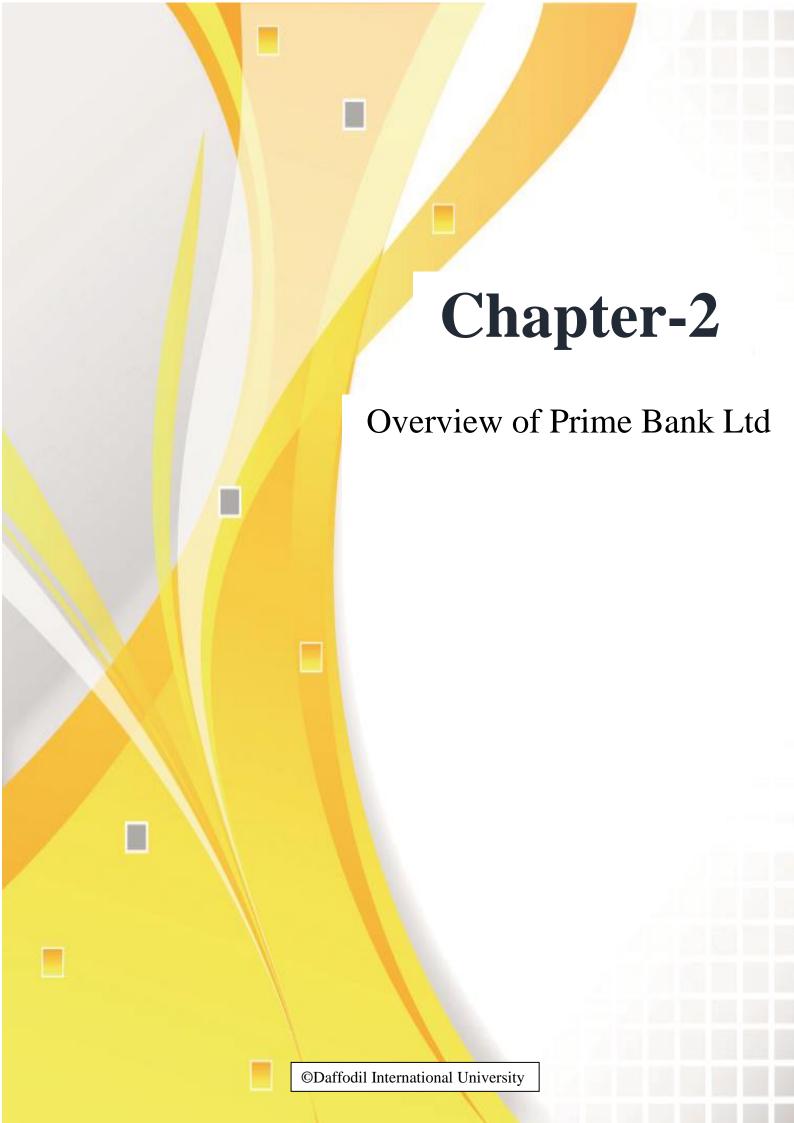
Questionnaires for Primary data:

- What is included in the total cash?
- What is included in the total expense?
- How much does it cost for advertising expense?
- How much was the annual profit?

1.6 Limitation of the Study:

It was a great opportunity for me work with Prime Bank Ltd. I have acquired theoretical and practical knowledge over the course of the internship program's first quarter-year, which has helped me learn how to adjust to a professional workplace. But there are also a few limitations that I had to work around when organizing my internship report. The following are the issues and restrictions:

- The period of 3 months, is insufficient to learn about all the activities of any branch.
- A single workstation cannot be a complete arena to Study Company's system.
- Information is withheld by the authority due to confidentiality
- ➤ Because of the branch's high volume of business, staff members have less time to instruct trainees.
- Availability of recent data that is pertinent to the research
- ➤ A lack of adequate report-writing knowledge



2.1 Profile of Prime Bank Ltd.

Prime Bank was founded in 1995 and is a premier local commercial bank in Bangladesh. The Bank's operational presence is dispersed across the entire nation with 146 branches and 170 ATM locations, with its corporate headquarters located in Dhaka, Motijheel.

2.2 Mission Vision & Objective

2.2.1 Mission:

- To build Prime Bank Limited into an efficient, market-driven, customer focused institution with good corporate governance structure.
- Continuous improvement of our business policies, procedure and efficiency through integration of technology at all levels.

2.2.2 Vision:

➤ Being the most effective private commercial bank in Bangladesh with excellent liquidity, excellent management, adequate capital, and high-quality assets.

2.2.3 Objectives:

- To conduct business in the most respectful and effective manner possible. To innovate when creating fresh banking services and goods
- > By encouraging their wellbeing by offering alluring compensation and perks.
- Through creating a positive work environment by providing possibilities for career advancement, adequate staff training, and growth
- ➤ On providing high-quality services across the panel in the banking industry with the goal of increasing shareholder value and providing the best possible benefits to our clients.
- ➤ By taking concrete steps to fulfill our responsibilities as a socially conscious corporate citizen, we may help the country advance by closely observing its goals and policies

2.3 Corporate Information:

| Features | Values |
|------------------------------|--|
| Name of the Company | Prime Bank Limited |
| Chairman | Tanjil Chowdhury |
| CEO & Managing Director | Hassan O. Rashid |
| Legal Status | Public Limited Company |
| Registered Office | Building-2, Adamjee Court Annex-2, 119-120 Motijheel Rd, Dhaka 1000 |
| Authorized Capital | BDT 25,000 Million |
| Paid Up Capital | BDT 11,322.83 Million |
| Total No Of Share | 1,132,283,477 |
| No. of Employees(30.06.2019) | 3,090 |
| Website | www. primebank.com.bd |

2.4 Product & Service of PBL

2.4.1 Product of Prime Bank Ltd.

Deposit:

- > Current Deposit
- > Savings Deposit
- > Special Notice Deposit
- > Fixed Deposit Schemes

Loan & Advance:

- ➤ Loan Against Export Bills
- ➤ Working Capital Loan
- Packing Credit
- Overdraft
- > Import Loan
- > Export Loan
- Project Finance

2.4.2 Service of Prime Bank Ltd.

E-Service:

- ➤ ATM Automated Branch Banking
- > SME Banking
- ➤ Bill Payment Service
- > Foreign Trade
- > Foreign Remittance
- ➤ SWIFT Service
- > E-Statement Service
- > SMS Alert Service

Modern Banking:

- Online Banking
- > PBL Mobile Apps
- ➤ Instant Banking

2.5 AWARDS & ACHIEVEMENTS:

- ➤ ICAB National Awards for Best Published Accounts and Reports 2002 Diamond (Financial Sector)
- 15th ICAB National Awards for Best Presented Annual Report 2014 Certificate of Merit
- ➤ Best Bank of Bangladesh by Global Survey (Best Emerging Market Bank in Asia) 2013
- ➤ ICMAB Best Corporate Award 2013 1st Position in Private Commercial Banks (Traditional Operation)
- ➤ 14th ICAB National Awards for Best Presented Annual Report 2013 1st Prize in Private Sector Banks (including Co-operative Banks)
- ➤ International Platinum Star for Quality Award 2012
- ➤ Industry Best Rated Bank Award 2012 Awarded as Strongest Bank
- ➤ ICMAB Best Corporate Performance Award 2009 1st Position (Jointly)

➤ SAFA Best Presented Annual Report Awards and SAARC Anniversary Awards for Corporate Governance Disclosures 2011 – Winner in Private Sector Banks (including Cooperative Banks)

2.6 Board of Directors:

| Name | Position |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Tanjil Chowdhury | Chairman |
| Md. Shahadat Hossain | Vice Chairman |
| Nazma Haque | Vice Chairperson |
| Azam J Chowdhury | Director |
| Md. Nader Khan | Director |
| Quazi Sirazul Islam | Director |
| Salma Huq | Director |
| Nafis Sikder | Director |
| Imran Khan | Director |
| Mohammad Mushtaque Ahmed Tanvir | Director |
| Zaeem Ahmed | Director |
| S.M Tamjid | Director |
| Anwaruddin Chowdhury FCA | Independent Director |
| C Q K Mustaq Ahmed | Independent Director |
| Dr. Sharif M. N. U. Bhuiyan | Independent Director |
| Khan Ahmed Sayeed Murshid, PhD | Independent Director |

2.7 FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF Prime Bank Ltd.

Prime Bank

INCOME STATEMENT

As on December 31, (2017-2021)

| Particulars | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Interest income | 14,879,403,193.00 | 18,324,507,1 29.00 | 19,888,509,2 77.00 | 15,851,900,455.0 0 | 14,883,464,368.00 |
| Interest paid on deposits and borrowings | 9,885,293,129.00 | 10,542,093,1 39.00 | 11,688,044,9 15.00 | 10,348,259,152.0 | 6,794,530,559.00 |
| Net interest income | 4,994,110,064.00 | 7,782,413,99 0.00 | 8,200,464,36 2.00 | 5,503,641,303.00 | 8,088,933,809.00 |
| Income from investments | 4,396,502,019.00 | 2,312,228,86 9.00 | 2,941,796,47 3.00 | 4,635,668,871.00 | 4,366,920,350.00 |
| Commission, exchange and brokerage Income | 2,453,506,591.00 | 2,379,034,11 5.00 | 2,388,941,64 6.00 | 1,969,676,171.00 | 2,270,599,410.00 |
| Other operating income | 860,057,321.00 | 942,121,164. 00 | 855,013,428. 00 | 816,717,664.00 | 1,026,426,319.00 |
| Total operating income | 12,704,175,995.00 | 13,415,798,1 38.00 | 14,386,215,9 09.00 | 12,925,704,009.0 0 | 15,752,879,888.00 |
| Rent, Taxes, Insurance, Electricity etc. | 963,386,657.00 | 1,030,304,01 3.00 | 707,792,509. 00 | 445,398,223.00 | 536,182,196.00 |
| Salaries and allowances | 3,966,047,129.00 | 4,330,624,02 4.00 | 4,227,414,06 5.00 | 4,286,691,671.00 | 4,285,048,219.00 |
| Legal Expenses | 88,016,667.00 | 110,747,428. 00 | 52,631,371.0 0 | 32,440,556.00 | 56,160,733.00 |
| Postage, Stamps, Telecommunication etc. | 130,629,227.00 | 79,503,863.0 0 | 100,966,662. 00 | 103,546,145.00 | 88,463,056.00 |
| Stationery, Printing, Advertisement etc. | 218,387,455.00 | 231,584,903. 00 | 280,273,865. 00 | 187,240,934.00 | 219,758,403.00 |
| Directors' Fees and Expenses | 5,200,364.00 | 4,501,129.00 | 4,060,678.00 | 4,014,475.00 | 6,080,679.00 |
| Salary and allowances paid to Managing director/Chief Executive | 11,528,936.00 | 10,131,935.0 0 | 10,905,129.0 0 | 11,214,452.00 | 12,846,774.00 |

| Auditors' Fee | 2,558,659.00 | 2,800,850.00 | 2,939,411.00 | 3,070,109.00 | 3,039,752.00 |
|--|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Depreciation and Repairs to Bank's Assets | 375,487,188.00 | 422,261,737. 00 | 815,063,198. 00 | 927,268,560.00 | 890,565,711.00 |
| Other Expenses | 1,353,717,503.00 | 1,385,429,67 8.00 | 1,378,425,42 3.00 | 1,350,267,740.00 | 1,122,476,462.00 |
| Total operating expenses | 7,114,959,785.00 | 7,607,889,56 0.00 | 7,580,472,31 1.00 | 7,351,152,865.00 | 7,220,621,985.00 |
| Operating Profit | 5,589,216,210.00 | 5,807,908,57 8.00 | 6,805,743,59 8.00 | 5,574,551,144.00 | 8,532,257,903.00 |
| Profit before provision | 5,589,216,209.00 | 5,807,908,57 8.00 | 6,805,743,59 8.00 | 5,574,551,144.00 | 8,532,257,903.00 |
| Specific provision (Loan and Advances) | 3,255,500,000.00 | 1,781,500,00 0.00 | 2,292,400,00 0.00 | 1,441,707,703.00 | 1,897,414,706.00 |
| Provision for Impairment of Client margin loan | 106,528,754.00 | 27,964,899.0 0 | 2,751,173.00 | - | 193,986,044.00 |
| Diminution in value of investment | -141,676,723.00 | 41,967,108.0 0 | 274,990,991. 00 | -1,992,935.00 | -93,118,558.00 |
| Others Provision | 372,364,941.00 | 13,902,208.0 | 79,038,895.0 0 | 271,285,232.00 | 746,988,687.00 |
| Total provision | 3,592,716,972.00 | 1,781,600,00 1.00 | 2,491,103,26 9.00 | 1,711,000,000.00 | 2,745,270,879.00 |
| Profit for the year before taxation | 1,996,499,237.00 | 4,026,308,57 7.00 | 4,314,640,32 9.00 | 3,863,551,144.00 | 5,786,987,024.00 |
| Current Tax | 781,212,608.00 | 1,775,174,40 1.00 | 2,671,739,14 8.00 | 2,493,946,894.00 | 3,117,306,973.00 |
| Deferred tax | (241,630.00) | (21,895,124.0 | 315,303,012. 00 | -458,332,488.00 | -579,936,733.00 |
| Provision for tax | 780,970,978.00 | 1,753,279,27 7.00 | 2,987,042,16 0.00 | 2,035,614,406.00 | 2,537,370,240.00 |
| Net profit after tax for the year | 1,215,528,259.00 | 2,273,029,30 0.00 | 1,327,598,16 9.00 | 1,827,936,738.00 | 3,249,616,784.00 |
| EPS | 2.13 | 2.01 | 1.17 | 1.61 | 2.87 |

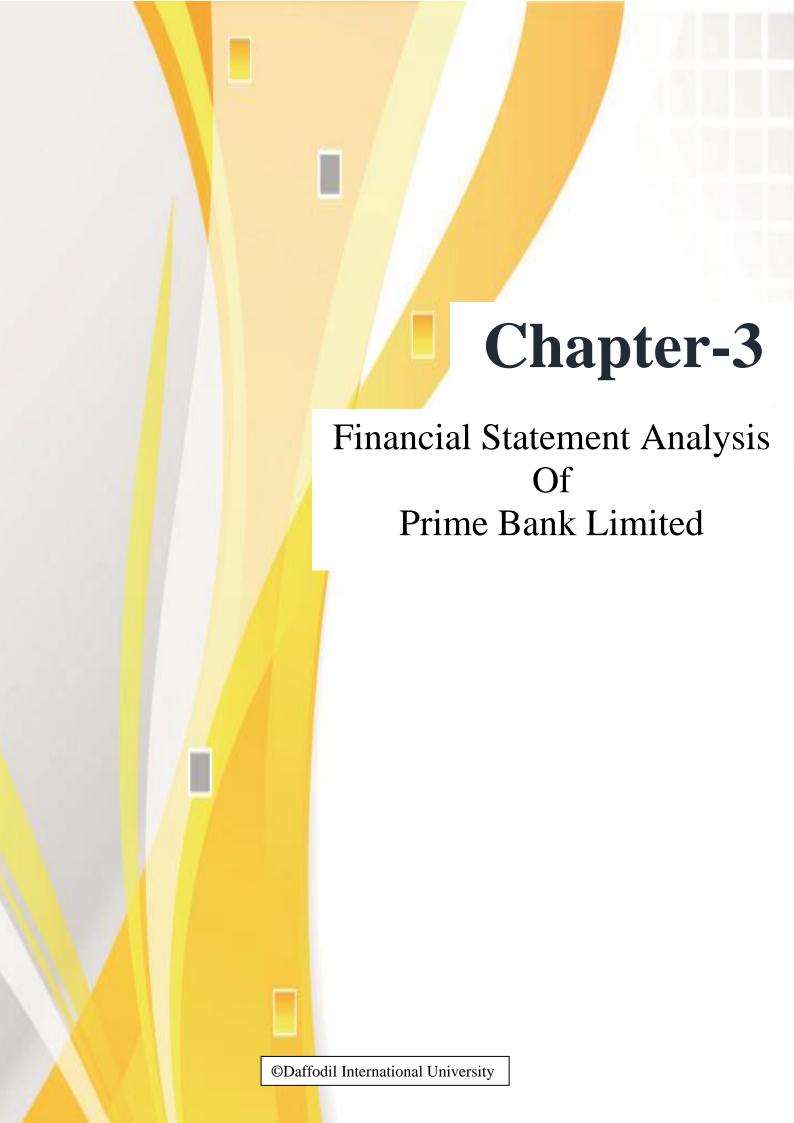
Prime Bank

BALANCE SHEET

As on December 31, (2017-2021)

| Particulars | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Faiticulais | 18,113,625,948. | 17,672,021,646. | 19,584,637, | 17,480,758,669. | 15,870,018,855.0 |
| Cash | 18,113,023,948. | 17,672,021,046. | 894.00 | 17,480,738,669. | 13,870,018,833.0 |
| T 1 1/T 1 1' | | | | | U |
| In hand (Including | 3,140,588,297.0 | 3,132,734,166.0 | 3,655,952,1 | 3,260,482,339.0 | 4,192,297,236.00 |
| foreign currencies) | 0 | 0 | 59.00 | 0 | , , , |
| Balances with | | | | | |
| Bangladesh bank and | 14,973,037,651. | 14,539,287,480. | 15,928,685, | 14,220,276,330. | 11,677,721,619.0 |
| sonali bank (Including | 00 | 00 | 735.00 | 00 | 0 |
| foreign currencies) | | | | | |
| Balance with other | 10,244,715,711. | 13,627,966,225. | 8,838,068,4 | 7,280,554,988.0 | 12,391,565,858.0 |
| banks and financial | 00 | 00 | 39.00 | 0 | 0 |
| institution | 7.471.466.277.0 | 10 200 411 240 | 2.050.227.2 | 2 204 160 257 0 | |
| In Bangladesh | 7,471,466,377.0 | 10,300,411,248. | 3,950,337,3 | 3,394,160,257.0 | 9,050,122,540.00 |
| | 2 772 240 224 0 | 00 | 90.00 | 2.006.204.721.0 | |
| Outside Bangladesh | 2,773,249,334.0 | 3,327,554,977.0 | 4,887,731,0 | 3,886,394,731.0 | 3,341,443,318.00 |
| Manayataalland | 1 500 000 000 0 | 0 | 49.00 | 0 | |
| Money at call and short notice | 1,500,000,000.0 | - | 1,080,000,0 00.00 | 210,000,000.00 | - |
| | 25 000 124 142 | 25 000 250 501 | | FR 00 (R00 410 | (2.20(.204.200.0 |
| Investment in shares & | 25,880,136,163. | 27,988,270,781. | 49,101,115, | 57,226,723,418. | 62,386,304,290.0 |
| securities | 00 | 00 | 787.00 | 00 | U |
| Government | 23,657,686,975. | 24,646,806,239. | 45,188,069, | 53,054,038,697. | 53,969,145,650.0 |
| Government | 00 | 00 | 017.00 | 00 | 0 |
| Others | 2,222,449,188.0 | 3,341,464,542.0 | 3,913,046,7 | 4,172,684,721.0 | 8,417,158,640.00 |
| | 0 | 0 | 70.00 | 0 | 0,117,120,010.00 |
| Loans, cash credits, | 184,066,239,687 | 196,586,141,191 | 197,345,646 | 211,720,953,41 | 220,623,213,932. |
| overdrafts/General | .00 | .00 | ,833.00 | 5.00 | 00 |
| Investments | | | · | | |
| Bills discounted and | 16,552,939,609. | 11,609,817,551. | 18,540,084, | 22,303,339,179. | 44,339,148,120.0 |
| purchased | 00 | 00 | 393.00 | 00 | 0 |
| Total | 200,619,179,296 | 208,195,958,742 | 215,885,731 | 234,024,292,59 | 264,962,362,052. |
| Tand bashing | .00 | .00 | ,226.00 | 4.00 | 00 |
| Land, building, furniture and fixtures | 6 407 041 311 0 | 6 006 504 016 0 | 0 207 557 7 | 8,233,921,143.0 | |
| (Including leased | 6,487,041,211.0 | 6,996,504,016.0 | 8,297,557,7 16.00 | 0,233,921,143.0 | 8,394,441,334.00 |
| assets) | U | 0 | 10.00 | U | |
| assets) | | 22 022 924 050 | 22,064,150, | 23,616,803,839. | 27,650,090,303.0 |
| Non-Banking Assets | 220,500,640.00 | 22,022,834,950. 00 | 533.00 | 23,010,003,039. | 27,030,090,303.0 |
| | 19,329,742,018. | 00 | 220,500,640 | 00 | U |
| Other assets | 00 | 220,500,640.00 | .00 | 220,500,640.00 | 220,500,640.00 |
| Total agests | 282,394,940,987 | 296,724,056,999 | 325,071,762 | 348,293,555,29 | 391,875,283,332. |
| Total assets | .00 | .00 | ,235.00 | 1.00 | 00 |
| Borrowings from other | 22,137,997,510. | 33,944,516,693. | 36,688,074, | 37,613,110,557. | 62,932,481,200.0 |
| banks, financial | 22,137,997,310. | 33,944,310,093. | 764.00 | 00 | 02,932,481,200.0 |
| institutions and agents | 00 | 00 | 704.00 | 00 | |

| Current /Al-Wadeeah current and other deposit accounts | 33,182,700,323. 00 | 32,720,490,917. 00 | 36,079,113, 854.00 | 41,322,385,560. 00 | 47,420,761,550.0 0 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Bills payable | 4,212,571,458.0 0 | 3,045,875,590.0 0 | 4,062,714,2 17.00 | 4,528,972,457.0 0 | 4,923,791,928.00 |
| Savings deposits/Mudaraba Savings Deposits | 38,397,699,341. 00 | 41,478,074,475. 00 | 46,785,160, 532.00 | 55,756,396,701. 00 | 70,358,701,527.0 |
| Mudarabba/ Term and Fixed deposits | 123,207,326,048 | 120,248,988,239 .00 | 129,495,961 ,275.00 | 131,138,046,68 0.00 | 120,109,551,767. 00 |
| Total Deposits | 199,000,297,169 .00 | 197,493,429,221 .00 | 216,422,949 ,878.00 | 232,745,801,39 8.00 | 242,812,806,772. 00 |
| Other liabilities | 36,443,698,543. 00 | 37,274,782,999. 00 | 44,026,642, 978.00 | 49,461,817,719. 00 | 56,394,612,364.0 0 |
| Total liabilities | 257,581,993,222 .00 | 268,712,728,913 .00 | 297,137,667 ,620.00 | 319,820,729,67 4.00 | 362,139,900,336. 00 |
| Capital /Shareholders" Equity: | 24,812,947,703. 00 | 28,011,328,019. 00 | 27,934,094, 559.00 | 28,472,825,561. 00 | 29,735,382,941.0 0 |
| Paid up capital | 10,293,486,160. 00 | 11,322,834,770. 00 | 11,322,834, 770.00 | 11,322,834,770. 00 | 11,322,834,770.0 0 |
| Share Premium | 2,241,230,396.0 | 1,211,881,786.0 | 1,211,881,7 86.00 | 1,211,881,786.0 | 1,211,881,786.00 |
| Statutory reserve | 9,565,853,177.0 | 10,353,413,584. | 10,353,413, 584.00 | 10,353,413,584. | 10,353,413,584.0 |
| Revaluation Reserve on Govt. Securities/ Revaluation Reserve | 1,496,759,104.0 | 1,496,759,104.0 | 1,496,759,1 04.00 | 1,507,173,559.0 | 1,507,173,559.00 |
| Foreign Currency Translation Gain | 15,334,146.00 | 15,117,438.00 | 17,316,748. 00 | 16,769,536.00 | 20,460,078.00 |
| Retained earnings | 1,116,996,544.0 0 | 3,511,519,825.0 0 | 3,393,214,1 09.00 | 3,620,860,953.0 | 5,213,854,021.00 |
| Revaluation Gain/ Loss on Investments | 55,285,288.00 | 71,798,624.00 | 110,671,570 .00 | 411,888,485.00 | 77,762,255.00 |
| General reserves and others | 28,002,888.00 | 28,002,888.00 | 28,002,888. 00 | 28,002,888.00 | 28,002,888.00 |
| Minority Interest | 60 | 63 | 56 | 56 | 57 |
| Total Equity | 24,812,947,763. 00 | 28,011,328,082. 00 | 27,934,094, 615.00 | 28,472,825,617. 00 | 29,735,382,998.0 0 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | 282,394,940,985 .00 | 296,724,056,999 .00 | 325,071,762 ,235.00 | 348,293,555,29 1.00 | 391,875,283,334. 00 |
| NAV | 24.11 | 24.74 | 24.67 | 25.15 | 26.26 |



3.1 Ratio Analysis:

By comparing the outcomes and the data from the prior year, ratio analysis is a numerical tool that is used to analyze an organization's presentation in relation to its competitors and determine its liquidity, operational effectiveness, risk, and productivity. A better understanding of the financial situation and operation of a business concern is provided by the analysis and translation of various bookkeeping proportions.

Types of ratio:

- 1. Liquidity Ratio
- 2. Operating Efficiency Ratios
- 3. Efficiency or Activity Ratio
- 4. Profitability Ratio
- 5. Financial Risk/Leverage Ratios

3.1.1 Liquidity Ratio

The ability of a company to meet its short-term cash needs is referred to as liquidity. Future performance expectations and the timing of cash inflows and outflows both have an impact. The goal of a liquidity analysis is to determine a company's finance needs.

It is unlikely that a business will continue to exist if it does not fulfill its present responsibilities. From this vantage point, the significance of all other analytical metrics is negligible. Although accounting measurements make the assumption that the company will remain in business, our research must constantly determine whether this supposition is correct utilizing liquidity measures.

Types of Liquidity Ratio Includes:

- Cash Ratio
- Current Ratio
- Quick Ratio

3.1.2 Operating Efficiency Ratios

By comparing an organization's total operating expense (OPEX) to its net sales, the operating ratio illustrates how well an organization's management is performing. The working ratio demonstrates how effective an organization's management is in controlling costs while generating revenue or deals.

Types of operating ratios include:

- > Total Asset Turnover
- > Equity Turnover
- ➤ Current Asset Turnover
- ➤ Fixed Asset Turnover

3.1.3 Efficiency Ratio:

The efficiency ratio is frequently used to evaluate how well a corporation utilizes its internal assets and liabilities. The rotation of receivables, the repayment of obligations, the amount and usages of equity, and the overall use of inventories and machinery can all be calculated using an efficiency ratio. Efficiency is the productiveness with which a business utilizes its resources. Efficiency is typically assessed in terms of the amount of income produced from a particular level of assets. Additionally, using assets inefficiently can result in issues with liquidity. Lower profitability and fewer chances are sometimes preceded by a lack of liquidity. Short-term liquidity issues can also have an impact on a company's clients and vendors, and they are more acute for banking companies.

Types of efficiency ratio includes:

- > Accounts Receivable Turnover
- ➤ Average Collection day
- ➤ Inventory Turnover
- ➤ Inventory Processing Day
- ➤ Accounts Payable Turnover
- Payables Payment Day

3.1.4 Profitability Ratio

Productivity ratio describes an organization's ability to generate pay that is comparable to income, balance sheet assets, operating costs, and investors' value over a specific period of time. It evaluates how effectively a group uses its resources to provide advantages and incentives to investors. The implied benefit is that portion of the income that remains after all associated expenses have been paid.

Types of profitability ratios include:

- ➤ Net Profit Margin
- > Return on Equity
- > Return on Asset
- ➤ Earnings Per Share
- ➤ Gross Profit Margin
- > Operating Profit Margin

3.1.5 Financial Risk or Leverage Ratios

Types of Leverage Ratio Includes:

- > Equity to Assets
- > Equity to Net Loans

3.2 Common Size Analysis

Common size analysis otherwise called vertical analysis that financial directors use to dissect fiscal summaries. It assesses fiscal reports by changing over each detail as a level of the base sum for that period. An association can utilize this investigation to comprehend the effect on everything yet to be balance sheet or its pay proclamation.

There are two reasons to use common-size analysis:

- 1. To evaluate information from one period to the next within a company and
- 2. To evaluate a company relative to its competitors.

The formula used in the common-size analysis is:

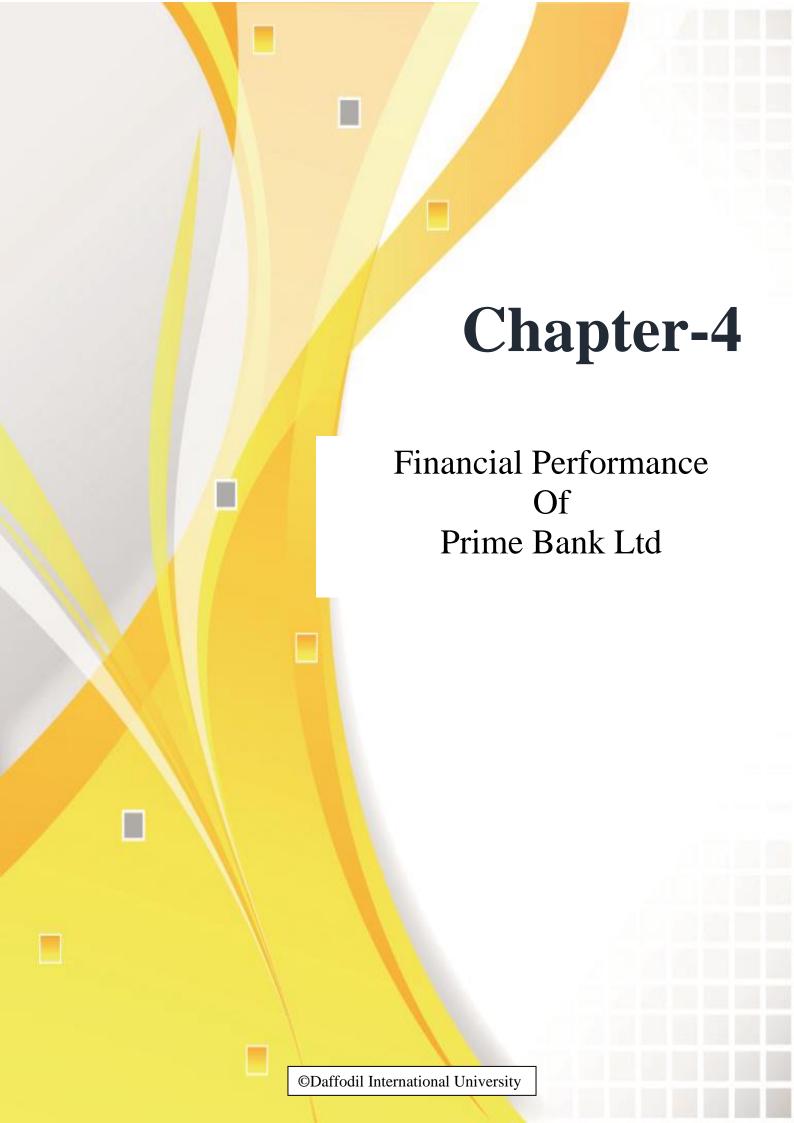
Common Size Amount = (Analysis amount / Base amount) x 100%

3.3 Trend Analysis:

Trend Analysis is otherwise called horizontal analysis is a factual strategy that attempts to decide future developments of a given variable by investigating chronicled patterns. As such, it is a technique that expects to anticipate future practices by analyzing past ones.

Trend analysis focuses on three typical time horizons:

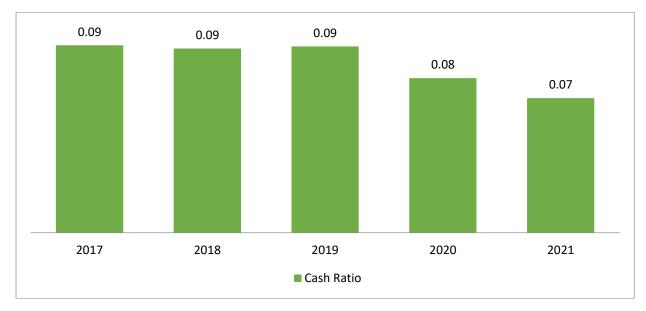
- 1. Short
- 2. Intermediate and
- 3. Long-term.

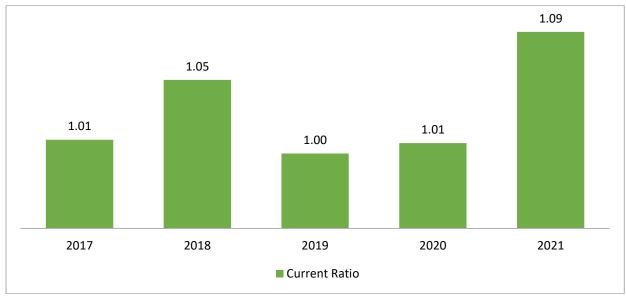


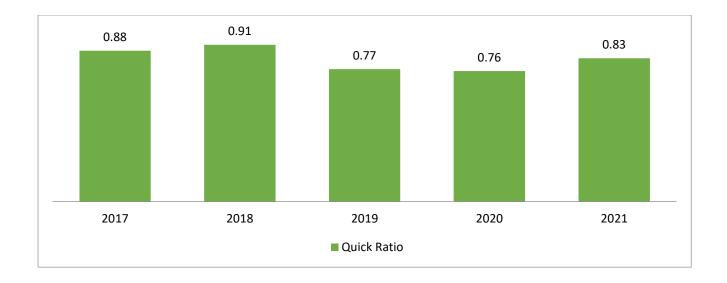
4.1 Ratio Analysis

4.1.1 Liquidity Ratio:

| Liquidity Ratio | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|
| Particular | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | | | |
| Cash Ratio | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.07 | | | |
| Current Ratio | 1.01 | 1.05 | 1.00 | 1.01 | 1.09 | | | |
| Quick Ratio | 0.88 | 0.91 | 0.77 | 0.76 | 0.83 | | | |



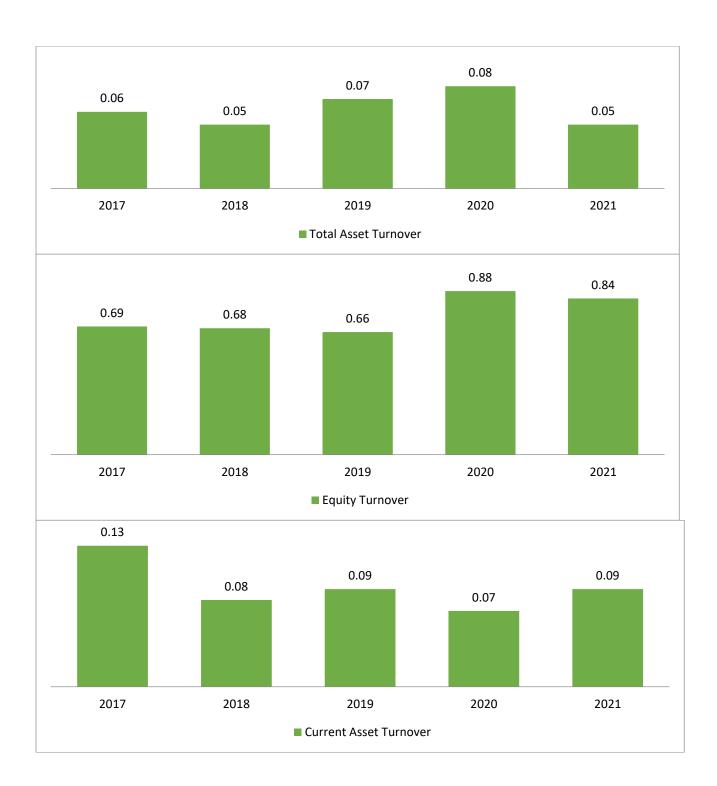


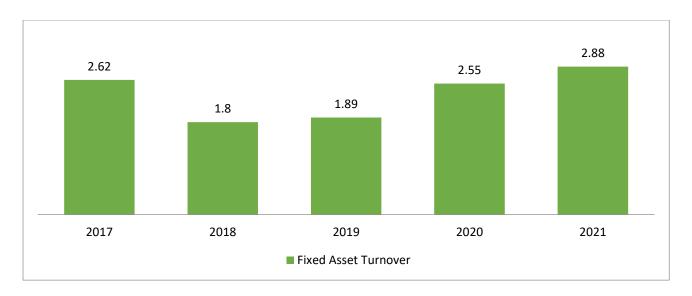


Interpretation: Liquidity is a phrase used in accounting to describe a company's capacity to pay its debts as they become due. A liquidity measurement called the cash ratio or cash coverage ratio assesses a company's capacity to settle its current obligations entirely in cash and cash equivalents. Prime Bank Ltd. cash ratio for 2021 was 0.07, whereas it was 0.08, 0.09, and 0.09 in 2020, 2019, 2018, and 2017. When Cash ratio is less than 1 it means that company has not enough cash & cash equivalent and marketable securities to cover for current liabilities. The current is the value of marketable securities and cash, divided by the company's current liabilities. Current Ratio of Prime Bank limited in 2017 was 1.01 & the rest of the years were 1.05, 1.00, 1.01 and 1.09. When current ratio is greater than 1 it means that the company have adequate asset to settle current liabilities. It also good sign for Prime Bank Limited.

4.1.2 Operating Efficiency Ratios:

| Operating Efficiency Ratio | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Particular | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | |
| Total Asset Turnover | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.05 | |
| Equity Turnover | 0.69 | 0.68 | 0.66 | 0.88 | 0.84 | |
| Current Asset Turnover | 0.13 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.09 | |
| Fixed Asset Turnover | 2.62 | 1.8 | 1.89 | 2.55 | 2.88 | |





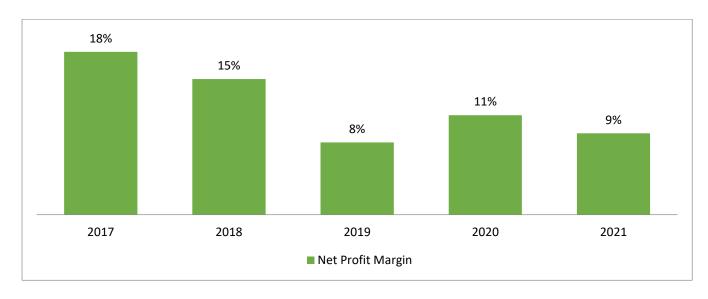
Interpretation: The asset turnover ratio is calculated by net sales divided total asset. Total asset turnover ratio in 2021 was 0.05 in 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017 year TAT have increased& decreased year by year but 2021 it was again decreased. It was bad sign for prime Bank Ltd. Equity turnover ratio is measures the proportion of a company's sales to its shareholders equity. Equity turnover ratio on KPL in 2017 to 2021 increase in every year. Fixed asset turnover ratio that measures a company's return on their investment in property, plant, and equipment by comparing net sales with fixed assets. In 2017 to 2021 fixed asset turnover ratio increase & decrease in every year but last two years it's increasing. It was good sign for Prime Bank Ltd.

4.1.3 Profitability Ratio:

| Profit | ability Rati | io | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|------|------|------|------|
| Particular | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Gross Profit Margin | 17% | 25% | 22% | 23% | 17% |
| Operating Profit Margin | 44% | 52% | 53% | 43% | 36% |
| Net Profit Margin | 18% | 15% | 8% | 11% | 9% |
| Return on Asset(ROA) | 1% | 1% | 0% | 1% | 1% |
| Return on Equity(ROE) | 13% | 10% | 7% | 9% | 9% |





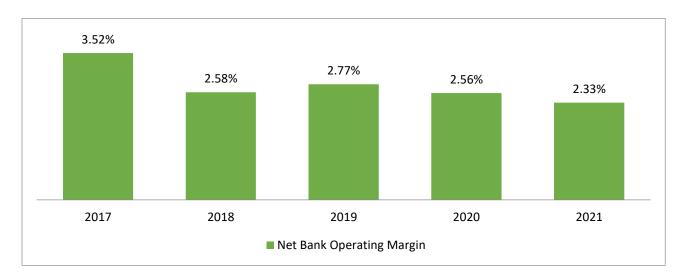




Interpretation: A profitability ratio is a measurement of profitability that is the way to measure a company's performance. Return on assets (ROA) is a financial ratio that shows the percentage of profit a company earns in relation to its overall resources. It defines as Net income divided by total asset. In 2017 to 2021 ROA was same. In 2017 to 2021 ROE 13%, 10%, 7%, 9%& 9%. Return on equity measures profitability using resources provided by investors and company earnings. Gross profit margin ratio was decreasing in 2017 to 2021. Higher gross profit margin is better because a high gross profit margin means that the company did well in managing its cost of sales.

4.1.4 Net Bank Operating Margin

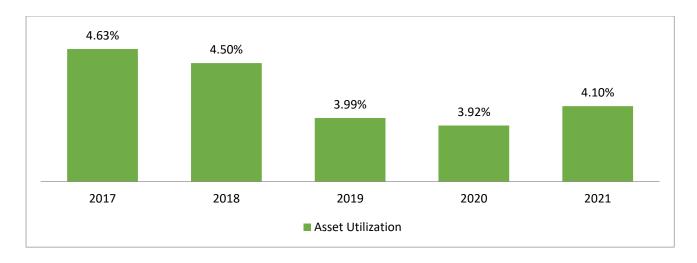
| Net Ban | k Operating | y Margin | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| Particular | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Net Bank Operating Margin | 3.52% | 2.58% | 2.77% | 2.56% | 2.33% |
| The Dame Operating Margin | 3.3270 | 2.5070 | 2.,,,, | 2.5070 | 2.33 / |



Interpretation: The net bank operating margin ratio of Prime Bank Ltd. was fluctuating from year to year though in 2017 it had the highest ratio. That means the bank was able to keep the growth of revenues against the rising cost. But after 2018 the bank was inactive to create more revenues against its cost. That means the bank was not profitably operated from 2018 to 2021 compared to its previous year.

4.1.5 Asset Utilization:

| Asset Utilization | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Particular | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | | |
| Asset Utilization | 4.63% | 4.50% | 3.99% | 3.92% | 4.10% | | |



Interpretation: Asset utilization ratios measure the efficiency with which the firm uses its assets to generate sales revenue to reach a sufficient profitability level.

AU = Total Operating Revenues / Total Assets

The graph shows that Prime Bank Limited utilized its asset efficiently in 2017 and it had a greater AU of 4.63%, it generates satisfactory sales revenue by properly using its asset. After that in 2018-2021, it reduced which is not a good sign for the bank that the bank didn't use its asset properly to generate sufficient profit.

4.2 Common Size of Income Statement & Balance Sheet:

Common size analysis
Of
Income Statement & Balance Sheet

| Particulars | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|---|---------|----------|---------|---------|----------|
| Interest income | 100.00% | 95.38% | 97.78% | 134.75% | 147.56% |
| Interest paid on deposits and borrowings | 100.00% | 87.10% | 91.24% | 128.12% | 150.12% |
| Net interest income | 100.00% | 134.05% | 128.33% | 165.68% | 135.64% |
| Income from investments | 100.00% | 98.47% | 107.99% | 99.44% | 102.53% |
| Commission, exchange and brokerage Income | 100.00% | 105.20% | 125.49% | 132.37% | 139.87% |
| Other operating income | 100.00% | 120.93% | 159.10% | 178.75% | 179.79% |
| Total operating income | 100.00% | 110.76% | 120.07% | 128.93% | 124.01% |
| Rent, Taxes, Insurance, Electricity etc. | 100.00% | 121.69% | 141.53% | 156.71% | 164.58% |
| Salaries and allowances | 100.00% | 122.32% | 132.10% | 142.34% | 152.79% |
| Legal Expenses | 100.00% | 40.21% | 122.82% | 87.10% | 133.96% |
| Postage, Stamps, Telecommunication etc. | 100.00% | 112.98% | 119.61% | 123.77% | 118.47% |
| Stationery, Printing, Advertisement etc. | 100.00% | 117.41% | 132.78% | 147.08% | 147.17% |
| Directors' Fees and Expenses | 100.00% | 109.87% | 142.80% | 110.39% | 130.84% |
| Salary and allowances paid to Managing director/Chief Executive | 100.00% | 126.72% | 106.22% | 106.58% | 117.16% |
| Auditors' Fee | 100.00% | 153.84% | 183.36% | 177.63% | 183.08% |
| Depreciation and Repairs to Bank's Assets | 100.00% | 118.99% | 134.26% | 140.43% | 157.63% |
| Other Expenses | 100.00% | 124.35% | 144.07% | 146.43% | 143.61% |
| Total operating expenses | 100.00% | 121.82% | 136.43% | 145.06% | 151.47% |
| Operating Profit | 100.00% | 105.84% | 112.80% | 121.77% | 111.81% |
| Profit before provision | 100.00% | 105.84% | 112.80% | 121.77% | 111.81% |
| Specific provision (Loan and Advances) | 100.00% | 115.75% | 185.38% | 243.87% | 208.60% |
| General Provision | 100.00% | 433.56% | 492.31% | -58.07% | 159.89% |
| Diminution in value of investment | 100.00% | -149.77% | -80.60% | 153.28% | 118.60% |
| Total provision | 100.00% | 127.65% | 193.91% | 203.21% | 181.93% |
| Profit for the year before taxation | 100.00% | 95.89% | 75.80% | 84.62% | 79.82% |
| Current Tax | 100.00% | 120.90% | 124.06% | 96.64% | 114.38% |
| Deferred tax | 100.00% | 46.41% | 107.25% | -25.00% | -531.70% |
| Provision for tax | 100.00% | 116.64% | 123.09% | 89.68% | 77.44% |
| Net profit after tax for the year | 100.00% | 79.33% | 38.07% | 80.58% | 81.73% |

Prime Bank

BALANCE SHEET

As on December 31, (2017-2021)

| | Tis on Beechieer s | 1, (2017 202 | - / | | |
|--|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Particulars Particulars | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Cash | 6.41% | 6.26% | 6.94% | 6.19% | 5.62% |
| In hand (Including foreign | | | | | |
| currencies) | 1.11% | 1.11% | 1.29% | 1.15% | 1.48% |
| Balances with Bangladesh bank | | | | | |
| and sonali bank (Including foreign currencies) | 5.30% | 5.15% | 5.64% | 5.04% | 4.14% |
| Balance with other banks and | 3.30% | 3.13% | 3.04% | 3.04% | 4.14/0 |
| financial institution | 3.63% | 4.83% | 3.13% | 2.58% | 4.39% |
| In Bangladesh | 2.65% | 3.65% | 1.40% | 1.20% | 3.20% |
| Outside Bangladesh | 0.98% | 1.18% | 1.73% | 1.38% | 1.18% |
| Money at call and short notice | 0.53% | 0.00% | 0.38% | 0.07% | 0.00% |
| | 0.3370 | 0.0070 | 0.5070 | 0.0770 | 0.0070 |
| Investment in shares & securities | 9.16% | 9.91% | 17.39% | 20.26% | 22.09% |
| Government | 8.38% | 8.73% | 16.00% | 18.79% | 19.11% |
| Others | 0.79% | 1.18% | 1.39% | 1.48% | 2.98% |
| Loans, cash credits, | | | | | |
| overdrafts/General Investments | 65.18% | 69.61% | 69.88% | 74.97% | 78.13% |
| Bills discounted and purchased | 5.86% | 4.11% | 6.57% | 7.90% | 15.70% |
| Total | 71.04% | 73.73% | 76.45% | 82.87% | 93.83% |
| land building formities and | | | | | |
| Land, building, furniture and fixtures (Including leased assets) | | | | | |
| lixtures (including leased assets) | 2.30% | 2.48% | 2.94% | 2.92% | 2.97% |
| Non-Banking Assets | 0.08% | 7.80% | 7.81% | 8.36% | 9.79% |
| Other assets | 6.84% | 0.08% | 0.08% | 0.08% | 0.08% |
| Total assets | 100.00% | 105.07% | 115.11% | 123.34% | 138.77% |
| Borrowings from other banks, | | | | | |
| financial institutions and agents | 8.59% | 13.18% | 14.24% | 14.60% | 24.43% |
| Current /Al-Wadeeah current and | | | | | |
| other deposit accounts | 12.88% | 12.70% | 14.01% | 16.04% | 18.41% |
| Bills payable | 1.64% | 1.18% | 1.58% | 1.76% | 1.91% |
| Savings deposits/Mudaraba | | | | | |
| Savings Deposits | 14.91% | 16.10% | 18.16% | 21.65% | 27.32% |
| Mudarabba/ Term and Fixed | 47.020/ | 40.000/ | EO 270/ | EO 040/ | AC C30/ |
| deposits Total Deposits | 47.83% | 46.68% | 50.27% | 50.91% | 46.63% |
| Total Deposits Other liabilities | 77.26% 14.15% | 76.67% 14.47% | 84.02% 17.09% | 90.36% 19.20% | 94.27% 21.89% |
| Total liabilities | 100.00% | 104.32% | 115.36% | 19.20% | 140.59% |
| Capital /Shareholders" Equity: | 100.00% | 113% | 113.36% | 124.16% | 140.59% |
| Paid up capital | 41% | 46% | 46% | 46% | 46% |
| i aid up capitai | 41/0 | 40/0 | 40/0 | 40/0 | 40/0 |

| Share Premium | 9% | 5% | 5% | 5% | 5% |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|
| Statutory reserve | 39% | 42% | 42% | 42% | 42% |
| Revaluation Reserve on Govt. Securities/ Revaluation Reserve | 6% | 6% | 6% | 6% | 6% |
| Foreign Currency Translation Gain | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Retained earnings | 5% | 14% | 14% | 15% | 21% |
| Revaluation Gain/ Loss on | | | | | |
| Investments | 0% | 0% | 0% | 2% | 0% |
| General reserves and others | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Minority Interest | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Total Equity | 100% | 113% | 113% | 115% | 120% |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' | | | | | |
| equity | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |

Interpretation: Common size analysis is describe in two ways 1st one is horizontal analysis 2nd one is vertical analysis. The balance sheet of common size analysis total asset value as the base value. It use to see how a company's capital structure compares to rivals. Common size analysis is used to net profit margin as well as gross & profit margin.

Chapter-5 Findings, Recommendations & Conclusion ©Daffodil International University

5.1 Problems Identified

The problems that have been identified from this study are given below:

- The cash ratio of Prime Bank Limited decreased year by year which means the company does not have enough cash to meet its liabilities.
- > Total asset turnover decreased year by year which is not a good sign for Prime Bank Limited.
- ➤ The Quick Ratio was fluctuating from 2017-2021.As a result, Prime Bank Ltd has a low amount of liquidity. So Prime Bank Ltd may face the problem where they cannot pay a sufficient amount of money to the customers.
- (ROE) was decreasing in last year which is not good sign for Prime Bank Limited.
- ➤ The net profit margin of PBL was decreasing every year which represents the bank was not doing well from 2017 2021. That means the bank was not able to generate profit against its sales.

5.2 Recommendations for Prime Bank Limited:

There are a few areas, though, where the organization can do better:

- Prime Bank Limited should focus on the cash ratio. As it measures the ability to pay its current liabilities. If the bank falls into a liquidity crisis, it will not able to repay the current liabilities.
- ➤ Return on equity (ROE) also decreased in the last years. It is bad for Prime Bank Limited. So PBL should focus on increasing its ROE.
- ➤ Prime Bank Limited should increase its net profit margin by reducing expenses and using equity capital to meet liability increases and achieve its target.
- ➤ PBL should focus on the utilization of its asset in the coming year so that total asset turnover & fixed asset turnover could increase coming years.

5.3 Conclusion:

Prime Bank Limited has earned the distinction of being Bangladesh's leading financial institution. Comparing the association to several other public business banks in Bangladesh, it is noticeably better organized. It is persistent in its pursuit of industry advancement and improvement. It has served as a supporter of consumer development. Additionally, due to its extensive branch network around the country, it outperforms several other banks in the financial sector generally.

Prime Bank Limited is not in a good situation right now. However, in a time of competition, if the bank doesn't offer higher standards, which translates to unmatched services, it will be challenging to maintain banking because everyone needs to focus on quality. Prime Bank Limited has some in the credit and advancement division.

Prime Bank Limited has various problems with its credit and advancement division. The ratios of Prime Bank Limited's liquidity, productivity, proficiency, and leverage are unacceptable and reveal the bank's risky state. Therefore, Prime Bank Limited must find a solution to the overall problem as soon as is reasonably possible. Additionally, Prime Bank Limited will be better organized than other local or foreign banks operating in Bangladesh if it can resolve this kind of problem.

Reference:

Annual report of Prime Bank Limited 2017

Annual report of Prime Bank Limited 2018

Annual report of Prime Bank Limited 2019

Annual report of Prime Bank Limited 2020

Annual report of Prime Bank Limited 2021

Website:

- www.primebank.com.bd/
- > www.google.com
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